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WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

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BEAUTIFUL PLANTS,

WHICH ARE

PERFECTLY NEW TO THIS COUNTRY,

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An Inspection of which is invited.

THE PRINCE CONSORT'S GOLD MEDAL,

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MANY GOLD MEDALS,

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FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS ALONE,

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ERYTHRINA VESPERTILIO.

For description and price, *vide* page 14.

**BEGONIA ALBO-PICTA.**

For description and price, *vide* page 13.



HALF NATURAL SIZE.

CAMOËNSIA MAXIMA.

For description and price, *vide* page 13.



HELIOTROPIUM INCANUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 14.



ARISÆMA FIMBRIATUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 13.

**ARDISIA PICTA.**

For description and price, *vide* page 13.



ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM INSIGNE.

For description and price, *vide* page 15.



NEPENTHES RAFFLESIANA INSIGNIS.

For description and price, *vide* page 15



CRINUM SANDERIANUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 13.



DICHÆA VAGINATA.

For description and price, *vide* page 14.

NEW PLANTS

ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST TIME

BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.

ARDISIA PICTA.

A pretty and attractive plant, introduced from Brazil. The petiolate leaves are of an elongate lance-shaped form, creuate at the margin and of a beautiful dark velvety bronze green colour, with a central silvery stripe, which at the base of each of the primary side veins, breaks out into short lateral branches, giving a feathered character to the variegation of a most pleasing character. A very distinct and well marked decorative plant of the variegated or pictorial group. *Vide* illustration, page 8. 1½ guinea.

ARISÆMA FIMBRIATUM.

A very remarkable and distinct species, introduced from the Philippine Islands. The leaves are deeply divided into three ovate acute segments, the long petioles being of a pale purplish rose colour, sprinkled with small purplish spots. The spathes are acuminate, brownish purple, reticulated and very effectively striped with narrow whitish bands. The cylindrical spadix is slender and terminates in a long whip-like extremity freely furnished throughout its length with long and slender purplish filaments, imparting to the plant a distinct and novel character. *Vide* illustration, page 7. This plant has been described and illustrated in the "*Gardeners' Chronicle*," November 29th, 1884, pages 680 and 689. 10s. 6d.

BEGONIA ALBO-PICTA.

A neat and pretty species, introduced from Brazil, distinct in character from all the cultivated kinds whether species or varieties. It is shrubby in habit and of compact growth, having elliptic lanceolate leaves shortly stalked. The leaves are glossy green, freely spotted with bright silvery white, the nebulous markings becoming smaller towards the margins. It has small and elegant foliage and will make a really useful and pretty plant for decorative purposes. *Vide* illustration, page 4. 10s. 6d.

BIGNONIA REGALIS.

A very handsome stove climber, with opposite elliptic lanceolate leaves, caudate at the apex. The flowers are exceedingly beautiful, very large, and of a bright yellow and red colour. It has been recently imported from British Guiana, and is a decided acquisition to this beautiful genus. 10s. 6d.

CAMOËNSIA MAXIMA.

One of the most gorgeously beautiful of tropical climbers, producing the largest and most magnificent flowers known in the Leguminous Order. It is a native of West Tropical Africa, where it was found by the late Dr. Welwitsch, adorning the trees on the outskirts of the forest with its splendid bunches of pendulous milk-white flowers, tinged with gold on the edges of the petals. The leaves are digitate, trifoliate, the leaflets petiolate and broadly elliptic. The flowers grow in drooping racemes from the axils of the leaves; the calyx is six to seven inches long, five-lobed; the petals are white, venose, frilled at the margin, where they are tinted with golden yellow, the vexillum roundish extending four inches beyond the calyx, the four lower petals are equally frilled, though smaller and narrower. Certainly one of the most striking and noble flowering plants lately introduced. *Vide* illustration, page 5. This plant has been described and illustrated in Vol. XXV of the Transactions of the Linnean Society, p. 301, T. 36. Price on application.

CLERODENDRON DELECTUM.

A handsome and effective new variety raised from *C. Balfourianum*, freely producing in large dichotomous cymes its showy flowers. The calyx is pure white and the corolla of a deep rich magenta rose colour. A useful and welcome addition to ornamental stove climbers. 10s. 6d.

CRINUM SANDERIANUM.

A very distinct new species introduced from Sierra Leone. It has globose bulbs about two inches in diameter, ensiform leaves, thin in texture and much undulated towards the margins. The flowers are produced in umbels and consist of six lanceolate, acuminate white segments with a broad and conspicuous band of reddish crimson down the centre of each. *Vide* illustration, page 11. 3s. 6d.

CURCULIGO DENSA.

A short and compact habited species imported from India. It has oblong ovate acute leaves which are smooth on the surface and strongly plicato-nervose, the apex running out into a small thread-like point; the colour is dark green, with a silvery lustre on the surface, which is most evident on the newly developed leaves. It is a small-growing dwarf form of this genus and a pretty decorative plant. 10s. 6d.

DICHÆA VAGINATA.

A charming epiphytal Orchid, for growing in a suspended basket in the stove, its neat habit and the symmetrical arrangement of its parts giving it an extremely elegant and pretty character. It is of creeping habit, and when planted in a small basket and suspended, its evergreen and peculiarly flattened stems, which have neatly arranged distichous leaves, hang down gracefully on all sides. It has been imported from Mexico. *Vide* illustration, page 12. 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA EXCELLENS.

A magnificent hybrid variety of a strikingly handsome and effective style of growth. It has broad, oblong, drooping leaves, with rosy-edged petioles, the leaf blades being bronzy, irregularly coloured with bright rosy red, sometimes the whole leaf taking on this striking colour. It has the habit of *D. Cooperii*, but the leaves are at least twice as broad. 15s.

ERYTHRINA VESPERTILIO.

A very distinct and grotesque looking warm greenhouse shrub, introduced from Western Australia. It is of rather slender growth, erect in habit, moderately branched, and furnished with alternate peculiarly-shaped trifoliate leaves on longish petioles. The leaflets are very remarkable and unusual in form, and it is this which imparts grotesqueness to the aspect of the plant; they are obversely triangular, the base being cuneate, and the front side deeply hollowed out, so as to leave the two front angles projecting, the hollowed portion being varied in outline—sometimes rounded, and sometimes squarish with a central apiculus. The two lateral leaflets have very short petioles, but that of the terminal one is considerably longer. The flowers are numerous in showy erect racemes, pendulous, with an ovate standard nearly an inch and a half long. The unusual and strikingly furecate character of its leaflets and its elegant growth, renders this plant very captivatiug. *Vide* illustration, page 3. 10s. 6d.

GOVENIA DELICIOSA.

A pretty terrestrial Orchidaceous plant, introduced from Mexico. It produces spikes of fine white flowers having short lateral sepals and broad petals, marked with transverse purple bars inside; the lip and column are white with dark brown spots. 7s. 6d.

HELIOTROPIUM INCANUM.

A distinct species introduced from Peru. It has broad ovate tomentose leaves; the flowers are borne in large and dense, globose, terminal cymes, and are of a purple colour. A desirable acquisition, which in the hands of the hybridist will probably be the progenitor of a new race. *Vide* illustration, page 6. 7s. 6d.

HEMIGRAPHIS COLORATA.

A branching dwarf habited stove plant, which has been imported from India. The leaves are of moderate size, cordate, crenate at the margin, the upper surface slightly bullate and tinted with silvery grey, the principal veins being traced out with dark green, the under surface of a bright tint of purple. The flowers are small, white and axillary. 5s.

IXORA EMINENS.

A splendid variety of exceptional merit, giving trusses of fine, large, well-formed flowers, clear buff on opening, changing afterwards to light salmon pink. 21s.

IXORA GEMMA.

A fine addition to this showy and effective genus. It has round and well-formed pips of a rich orange yellow colour, produced in large and compact trusses. This variety will be found of the greatest value for exhibition purposes. 15s.

MARANTA CONSPICUA.

A small growing species introduced from Brazil. The leaves are oblong ovate, purplish on the under surface, the upper side dark green, marked with broken distant bands of pale yellow green, forming a pinnated pattern, the bands curving slightly with the veins towards the apex of the leaf. 10s. 6d.

NEPENTHES RAFFLESIANA INSIGNIS.

A very distinct and magnificent variety of robust growth, producing extremely handsome and gigantic pitchers, on thick oblong leaves. The pitchers are about nine inches in length, by four in breadth, heavily mottled in a most effective manner with purplish brown on a green ground. In form the pitchers are obliquely flask-shaped, tapering towards the top and having two broad sharply-toothed wings in front. The deeply-ribbed rim surrounding the mouth of the pitcher is prolonged at the upper end into a stalk terminated by a large ovate oblong spreading lid, furnished with a toothed spur at the base; the under side of the lid is green, mottled and spotted with purplish brown. It has been described and illustrated at page 425 of the *Gardeners' Chronicle*, September 30th, 1882.—*Vide* illustration, page 10. 5 guineas.

ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM INSIGNE.

A splendid variety of this popular Orchid. The flowers are of a deep rosy blush colour, with a prominent transverse band of bright yellow across the base of the lip, from which band a yellow horn is directed upwards on each side of the column; above the yellow band are two parallel crimson lines, and below the band on the white basal part of the lip is a broad transverse semi-circular blotch of deep purplish red. The purple red is clear and well marked, and the yellow parts bright, which gives a richness and finish to the colouring. *Vide* illustration, page 9. Price on application.

PHILODENDRON NOBILE.

A distinct species of ornamental character, introduced from South America. It has a fleshy creeping rootstock, which either spreads over the surface of the soil, or attaches itself as a climber to trees or walls. The leaves are obovate lanceolate, shortly acuminate, and of a firm leathery texture. The large and attractive inflorescence is axillary, the lower portion of the handsome spathe being of a deep rosy crimson colour, both inside and out; the upper part, white internally, outside prettily marked with deep-rose stellate spots, the larger ones being surrounded by numerous smaller dots of the same colour. 2 guineas.

PINANGA SANDERIANA.

A stove Palm of ornamental character, introduced from the Eastern Archipelago. The petioles of the leaves are without spines, and have the appearance of being mottled or freckled with a cinnamon coloured pubescence. The lamina is bilobed, spreading, and of a bright glossy mottled green. 10s. 6d.

SCHISMATOGLOTTIS SIAMENSIS.

A dwarf ornamental leaved stove plant, introduced from Siam. It has ovate acuminate leaves of a bright glossy green, decorated with clear white spots. It is a neat habited plant and from its comparatively small size will be very useful for decorative purposes. 10s. 6d.

STYRAX CALIFORNICA.

A new and handsome ornamental hardy deciduous shrub, introduced from California. It blooms in the early spring, producing in the greatest profusion large and beautiful white flowers, deliciously fragrant. Being quite hardy this is a valuable addition to our flowering shrubs. 7s. 6d.

NEW TYDÆA.

HOTSPUR, a very attractive variety, with rich velvety crimson lobes, beautifully maculated with deep crimson; bright vermilion tube. From the length of time Tydæas last in bloom, their beauty and free-blooming character, they are very desirable. 5s.

For General Collection, *vide* Index.

NEW FUCHSIAS.

ARAB, short bright crimson tube and well-reflexed sepals; fine large deep bluish purple double corolla. 7s. 6d.

CORMORANT, short tube and fine large rosy-crimson sepals; long semi-double bluish purple corolla. 7s. 6d.

JUMNA, short tube and very broad bright crimson sepals; enormous rich purple double corolla, the base marked with rosy crimson. 7s. 6d.

PATTERN, short tube and broad rosy-crimson sepals; enormous bluish purple double corolla, shaded and flaked with rose. 7s. 6d.

RANGER, short tube and completely recurved rosy-crimson sepals; fine large double light bluish purple corolla, shaded with rose at the base. 7s. 6d.

REDWING, short tube and bright red sepals; short and broad double rosy-purple corolla, flaked with carmine. 7s. 6d.

For General Collection, *vide* Index.

NEW GLOXINIAS.

WITH ERECT FLOWERS.

ACTIVE, white lobes freckled with bluish purple, the markings smaller and lighter towards the margin; light throat spotted with purple. 5s.

AMETHYST, azure blue, lighter towards the edges of the lobes; throat pure white, extending to the centre of each lobe. 5s.

CYGNET, pure white, the lobes broadly margined with soft pink; very pretty. 5s.

HYDRA, white, the lobes margined with pale rose, marked with bright rose at the intersections of the lobes. 5s.

MALABAR, lobes pale rose; centre of lobes and mouth bright crimson; light throat, shaded with violet. 5s.

SABRINA, intensely deep crimson, the lobes margined with pale rose; light throat freckled crimson. 5s.

For General Collection, *vide* Index.

NEW SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

ATRATO, upper petals rich purplish crimson, blotched and feathered with maroon, and margined with white; under petals violet rose, spotted with rich dark crimson and margined with white. 10s. 6d.

EBOR, upper petals maroon margined with white; lower petals white heavily veined with violet purple, spotted with dark crimson; light centre. 10s. 6d.

NEPTUNE, flower rosy purple, upper petals blotched and feathered with maroon; under petals spotted with maroon. 10s. 6d.

ZENOBIA, upper petals blackish maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson and edged with rose; under petals rosy crimson spotted with maroon, rose centre. 10s. 6d.

For General Collection, *vide* Index.

NEW FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

CORDELIA, flower soft rosy pink edged with white; white centre. 10s. 6d.

LENA, upper petals rosy carmine, light edge; under petals white, suffused with rosy carmine; light centre. 10s. 6d.

PENGUIN, flower white, upper petals beautifully marked with rosy carmine; fine large flower. 10s. 6d.

For General Collection, *vide* Index.

NEW DOUBLE FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

HUMBER, blush pink; upper petals feathered with rosy purple; large flower. 5s.

MARINER, rich rosy magenta, upper petals feathered with dark crimson; fine flower. 5s.

SATELLITE, rosy pink, upper petals feathered with purplish crimson. 5s.

WRANGLER, soft pink, faintly marked in upper petals with crimson. 5s.

NEW WHITE BEDDING PELARGONIUM.

Raised by Mr. Henry Eckford, Gardener to Dr. Saukey.

WHITE PERFECTION, a most excellent free-flowering pure white variety of vigorous growth and good habit; the trusses are of medium size, the individual flowers being perfect in shape and of snowy whiteness. Being of extra merit, it was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society, and cannot fail to become of the greatest value for bedding purposes, and pot culture. 3s. 6d.

NEW SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

AMPHION, upper petals blackish maroon, surrounded with rich crimson and margined with magenta rose; lower petals rose; light centre. 10s. 6d.

IRIS, upper petals bright rose, blotched with maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson; under petals clear soft rose; light centre. 10s. 6d.

LEANDER, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with rosy purple, widely margined with pale rose; under petals pale blush; light centre. 10s. 6d.

SPHINX, upper petals maroon, edged with rose; under petals bright salmon rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 10s. 6d.

For General Collection, *vide* Index.

**ALOCASIA SANDERIANA.**

A remarkably handsome and truly grand Arad, introduced from the Eastern Archipelago, and forming one of the finest of the variegated-leaved stove plants yet introduced to Europe. It has erect petioles, which are brownish green, and striately mottled; on the young leaves the colour is bright glossy green, and on the older leaves the surface has a metallic blue reflection. The leaf-blade is arrow-shaped, the front portion with about three triangular lobes on each side, the basal portion with one or two smaller lobes; the thick costa and the stout cross veins are white, conspicuously bordered with ivory-white, the margins also being white. This is certainly the most beautiful of all the Alocasias, and a most magnificent foliage plant. $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas.

NEW, RARE & DESIRABLE STOVE PLANTS.

ABROMA SINUOSA.

An interesting plant from Madagascar. The leaves, which grow on slender petioles, are broadly ovate, with oblong obtuse lobes and broad open sinuses, and from their peculiar and remarkable character, the plant is very pleasing and attractive. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ACACIA SPHEROCEPHALA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ACALYPHA ILLUSTRATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MACAFEEANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ACALYPHA MACROPHYLLA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MARONATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MUSAICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ACALYPHA OBOVATA.

The beauty of the *Acalyphas* is sufficiently familiar, and the present form is a handsome addition to the genus. The leaves are obovate, in the earlier stages of development green with creamy edges, later on olive-green with the margins rosy pink, and eventually having a bronzy centre with broad rosy crimson margins. It is very distinct and effective. 3s. 6d.

ACANTHUS MONTANUS, 3s. 6d.

ACHIMENES, *vide* Index.

ECHMEA AMAZONICA, 7s. 6d.

DISCOLOR, *vide* *Lamprococcus discolor*

FULGENS, *vide* *Lamprococcus fulgens*

MINIATA, *vide* *Lamprococcus miniata*

ECHMEA MARIE REOINÆ, 10s. 6d.

VEITCHII, *vide* *Chevalliera Veitchii*

WEILBACHII, *vide* *Lamprococcus Weilbachii*

ÆSCHYNANTHUS ORANDIFLORUS, 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

AGLAONEMA PICTUM GRACILE, 5s.

ÆCHMEA PANICULIGERA.

A very handsome Bromeliad, imported from the West Indies. The flower scape is several feet high, of a reddish purple colour, and clothed with white down; this supports a large compound panicle, one to two feet long, of numerous rose-coloured flowers, the petals of which project beyond the sepals, and are of a deep bright purple, the inflorescence being highly attractive. 10s. 6d.

ALLAMANDA CHELSONI, 3s. 6d.

ORANDIFLORA, 5s.

HENDERSONI, 3s. 6d.

NERIIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

NODILIS, 3s. 6d.

ALOCASIA AMABILIS, 5s.

GIGANTEA, 5s.

HYBRIDA, 7s. 6d.

INTERMEDIA, 7s. 6d.

JENNINGSII, 2s. 6d.

JOHNSTONI, *vide* *Cyrtosperma Johnstoni*

LOWII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MACRORHIZA VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MARSHALLII, 3s. 6d.

METALLICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

(**SCHISTOCASIA**) **PORTER**, 1 and 1½ guinea

SANDERIANA, *vide* page 17.

THIBAUTIANA, 1 guinea

VEITCHII, 7s. 6d.

ZEBRINA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ALPINIA MUTICA, 7s. 6d.

VITTATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

AMARYLLIS ACHIEVEMENT, 7s. 6d.

ACHILLES, 10s. 6d.

ACRAMANNI PULCHERRIMA, 1 guinea.

AMAZON, 10s. 6d.

AMBASSADOR, 7s. 6d.

ARIADNE, 10s. 6d.

ASPASIA, 5s.

AULICA SUPERBA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BARON, 5s.

BRILLIANT, 1 and 1½ guinea

CERBERUS, 10s. 6d.

COMMANDER, 7s. 6d.

COQUETTE, 5s.

CORSAIR, 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS COUNTESS, 10s. 6d.

CYRUS, 10s. 6d.

DIADEM, 15s.

ELECTRA, 1 guinea

EMMELINE, 7s. 6d.

EUROPA, 1 guinea

EUTERPE, 15s.

FIGARO, 7s. 6d.

FORMOSISSIMA (*Jacobaea Lily*), 6d.

GENERAL, 1 guinea

HENDERSONI, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

— **Coccinea**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

HEROINE, 10s. 6d.

IONESCENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

IMPERIALIS, 1 guinea

JOSEPHINE, 15s.

JUPITER, 7s. 6d.

LEOPOLDII, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

MABEL, 10s. 6d.

METEOR, 10s. 6d.

NEPTUNE, 10s. 6d.

NIMROD, 5s.

OBERON, 1 guinea

ONDINE, 10s. 6d.

ORTIMA, 10s. 6d.

OSCAR, 10s. 6d.

PARDINA HYBRIDA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PAULINE, 15s.

PORTIA, 5s.

PRINCEPS, 1½ guinea

PYROCHROA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

REGALIS, 1 guinea

REGINA, 1 guinea

RETICULATA, 5s.

ROMEO, 7s. 6d.

ROSALIND, 5s.

AMARYLLIS SAPHO, 7s. 6d.

SOUVENIR, 7s. 6d.

SULTANA, 10s. 6d.

SYLVIA, 7s. 6d.

TITANIA, 7s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS TROJAN, 10s. 6d.

URANIE, 7s. 6d.

VERONA, 15s.

VESTA, 10s. 6d.

VESUVIUS, 7s. 6d.

VICTORIA, 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS, choice selections of good sorts, 3, 4, and 6 guineas per dozen.**AMASONIA PUNICEA****AMHERSTIA NOBILIS****AMORPHOPHALLUS CAMPANULATUS**, 5s. & 7s. 6d.**ANÆCTOCHILUS**, *vide* Orchids**ANANASSA PENANGENSIS VARIEGATA**, 1 guinea

SATIVA VARIEGATA, 10s. 6d.

ANCHOMANES DUBIUM, 10s. 6d.**ANCYLOGYNE LONGIFLORA**, 3s. 6d.**ANDROPOGON SCHIMENANTHUS**, 5s.**ANTHURIUM ANDREANUM**, *vide* page 20

BAKERI, 10s. 6d.

CANDIDUM, 3s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM CARNEUM.

A handsome and attractive new hybrid, between *Anthurium ornatum* and *A. Andreanum*. The spathe is heart-shaped, from six to seven inches long and five to six inches broad, and is of a charming rosy-carmine colour. Of vigorous growth, this splendid variety freely produces its grand flowers, each spathe remaining in beauty several months, thus rendering it of the greatest value for decorative purposes. 21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.

ANTHURIUM CHANTRIERI, 21s. and 31s. 6d.

CUCULLATUM, 15s.

CRYSTALLINUM, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DEGUARDI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ANTHURIUM FERRIERENSE, 1 guinea

HUOELII, 1 guinea

HYBRIDUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM HARRISII PULCHRUM.

A beautifully variegated form of the rare *Anthurium Harrisii*, introduced from Brazil. It has elongate lance-shaped leaves, pale green in colour, and closely flecked with confluent white markings, intermixed with dark green, giving the appearance of a delicate silvery variegation. The scape is about a foot long, pale green, and bears a creamy-white deflexed spathe, pinkish at the tip, the spadix being deep crimson. An attractive and desirable stove Aroid. 15s. and 1 guinea.

ANTHURIUM INSIGNE.

A noble and striking Aroid imported from the United States of Colombia. The leaf-blade is three-lobed, deflexed at first, the middle lobe lanceolate, and the two lateral lobes semi-ovate. The young leaves have a bronzy tinge before taking on the full green of the mature foliage. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent, and the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1880. 1 and 1½ guinea; fine plants, 2, 3 and 4 guineas.

ANTHURIUM INTERMEDIUM.

We have in this the result of the intercrossing of *A. hybridum* and *A. crystallinum*. The leaf-blades are deflexed, over a foot long, oblong ovate, cordate at the base, with an open rounded sinus, the upper surface of a velvety green, with a slight olive tinge, the costa and principal veins being whitish. The spathe is lanceolate, and of a pale reddish hue, with a rosy red spadix. 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM LIEVENSII.

A bold and striking Aroid. The leaf-blades are ovate-acuminate, with rounded basal lobes and an acute sinus, and are traversed by raised slightly-curved veins. It has a reddish-tinted spathe and bright red spadix. 1 guinea.

ANTHURIUM LEUCONEURUM, 3s. 6d.

LUCIDUM, 7s. 6d.

MACROLOBUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

MAONIFICUM—*syn.* *A. grande* and *A. cordifolium*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

NYMPHÆFOLIUM, 10s. 6d.

ORNATUM, 10s. 6d.

REGALE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM (true)

— OIGANTEUM, 2 and 3 guineas

— MAXIMUM, *vide* page 21

— SPLENDENS, 1 and 2 guineas

— WARDII, 3 guineas

— WILLIAMSII, 5s.

SPLENDIDUM, *vide* page 22.**ANTHURIUM TRIUMPHANS.**

A plant of noble habit, introduced from Brazil. It has an erect stem, furnished with alternate leaves, elongately heart-shaped, of a bright green colour with the ribs prominent and of a paler green. The narrow green spathe supports a stout greenish white spadix. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1882. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

**ANTHURIUM ANDREANUM.**

This magnificent Araceous plant was discovered in the province of Choco, United States of Colombia, by M. Ed. André, whose name it bears, and it is certainly one of the most striking and remarkable flowering plants of recent introduction. The flower-spathes, which are borne well above the foliage, are heart shaped and of a most brilliant scarlet colour, the surface irregularly corrugated and traversed by deep sinuous veins; the spadix is ivory-white at the base, and greenish-yellow at the tip. It is an extremely attractive plant, and as the individual inflorescence remains in perfection about three months, it becomes highly valuable for exhibition. 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 1 guinea.



ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM MAXIMUM.

A magnificent variety of this attractive flowering plant, producing gigantic flower spathes, which measure about nine inches in length by four inches in breadth, and are of a most brilliant scarlet colour. As a decorative and exhibition plant, this splendid variety will always occupy a foremost place. 3, 5 and 7 guineas.

**ANTHURIUM SPLENDIDUM.**

A strikingly beautiful stove Aroid, imported from South America, quite distinct from anything previously in cultivation, the surface of the leaves being remarkably peculiar. The cordate leaves have an open sinus, the lobes meeting behind. The course of the nervos is marked by a broadish band of deep lustrous velvety green, the intervening spaces being of a pale yellowish green. The leaf surface is scabrous, and the portions between the ribs strongly bullate, as if raised in papillose blisters. The narrow whitish spathe is slightly tinged with pink, and about 5 inches long. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

ANTHURIUM VEITCHII, 2 and 3 guineas

WAROCQUEANUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ANTIGONON AMABILE, 5s.

INSIGNE, 7s. 6d.

ANTIGONON SPECIOSUM, 7s. 6d.

APHELANDRA AURANTIACA, 3s. 6d.

AURANTIACA ROEZLII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CRISTATA, 3s. 6d.

APHELANDRA CHAMISSONIANA (PUNCTATA).

A pretty South American plant, in which is combined variegated foliage and ornamental flowers. The elliptic acuminate leaves have a conspicuous white central band, which also extends beside the green veins, the silvery band breaking up on its margin into numerous small white dots, which produce a pretty and distinct form of variegation. The blossoms are produced in a decussate spike, composed of bright chrome yellow bracts with green tips. The flowers are tubular and of the same bright yellow colour as the bracts. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

APHELANDRA FASCINATOR, 3s. 6d.

LEOPOLDII, 3s. 6d.

NITENS, 3s. 6d.

PORTEANA, 3s. 6d.

PUMILA, 7s. 6d.

ARALIA CHABRIERI, 5s. to 10s. 6d.

COCHLEATA, 7s. 6d.

ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 5s.

FILICIFOLIA, 5s.

GRACILLIMA, 5s.

GUILFOYLEI, 5s.

LEPTOPHYLLA, 5s.

MACULATA, 5s.

RETICULATA, 3s. 6d.

ARALIA LONGIPES.

An erect-growing evergreen plant, introduced from North Australia. It is furnished with digitate leaves, consisting of an elegant arrangement of leaflets slightly undulated at the edge, and set on to the thickened apex of the elongated petioles. A useful addition to this ornamental genus. 10s. 6d.

ARALIA ROTUNDA.

A distinct-looking stove plant from the South Sea Islands, with erect brownish green stems, spotted while young with pale elongate blotches, which, as they become older, verge into brownish lenticular markings. The leaves consist sometimes of a single leaflet, margined with distinct white-tipped teeth. As the plant grows on they become trifoliate, the leaflets being rounded and toothed, and the lateral ones only about half as large as the terminal ones. 10s. 6d.

ARALIA VEITCHII, 5s.

VEITCHII GRACILLIMA, 5s.

ARDISIA OLIVERI, 3s. 6d.

PICTA, *vide* page 13

ARDISIAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ARISEMA FIMBRIATUM, *vide* page 13

ARISTOLOCHIA CLYPEATA, 7s. 6d.

DUCHARTEI, 5s.

FLORIBUNDA, 7s. 6d.

GIGAS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ORNITHOCEPHALA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

TRICAUDATA, 5s.

TRILOBATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ARTANTHE RUBRONODOSA, 7s. 6d.

ARTOCARPUS CANNONI, 3s. 6d.

EDURNEA, 5s.

INTERIORIFOLIA (The Jack Fruit), 10s. 6d.

LACINIATA, 3s. 6d.

— METALLICA, 3s. 6d.

ASPARAGUS CONSANGUINEUS, 1 guinea

Of sorts, *vide* pages 66 and 67

ATACCIA CRISTATA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BARLERIA ARGENTEA, 5s.

BATATAS PANICULATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BAUHINIA PICTA, 7s. 6d.

BAUHINIAS, of sorts, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BEAUMONTIA GRANDIFLORIA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BEGONIA, *vide* Index

BELOPERONE ATROPURPUREA, 5s.

BERTOLONIA FORMOSA, 7s. 6d.

GUTTATA, 5s.

— ALBA, 10s. 6d.

— SPLENDENS, 15s.

MARCHANDI, 5s.

MARGARITACEA SUPERBA, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.

MARMOREA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MIRANDÆI, 7s. 6d.

BERTOLONIA ORNATA, 7s. 6d.

PRIMULÆFLORA, *vide* Monolena prinulæflora

PUBESCENS, 3s. 6d.

SUPERBISSIMA, 1 guinea

VAN HOUTTEI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

VELUTINA, 5s.

VITTATA, 7s. 6d.

BIGNONIA AURANTIACA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CHAMBERLAYNI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MAGNIFICA, *vide* page 24.

ORNATA, 5s.

PICTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

REGALIS, *vide* page 13.

RETICULATA, 5s.

ROEZLIANA, 5s.

— VILLOSA, 5s.

SPECIOSA, 3s. 6d.

VENUSTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BILLBERGIA CHLOROSTICTA, 15s. and 21s.

FARINOSA, 10s. 6d.

LEOPOLDII, 7s. 6d.

MORELIANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SAUNDERSII, 10s. 6d.

THYRSOIDEA, 5s.

VITTATA, 5s.

BOUGAINVILLEA OLABRA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LATERITIA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SPECIOSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SPECTABILIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SPLENDENS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BROSIMUM, *vide* GALACTRODENDRON

BROWNEA ARIZA, 10s. 6d.

COCCINEA, 1 guinea

ERECTA, 1 and 1½ guinea

GRANDICEPS

HYBRIDA, 1½ guinea

BRUNFELSIA AMERICANA, 5s.

BURBIDGEA NITIDA, 3s. 6d.

**BIGNONIA MAGNIFICA.**

A free-growing plant, of scandent habit, introduced from the United States of Colombia. The flowers, which are produced in large branching panicles, are of great size (about $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches across), and of an exceedingly attractive colour, ranging from delicate mauve to rich purplish crimson, relieved by a conspicuous throat of light primrose colour. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BURCHELLIA CAPENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
CALADIUM, *vide* Index

CALLIPHURURIA HARTWEGIANA, 7s. 6d.
 SUBEDENTATA, 2s. 6d.

CALPICARPUM ORNATUM.

An evergreen stove plant, introduced from the Island of Ceram. It is of shrubby habit, with opposite oblong-lanceolate leaves, which are about eight inches in length, tapered to the base, and of a fine glossy green. The flowers are pure white, with a striking red centre, and grow in corymbose panicles, the blossoms having the salver-shaped form characteristic of the *Apocynacea*. 1 guinea.

CAMOËNSIA MAXIMA, *vide* page 13
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
CAMPYLOBOTRYS, *vide* Hoffmannia
CANNA, *vide* Index
CAPPARIS PRONDOSA, 5s.

CARAGUATA, *vide* Tillandsia.
CARICA CUNDINAMARENSIS, 10s. 6d.
 ERYTHROCARPA, 10s. 6d.
CARLUDOVICA, *vide* Index
CARUMBUM POLYANDRUM, 10s. 6d.

CARYOPHYLLUS AROMATICUS.

This is the plant that produces the well-known Clove of commerce. 10s. 6d.

CENTRADENIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA, 3s. 6d.
 GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d.
CEROPEGIA GARDNERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CENTROPOGON LUCYANUS, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
CENTROSOLENIA BULLATA (EPISCIA TESSELLATA), 5s.

CHAMÆCLADON RUBENS.

A singular dwarf-growing Arad, remarkable for the metallic appearance presented by its leaves. The plant is neat and tufted in its habit of growth, the leaves ovate, about four inches long, olive or bronzy green, and of a dull wine-red beneath, the young leaves being also purplish. The curious flowers are enclosed in small purplish spathes. It has been imported from Borneo. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CHAMERANTHEMUM BEYRICHI VARIEGATUM, 3s. 6d.
 NITIDUM, *vide* Ebermaiera nitida

CHEVALLIERA (ECHMEA) VEITCHII, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
CHIRITA MOONII, 7s. 6d.
 SINENSIS, 3s. 6d.

CHIRITA ZEYLANICA.

A handsome species with opposite fleshy ovate entire leaves, and panicles of showy flowers. The individual flowers are handsome, with a ventricose tube and two-lipped limb of a rich reddish purple colour, having on the lower side of the tube two elevated hairy lines of a golden yellow. 10s. 6d.

CIENKOWSKIA KIRKII.

This handsome and interesting plant is a native of Eastern Tropical Africa; its blossoms are exceedingly attractive and beautiful; they are produced on a many-flowered scape, and are of a soft purplish rose colour, with a bifid golden spot in the centre. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CINNAMOMUM CASSIA
 VERUM, 7s. 6d.
 ZEYLANICUM
CISSUS ALBO-NITENS, 3s. 6d.
 DISCOLOR, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ENDRESII, 7s. 6d.
 LINDENI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 PORPHYROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CLERODENDRON BALFOURIANUM, 2s. 6d.
 CALAMITOSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 DELECTUM, *vide* page 13
 FALLAX, 3s. 6d.
 FRAORANS FL. PL., 2s. 6d.
 HASTATUM, 5s.
 INFORTUNATUM, 3s. 6d.
 KEMPFERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CLERODENDRON MACROSIPHON.

A very elegant stove shrub from Zanzibar. The leaves, which are about an inch broad and from two to three inches long, being irregularly toothed along the margins. The pure white flowers have slender tubes, about four and a half inches long, the limb being completely one-sided, about one and a half inch in diameter, and five-lobed. The stamens and stylo are reddish purple. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CLERODENDRON SPECIOSUM, 3s. 6d.
 SPLENDENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 THOMSONÆ, 3s. 6d.
 VISCOSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CLIDEMIA VITTATA, 7s. 6d.
COCOCYPSELUM DISCOLOR, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
COCCOLOBA PLATYCLADA, 3s. 6d.
COCHLIOSTEMA JACOBIANUM, 10s. 6d.
COFFEA ARABICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ARABICA VARIEGATA, 7s. 6d.
 LIBERICA, 3s. 6d.

COLEUS, *vide* Index
 NEW, *vide* Index
COLOCASIA, *vide* Alocasia
COLUMNEAS, of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
COMBRETUM ORANDIFLORUM 5s.
 PURPUREUM, 5s.
CORYNOSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA, 7s. 6d.
COSSIGNIA BORBONICA, 15s.
COSTUS ALBESCENS, 7s. 6d.
 ELEOANS, 5s.

COUROUPITA GUIANENSIS.

The Cannon-Ball Tree, *Couroupita guianensis*, belongs to the Lecythis family, and forms a striking feature of the arborescent vegetation of British Guiana. It freely produces large, highly-scented pink flowers, which are followed by a profusion of remarkable cannon-ball like seed vessels, attaining individually a diameter of about six inches. 10s. 6d.

CRINUM AUGUSTUM.

This magnificent and noble species has large and deliciously-scented flowers, borne in immense heads consisting of from twenty to twenty-five blooms, supported on stout erect scapes. The individual flowers consist of six segments, each about six inches long, which contract at the base into a tube four inches in length. The segments inside are purplish white, contrasting in a very pleasing manner with the exterior, which is bright rosy purple. 10s. 6d.

CRINUM AMABILE, 10s. 6d.

ERUBESCENS, 7s. 6d.

FORMOSUM, 3s. 6d.

GIGANTEUM, 10s. 6d.

MOOREI, *vide* page 71.

ORNATUM, 7s. 6d.

SANDERIANUM, *vide* page 13.

SCABRUM, 10s. 6d.

CROSSANDRA UNDULATA, 5s.

INFUNDIBULIFORMIS, 3s. 6d.

CROTON (CODIÆUM) ANDREANUS, 3s. 6d.

ANGUSTIFOLIUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

APPENDICULATUS, 3s. 6d.

ÆROUS, 3s. 6d.

AUREO-LINEATUS, 3s. 6d.

BARONNE JAMES DE ROTHSCHILD, 3s. 6d.

CROTON AUREO-PUNCTATUS.

A very distinct and pleasing small-growing bushy-habited Croton (*Codiaeum*), with linear blunt-tipped leaves, which are straight or falcately curved, bright green, thickly maculated with dots and larger spots of bright golden yellow, producing a distinct and pleasing form of variegation. 10s. 6d.

CROTON BROOMFIELDII.

A richly-marked golden variegated variety of great beauty. The leaves are nine or ten inches long, and about two and a half inches broad in the widest part. The green ground colour is very dark, but everywhere broken up by irregular yellow lines, spots, and blotches. The mid-rib has a slight tint of red, with a yellow central band, and the margins are similarly tinted. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CROTON BISMARCKI, 5s.

CAMITOPHYLLUS, 3s. 6d.

CROTON CERBERUS, 5s.

CHALLENGER (IMPERATOR), 5s.

CROTON CHELSONI.

This Croton was introduced to this country from New Guinea. It is a remarkably elegant narrow-leaved form of rich coloration. The leaves are sometimes plane, sometimes twisted spirally, and in this latter state the variegation shows up most distinctly, being of a bright salmony orange tint, shaded with crimson. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CROTON CHRYSOPHYLLUS, 7s. 6d.

CONCINNUS, 3s. 6d.

CONQUEST, 10s. 6d.

CROTON CORNIGERUS, 10s. 6d.

COUNTESS, 10s. 6d.

CYRUS, 5s.

CROTON CRÆSUS.

One of the series of Crotons or *Codiaeums* with golden variegation. The leaves are bright green, with a yellow costa, and freely blotched with bright yellow in irregular patches or freckled markings, occupying half or sometimes more than half the leaf surface. 10s. 6d.

CROTON DECORUS, 7s. 6d.

DIADEM, 3s. 6d.

DIANA, 5s.

DISRAELI, 3s. 6d.

DORMANIANUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DUKE OF BUCKLEUCH, 3s. 6d.

EARL OF DERBY, 5s.

EBURNEUS, 5s.

CROTON ECLIPSE, 10s. 6d.ELEGANTISSIMUS, *vide* page 27.

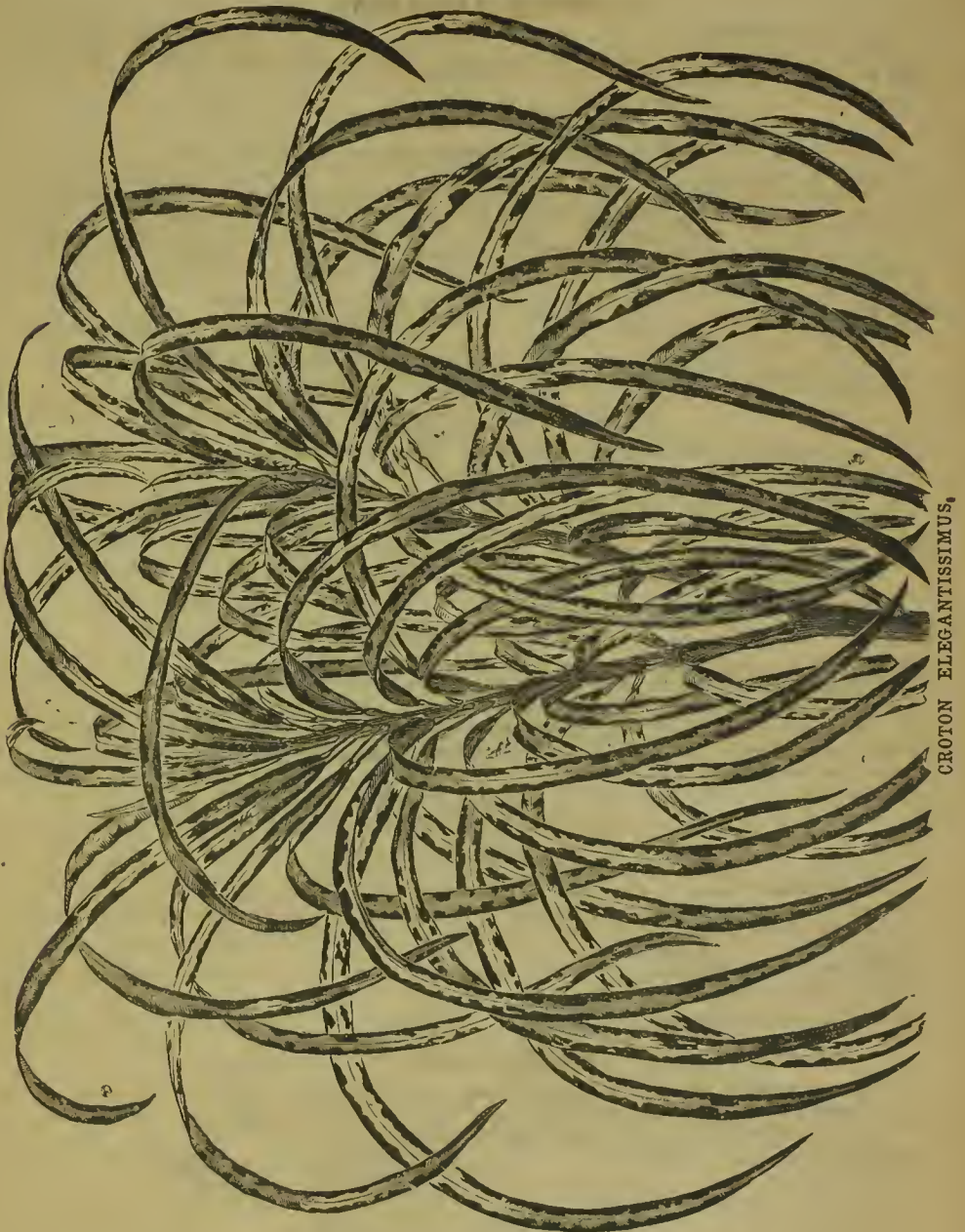
EMBLEM, 7s. 6d.

ENSION, 3s. 6d.

EVANSIANUS, 3s. 6d.

EXCURRENS, *vide* page 28.FALCATUS, *vide* C. *variabilis*FASCIATUS, *vide* C. *Hendersonii***CROTON EMINENS.**

A dense-habited free-growing hybrid variety. The leaves are closely set, broadly lance-shaped, tapered at the apex to an acute point; they are of a bright glossy green, with an ivory-coloured mid-rib, and a portion of the lateral veins of the same colour. The contrast is very striking. 10s. 6d.

**CROTON ELEGANTISSIMUS.**

One of the most charming and elegant varieties yet offered. The leaves are narrow, and of considerable length. The variegation is of a rich, bright golden colour, frequently occupying the whole basal half of each leaf, but sometimes extending along the centre, and occurring in distinct blotches. Hence the whole of the coloration near the growing point is pure chrome-yellow, and this contrasting strongly as it does with the bright red tint of the petioles, produces a very pretty effect. This variety was raised in Mr. W. B.'s establishment, and cannot fail to become a favourite for all decorative purposes. It was one of the new plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Brussels. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CROTON EXCURRENS.

A peculiar variety, which is characterised by its oblong-stalked leaves having the mid-rib or costa excurrent in the form of a small horn near the apex of the leaf. The colours are green and yellow, very regularly disposed. A distinct and attractive plant. 15s.

CROTON FORMOSUS.

A handsome hybrid variety of moderate growth. The leaf-stalks are crimson, the leaf-blade bright green, with a pale yellow central band running out into veins or small irregular blotches; the principal veins are yellow, enclosing oblong areoles, while the marginal veins, which are also yellow, are more closely reticulated, the surface being here and there sprinkled with yellow spots. These yellow portions take on at a later period a glowing crimson hue, the mid-rib and margin especially being of a bright magenta-crimson. It was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Carlisle, and at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CROTON OLORIOSUS (Princess of Wales), 3s. 6d.

GRACILIS, 10s. 6d.

HANBURYANUS, 5s.

HASTIFERUS, 3s. 6d.

CROTON HARWOODIANUS, *vide* C. triumphans

HAWKERII, 5s.

HECTOR, 5s.

CROTON HEROICUS.

An attractive hybrid of the Bismarcki type. The colour is bright green freely marked with deep yellow, the central bar and the veins, and in many cases the half, or even the whole of the leaf-surface being yellow, and this in some leaves flushed or lined with a tint of rosy crimson. When regularly yellow-barked, and marked with yellow veins, and these parts also striated with crimson veins, the leaves are particularly handsome. 10s. 6d.

CROTON HENDERSONI (FASCIATUS), 3s. 6d.

ICARUS, 3s. 6d.

ILLUSTRIIS, *vide* page 29.

CROTON IMPERATOR, *vide* C. Challenger

IMPERIALIS, 7s. 6d.

INTERRUPTUS AUREUS, 5s.

CROTON INSIGNIS.

A fine form of great beauty, with long narrow foliage. The leaves are deep green, with the mid-rib and veins beautifully picked out with golden-yellow, the margins and mid-rib rosy crimson. In the older leaves the markings run in from the edge, and become suffused over the central bar, in which state it is very handsome. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1880. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

CROTON JAMESII, 3s. 6d.

JUBILEE, 3s. 6d.

CROTON JUCUNDUS, 7s. 6d.

JUNON, 3s. 6d.

CROTON KINGIANUS.

Probably the noblest and grandest form of this beautiful group of plants that has yet been obtained. The immense leaves are twelve to eighteen inches in length, and five to eight inches in breadth, brilliantly marked with golden variegations. The ground colour is a deep green, on which is displayed a series of coloured reticulations; the principal veins are distant and pass from the mid-rib nearly to the edge, where they arch to meet each other, exterior to which they become more closely reticulated, and all picked out in gold. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CROTON LACTEUS, 3s. 6d.

CROTON LANCIFOLIUS, 5s.

CROTON LINEARIS.

A small-growing variety of remarkably neat habit. The leaves are from four to six inches long, linear, usually obtuse, but sometimes narrowed to the point, dark green, with a yellow mid-rib and a few lateral blotches of the same colour, occasionally almost wholly yellow. 7s. 6d.

CROTON MACAFEEANUS, 3s. 6d.

MACARTHURI, 3s. 6d.

MAJESTICUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MASSANGEANUS, 5s.

MEMNON, 7s. 6d.

MOOREANUS, 3s. 6d.

MORTII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CROTON MUTABILIS, *vide* C. princeps

NEPTUNE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

NIMROD, 10s. 6d.

NOBILIS, 3s. 6d.

OBERON, 5s.

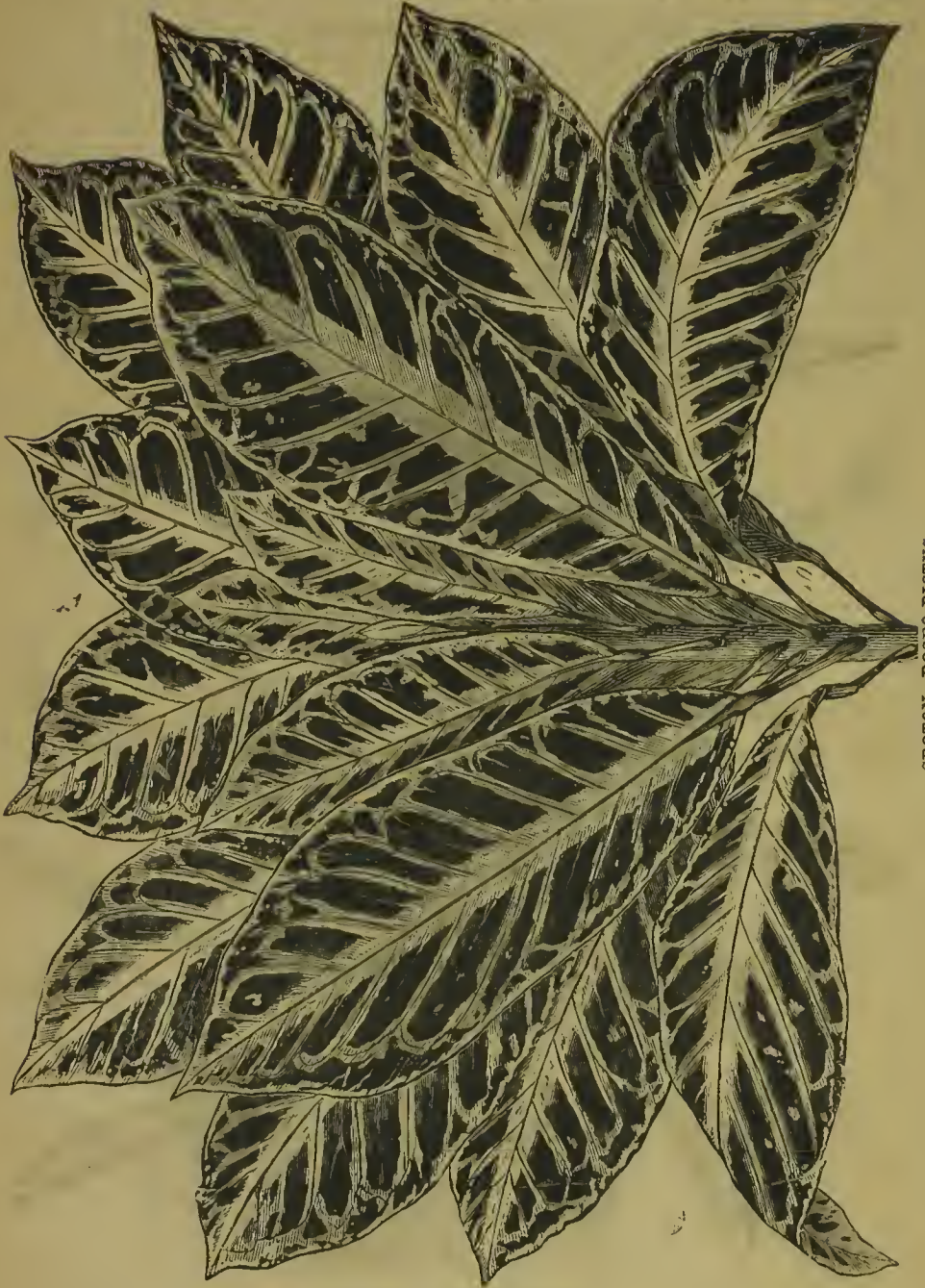
ORESTES, 7s. 6d.

CROTON ORNATUS.

An attractive and distinct variety. The leaves slightly undulated at the margin, deep green, with a narrow central band of creamy yellow, and long parallel veins of the same colour, the surface being here and there marked by blotches of yellow, the yellow parts becoming tinged with crimson. In some conditions the lines and blotches are rosy pink, and the mid-rib of a deeper rosy crimson. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**CROTON ILLUSTRIS.**

A singularly grotesque-looking and strongly characteristic variety. The leaves are mostly three-lobed on purplish petioles, the base being oblong, succeeded by two lateral alternate lobes, which, as well as the apex, appear to be twisted or curved, so as to acquire a sort of forked appearance. The colour is green, richly maculated with golden yellow; the central bar yellow, and the variegation irregularly distributed, so that sometimes the points are almost wholly golden. It is an extremely distinct and attractive plant. 10s. 6d. and 15s.



CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS.

CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS.

A very pretty and distinct form of *Croton*, of hybrid origin. It is of compact habit, densely leafy, and from its pleasing colouration is one of the most useful for decorative purposes. The primary ground colour is green, the mid-rib and its border being pale yellow, as are also the principal veins, which are marked in an areolate manner, while between and beyond them the surface is broken up in yellow reticulations. These markings take on a pretty rose tint, which is most decided near the margins. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CROTON PICTURATUS, 3s. 6d.

PRESIDENT, 5s.

PRIMA DONNA, 7s. 6d.

PRINCE OF WALES, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CROTON PRINCEPS (MUTABILIS), 5s.PRINCE OF WALES, *vide* C. gloriosus

QUEEN VICTORIA, 3s. 6d.

CROTON RECURVATUS.

An exceedingly pretty variety, remarkable for its elegantly recurved leaves. The stems are purplish, the petioles deep blood-crimson, and the leaves lanceolate, slightly rounded at the base, and tapered to the point, which is curved downwards. The colouration is striking, there being a yellow central band with a crimson mid-rib, and yellow veins; the yellow being more or less suffused, so that it predominates over the green of the remaining parts. It is a good example of a race of small-growing Crotons, which are found very useful for decoration. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

CROTON REX, 3s. 6d.| **CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS**, *vide* page 30.**CROTON RUBERRIMUS.**

This is probably the reddest of all the bright red varieties yet known. The leaves are narrow and elegantly drooping; in the young state they are green at the edge, with creamy yellow on each side the red costa, the green parts spotted with cream; then the creamy parts become suffused with red, and the costa changes to a deep crimson; finally the green deepens into a rich bronzy green, the yellow being entirely replaced by deep rosy crimson. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CROTON RUBESCENS.

A finely-marked variety, introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are elliptic-lanceolate, the rib, veins and numerous freckled spots are yellow, passing through rosy red in the ribs and orange-red in the freckled markings, to deep green with rich crimson lines and spottings. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CROTON SCEPTRE.

One of the ribbon-leaved forms of Croton. The colouring consists of a crimson costa, on each side of which comes the dark bottle-green ground colour, and added to this are irregular spots, and a few patches of fiery orange with some spots of yellow. A pretty and distinct variety. 10s. 6d.

CROTON SCHOMBURKIANUS, 7s. 6d.| **CROTON SOVEREIGN**, 3s. 6d.**CROTON SPECIOSUS.**

A very choice novelty, having many good qualities, of which a neat habit of growth, moderate-sized foliage, and a rich blending of colours, are not the least important. The leaves are of an elliptic-lanceolate form, some with a solitary yellow mid-rib, others with a broad band of yellow giving off lateral veins, and frequently also variously blotched. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CROTON SPECTABILIS.

A fine large-leaved form with yellow variegation. The leaves have a pale primrose-yellow mid-rib, the rest of the surface being blotched freely but irregularly with pale yellow, sometimes covering the greater portion of the leaf-blade. It is a bold and effective variety. 10s. 6d.

CROTON SPIRALIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.| **CROTON SPLENDIDUS**, 5s.**CROTON TRICOLOR.**

A strikingly handsome hybrid, with finely-coloured leaves of elegant character, at maturity marked with a crimson mid-rib, and freely blotched with bright rosy crimson, the few small portions of green colour appearing as small irregular patches; the footstalks of the leaves are crimson. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CROTON SUPERBIENS, 5s.

TORQUATUS, 3s. 6d.

TORTILIS, 3s. 6d.

TRAVELLER, 5s.

TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS) *vide* page 32.**CROTON UNDULATUS**, 3s. 6d.

UNIVITATUS, 5s.

VARIABILIS (FALCATUS), 3s. 6d.

VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

VEITCHIANUS, 3s. 6d.

CROTON VITTATUS.

A very handsome Croton of bold and striking habit. The colour of the leaf-blade is a clear full green, with a broad band of creamy yellow, which runs out laterally along the bases of the distant primary veins. The mid-rib in the older and more matured leaves takes on the same bright ruby-red as the petioles, which adds much to the brilliancy of the marking. 7s. 6d.



CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

A fine variety from the New Hebrides. The leaves are deep green, with a golden line on each side the mid-rib, the principal veins also golden, running into a net-work of the same colour towards the point. The costa is rich bright crimson, and forms a pretty contrast with the colour on either side. In the fully matured state the leaves become rich greenish bronze, and the costa a rosy crimson, very bright and effective. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Carlisle. 7s. 6d.

CROTON VIVICANS, 3s. 6d.
 VOLUTUS, 3s. 6d.
 WARRENII, 7s. 6d.
 WEISMANNI, 3s. 6d.
 WILLIAMSII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CRYPTANTHUS (TILLANDSIA) ACAULIS ZEBRINA, 5s.
 (TILLANDSIA) BEUCKERII, 10s. 6d.
 — BIVITTATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
CUPANIA FILICIFOLIA, vide Jacaranda
 Clauseniana.

CUPANIA GRANDIDENS.

An erect shrubby plant, introduced from Zanzibar. It has downy stems, pinnate Aralia-like leaves, having four pairs of leaflets with an odd one, the leaflets three to four inches long, oblong acuminate, and sinuately lobate. It is a handsome ornamental decorative plant. 1½ guinea.

CURCULIGO DENSE, vide page 14
 RECURVATA, 3s. 6d.
 — STRIATA, 10s. 6d.
 — VARIEGATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
CURCUMA CORDATA, 5s.
 LUTEO-VIRIDIS, 7s. 6d.
 PETIOLATA, 5s.
 ROSCOEANA, 5s.
 RUBRICAULIS, 5s.
 ZEDOARIA, 7s. 6d.
CURMERIA PICTURATA, 3s. 6d.

CURMERIA WALLISII, 5s.
CYANOPHYLLUM BOWMANNI, 5s.
 MAGNIFICUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CYANOTIS (TRADESCANTIA) MULTICOLOR, 2s. 6d.
 (TRADESCANTIA) ZANONIA, 3s. 6d.
 (—) ZEBRINA ARBOREA, 2s. 6d.
CYCADS. vide Index.
CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 ALTERNIFOLIUS VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 LAXUS, 3s. 6d.
 — VARIEGATUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CYPHOMANDRA ARGENTEA.

A handsome plant, imported from Brazil. The leaf-blade is elliptic, and of a bright silvery tint, broken up by a few transverse green veins; the underside is glossy, and stained with purple. The white surface of the leaves renders this plant pleasing and attractive. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

CYMBIDIUM, vide Orchids
CYPRIPEDIUM, vide Orchids
CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPIANA, 3s. 6d.
 POHLIANA, 3s. 6d.

CYRTOCERAS REFLEXUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CYRTODEIRA CHONTALENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 FULGIDA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 METALLICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CYRTOSPERMA JOHNSTONI.

A most remarkable Arad, introduced from the Solomon Islands. The leaf-stalks are furnished at intervals with irregular whorls of stiff spines, the stem is darkly mottled, and has flesh-coloured bands just above the spines; the leaf-blade is semi-erect, arrow-shaped, prettily variegated and strikingly veined with bright rosy red. This plant is altogether unique and very attractive. 1 guinea.

DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA ALBA, 3s. 6d.

| **DALECHAMPIA** ROEZLIANA ROSEA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

DAVIDSONIA PRURIENS.

A noble-looking and desirable ornamental plant, with alternate imparipinnate leaves, nearly two feet long. There are five or six pairs of pinnae, the terminal one about nine inches long. In the young state the leaves are of a bright red colour, from which they pass to a deepish green. It produces a succulent edible fruit, and is one of the most interesting plants in Queensland. 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

DESMODIUM OYRANS, 5s.
DICHORISANDRA MUSAICA, 10s. 6d.
 UNDATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
DICHOTRICHUM TERNATEUM, 7s. 6d.
DIEFFENBACHIA AMAZONICA, 7s. 6d.

| **DIEFFENBACHIA** AMENA, 5s.
 BARAQUINIANA, 3s. 6d.
 BOWMANII, 3s. 6d.
 BAUSEI, 3s. 6d.
 COSTATA, 7s. 6d.

DIEFFENBACHIA CARDERI.

A handsome and bold-habited plant, introduced from South America. It has oblong-ovate leaves, spreading or becoming somewhat deflexed, of a rich dark green, strikingly blotched and variegated. Owing to the ground colour and the variegation being about equally distributed, the plant is exceedingly striking and attractive. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society. 5s.

DIEFFENBACHIA CHELSONI.

A very handsome plant from the United States of Colombia. The colour of the leaves is a dark satiny green, the costa marked with a grey band, feathered about one-third across each half of the blade, the surface of which is also freely spotted and blotched with bright yellow-green for about two-thirds of its breadth. The well-marked contrast between the three colours renders the leaf variegation very effective. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Brussels. 7s. 6d.



DIEFFENBACHIA LEOPOLDII.

DIEFFENBACHIA LEOPOLDII.

A noble South American plant of resplendent beauty. The leaves are oblong-ovate, of a rich deep lustrous satiny green, traversed by a broad and stout ivory-white rib, which is bordered on each side through its entire length with a whitish band, and shows in strong contrast to the colour of the leaf surface, producing a marvellously fine pictorial effect. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Royal Horticultural Society's Show, held at Preston, and the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DIEFFENBACHIA DELECTA, 5s.

EBURNEA, 5s.
 FLAVO-VIRENS, 5s.
 GRANDIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ILLUSTRIS, 5s.
 INSIGNIS, 7s. 6d.

DIEFFENBACHIA LANCEOLA, 5s.

LEOPOLDII, *vide* page 34.
 LUCINDA, 5s.
 MACULOSA, 5s.
 MAGNIFICA, 10s. 6d.
 MEMORIA CORSI, 1 guinea

DIEFFENBACHIA MAJESTICA.

A truly majestic plant, with boldly-marked leaves of a rich dark green, variegated with scattered bright yellowish blotches, and having besides a feathery silvery bar along the central line. The bright yellow-green spots give it a cheerful and well-marked appearance. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DIEFFENBACHIA NEBULOSA, 5s.

NITIDA, 7s. 6d.

DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS, 5s.

PICTA, 3s. 6d.

DIEFFENBACHIA PRINCEPS.

A bold and handsome plant, of ornamental character. The leaves are dark green, with a few scattered yellowish spots, and a silvery grey marking running through the centre, that in the upper half of the leaf being most distinctly developed. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DIEFFENBACHIA REGINA, *vide* page 36.

REX, *vide* page 37.

DIEFFENBACHIA SHUTTLEWORTHII, 10s. 6d.

SPLENDENS, *vide* page 38.

DIEFFENBACHIA TRIUMPHANS.

A very desirable ornamental plant, introduced from the United States of Colombia. The leaf-blades are dark green thickly covered with large irregular angular blotches, of a yellowish-green, the variegation showing on both surfaces of the leaf. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent. 10s. 6d.

DIEFFENBACHIA VELUTINA, 5s.

VITTATA, 5s.

WEIRII, 3s. 6d.

DIONEIA MUSCIPULA, *vide* Index**DIOSCOREA ANÆCTOCHILUS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ARGYREIA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DIOSCOREA BULBIFERA, 5s.

CHRYSOPHYLLA, 5s.

DISCOLOR VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.

ILLUSTRATA, 3s. 6d.

MELANOLEUCA, 7s. 6d.

METALLICA, 5s.

DIOSCOREA SPECIOSA.

A free growing climber, with decorative foliage. It has slender angular stems, which bear the cordate-sagittate dark green seven-nerved leaves, marked with an irregular band of silvery grey between the ribs; the under surface of the leaves is of a purplish colour. 7s. 6d.

DIPLADENIA AMABILIS, 3s. 6d.**DIPLADENIA ANGENA**, 3s. 6d.**DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA.**

This splendid variety of *Dipladenia* is one of the best exhibition plants extant. It is an ever-green stove climber of the very first rank, with dark green leaves, which serve as a fine contrast for the superby-coloured flowers, which are of the largest size, opening pink and changing to the richest crimson colour. They have this remarkable peculiarity, that the colour increases in intensity with the age of the flowers. The plant is of free growth, and of the most floriferous character. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DIPLADENIA BOLIVIENSIS, 3s. 6d.**DIPLADENIA DIADEMA**, 15s.**DIPLADENIA ELIOTTI.**

A variety remarkable for its vigorous growth and large highly coloured blossoms. These are about the size of those of *D. Brearleyana* and similar in shape. The colour is a uniform pleasing deep rose-pink. It has been awarded a First-class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d.

DIPLADENIA HYBRIDA, 3s. 6d.

INSIGNIS, 7s. 6d.

MAGNIFICA (ACUMINATA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PROPUSA, 5s.

REGINA, 10s. 6d.

SPLENDENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DISSOTIS PLUMOSA, 5s.**DIPTERIX ODORATA (TONQUIN BEAN)**, 42s.**DORSTENIA BARTERI**, 7s. 6d.

BRASILIENSIS, 7s. 6d.

CAULESCENS, 7s. 6d.

THOMSONI, 7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA ALBA MARGINATA, 3s. 6d.

ALBICANS, 5s.



DIEFFENBACHIA REGINA.

A very distinct and striking variety from South America. It has oblong elliptic leaves, almost wholly covered with greenish white, mottled with blotches of pale green, and having a narrow margin, and a few streaky markings of a deeper shade. The greater portion of the upper surface of the leaf-blade being of this pallid hue, with the few but distinct dark markings, the plant is very effective and well entitled to be regarded as the Queen of the Dieffenbachias. This beautiful plant has frequently been shown in Mr. W. B.'s winning collections of New Plants. 1 and 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA AMABILIS, 3s. 6d.
AMBOYNENSIS, 1 guinea
AURANTIACA, 5s.
BAPTISTII, 3s. 6d.

DRACÆNA BAUSEI, 7s. 6d.
BELLA, 5s.
BERKELEYI, 5s.
CANTRELLII, 7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA CLAUDIA.

An attractive variety of good habit, having olive and bronzy-green ovate-lanceolate leaves, margined and flaked with rosy-crimson. This is one of the comparatively narrow-leaved kinds, and hence it is an elegant variety. 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA CAUSTONI, 7s. 6d.
COCINEA, 1 guinea
CONGESTA (RUBRA), 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
COOPERI, 3s. 6d.

DRACÆNA CORONANS, 1 guinea
COUNTESS OF LATHOM, 15s.
CRISTULA, 3s. 6d.
DILATA, 1 guinea



DIEFFENBACHIA REX.

DIEFFENBACHIA REX.

If *D. regina* may be considered as the Queen, we have in this the King of the genus—a very handsomely marked plant of free and vigorous habit. The leaves are closely placed on the stem, the leaf-blades elliptic-lanceolate, unequal-sided, of a very deep green colour, passing to paler green near the edge of the narrow side, the whole surface to within about half an inch of the margin thickly covered with oblique-elongate angular white blotches, which take the same direction as the venation, and are here and there slightly veined and suffused with green. It was introduced from South America. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at several of the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibitions. 1 and 1½ guinea.



DIEFFENBACHIA SPLENDENS.

DIEFFENBACHIA SPLENDENS.

A striking plant of great beauty, remarkable for the lustre of its colouring. The stem is faintly mottled with dark and light green. The leaves have a thick ivory-white mid-rib, and the ground colour is of a rich deep velvety bottle-green, with a resplendent lustrous surface, freely marked with whitish striated blotches, which stand out in striking contrast with the dark green ground colour. It is a remarkably fine and telling plant, imported from the United States of Colombia. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent. 7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA DIANA.

This variety produces long elegantly recurved lanceolate foliage, of an olive-green colour, margined, flaked and striped with bright crimson-pink; the young foliage is almost entirely of a cream colour, flushed with rose; the rich variegation is exceedingly showy and effective. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA Eburnea, 1 guinea

ELIZABETHÆ, 10s. 6d.

ERNESTI, 5s.

EXCELLENS, *vide* page 14

DRACÆNA EXCELSA, 5s.

FERRÆA, 3s. 6d.

FERRÆA VARIEGATA, 5s.

FRAGRANS, 7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA FRAGRANS VARIEGATA.

An effective decorative plant of bold habit, with elegantly recurved leaves of a rich deep green colour, ornamented throughout their entire length with a broad central striped variegation of yellow and pale yellowish green. 2 and 3 guineas.

DRACÆNA FRASERI, 5s.

FREDERICI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

GIOANTEA, 15s.

GLADILINA, 10s. 6d.

GLADSTONEI, 10s. 6d.

GOLDIEANA, *vide* page 40

GRACILIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

GUILFOYLEI, 3s. 6d.

DRACÆNA HENDERSONI, 5s.

HIBBERDII, 7s. 6d.

HYBRIDA, 5s.

IGNEA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

IMPERATOR, 5s.

IMPERIALIS, 5s.

KNAUSII, 10s. 6d.

LEONARDII, 7s. 6d.

DRACÆNA LINDENI.

The most distinct and striking *Dracæna* announced since *D. Goldieana*. In habit it is somewhat similar to the handsome variegated form of *D. fragrans*, but differs from it in the variegation being marginal instead of central. Mr. W. B. imported this beautiful and attractive plant from Brazil. Its elegantly recurved leaves are of a deep green colour, and are traversed their entire length by bands of creamy-white and various shades of yellow; the diverse forms of the variegation and the blending of the colours render the plant of the highest value for decoration. 2 and 3 guineas.

DRACÆNA MADONNA.

A handsome small-growing variety, with drooping leaves of a deep green colour, those of the central portions of the plant having a white band near the edges, exterior to which runs a margin of rosy red, more or less broad and intense. 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA MAJESTICA, 7s. 6d.

MASTERSII, 7s. 6d.

METALLICA, 7s. 6d.

MOOREANA, 5s.

DRACÆNA Mrs. BAUSE, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

Mrs. C. J. FRAEKE, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

Mrs. WILLS, 3s. 6d.

PHYRNOIDES, 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA PICTURATA.

The leaves of this showy variety are rich olive green, beautifully flaked and striped with bright pink and crimson; the variegation in the young foliage is creamy white flushed with rose; some of the fully developed leaves are almost entirely of a rosy crimson colour with a few olive green markings; it is an extremely attractive variety. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA PLACIDA.

A variety of very elegant habit, with long narrow lanceolate recurved foliage; the leaves are somewhat channelled towards the apex, and have undulated margins; they are bordered and freely marked with a variegation of creamy white, most conspicuous on the young foliage. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA PLUTUS.

This showy and elegant variety has long lanceolate bronzy green leaves, somewhat narrow, flaked and margined with bright crimson. A pretty decorative variety. 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA PRINCEPS, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

REALI, 5s.

RECURVA, 10s. 6d.

REGALIS, 7s. 6d.

REGINA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

REOIS, 3 guineas.

RENARDIÆ, 5s.

ROBINSONIANA, 5s.

ROSSII, 7s. 6d.

RUBRA, *vide D. congesta*

SALMONEA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SCOTTIÆ, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SHEPHERDII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPINKSII, 10s. 6d.

SPLENDENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

STRICTA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— ALBA, 10s. 6d.

SUPERBA, 5s.

DRACÆNA SURCULOSA MACULATA, 7s. 6d.

SYDNEYI, 7s. 6d.

TERMINALIS, 3s. 6d.

— ALBA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

THOMSONII, 15s.

TRIUMPHANS, 1 guinea

VENOSA, 3 guineas

VENUSTA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

VESTALIS, 1 guinea

VITIENSIS, 10s. 6d.

VOLUTA, 7s. 6d.

WILLSII, 7s. 6d.

WILSONI, 15s.

DRACONTIUM ALBOSTIPES, 7s. 6d.

ANNULATUM, 7s. 6d.

ASPERUM, 5s.

CARDERI, 7s. 6d.

SCALPTURATUM, 7s. 6d.

**DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA.**

One of the most magnificent ornamental-foliaged plants ever introduced, and altogether unique in character and aspect. It is a native of Western Tropical Africa. The plant is of erect habit, and the stems are closely set with stalked spreading leaves the petioles of which are of a greyish colour, terete, with a narrow furrow along the upper side, the base being dilated and sheathing the stem. The blade of the leaf is cordate-ovate acuminate, with a yellowish green costa, and marbled and irregularly banded with dark green and silver-grey in alternate straight or furcato transverse bands, the colours being about equally distributed. The back of the unfolded leaves is a pale reddish purple or wine colour, and the stem where visible at the upper joints is of similar hue, the lower parts becoming green. It is, without doubt, one of the most superb of ornamental stove plants, and indispensable in all first-class collections. This beautiful species has been frequently shown in Mr. W. B.'s winning collections of New Plants. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

DRYMONIA MARMORATA.

An erect-growing Gesneraceous plant, with the stems obscurely tetragonal, bearing large opposite leaves, having long reddish purple petioles, the blade ovate, bullate, dark green, with the convex portions between the veins of a glistening grey; the margin crenate, the under surface purplish. The flowers, which grow in the leaf-axils, are creamy white and fimbriated. 7s. 6d.

DRYMONIA TURIALVÆ, 5s.

DYCKIA BREVIFOLIA, 7s. 6d.

EBERMAIERA (CHAMERANTHEMUM) NITIDA, 5s.

ECHITES, *vide* Dipladenia

PICTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RUBRO-VENOSA, 5s.

ELÆOCARPUS GRANDIS.

A pretty evergreen plant from the district of the Pine River, in Queensland. It is furnished with lanceolate crenulate leaves, affixed by short red petioles. The flowers are charming and larger than in any of the allied species, the petals white, divided into about five deeply fringed lobes, silky pubescent at the margins. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ELETTARIA DIEPENHORSTII, 5s.

ENCEPHALARTOS, *vide* Index

ENCHOLIRION CORALLINUM, 7s. 6d.

JONCHEI, 10s. 6d.

EPIPHYLLUM, of sorts; these are useful for winter and early spring blooming, and are very showy and attractive. 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

EPIPREMNUM MIRABILE—"TONGA."

This is the celebrated "Tonga Plant," a remarkable Arad, introduced from the South Sea Islands. When the plants are small and young, the leaves are entire, but gradually develop, until they finally become pinatisect. From this bold and ornamental stove Arad, a very valuable and important drug is prepared, known as "Tonga, the specific for neuralgia." 3s. 6d. and 5s.

EPISCIA TESSELATA, *vide* Centrosolenia bullata

ERANTHEMUM ANDERSONI (elegans). 2s. 6d.

and 3s. 6d.

ATROPURPUREUM, 3s. 6d.

EBORACENSE, 3s. 6d.

LAXIFLORUM, 2s. 6d.

MOOREI, 3s. 6d.

NIORESCENS, 3s. 6d.

PULCHELLUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

RETICULATUM (SCHOMBURKII), 3s. 6d.

TRICOLOR, 3s. 6d.

ERANTHEMUM TUBERCULATUM, 3s. 6d.

VERSICOLOR, 3s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA COMPACTA, *vide* page 76

GLAUCA, 5s.

MARMORATA, 5s.

PARCELLI, *vide* page 42

VESPERTILIO, *vide* page 14

ERYTHROTIS BEDDOMEI 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ERYTHROXYLON COCA, *vide* page 42

EUADENIA EMINENS, *vide* page 43

EUCHARIS AMAZONICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EUCHARIS CANDIDA.

The blossoms of this lovely and desirable species are exceedingly chaste and beautiful, of waxy whiteness, and with the segments elegantly recurved. They are borne in umbels, and have a slender tube about two inches long, the projecting corona being funnel-shaped and tinted with yellow, the lobes suddenly contracting into awl-shaped filaments. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each; 15s., 24s. and 36s. per dozen.

EUCHARIS SANDERII.

A distinct and beautiful new species. Its snow-white flowers are produced in umbels, and the corona, which is marked with six yellow stripes, is so shallow that it merely projects as a rim beyond the mouth of the tube. The leaves are deep green. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 3s. 6d. and 5s. each; 36s. and 50s. per dozen. This and *Eucharis candida* are most useful and desirable plants.

EUCODONIA, *vide* Index

EUGENIA MAONIFICA, 1 guinea

PIMENTA (ALLSPICE), 5s.

EUPHORBIA JACQUINIEFLORA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EUPHORBIA SPLENDENS, 3s. 6d.

EURYCLES AUSTRALASICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CUNNINGHAMII, 3s. 6d.

EXOSTEMMA CHONTALENSIS, 10s. 6d.

FARADAYA PAPUANA.

A climbing shrubby plant from Java, furnished with opposite lanceolate leaves, attached by long thickened petioles, and coarsely bullate on the upper surface. The flowers are white, salver-shaped, with a limb of four sub-equal segments, and are produced in corymbose panicles. 10s. 6d.

FERNs, *vide* Index

FILICIUM DECUMENS, 10s. 6d.

FICUS BARBATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DEALBATA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

EBURNEA, 5s.

ELASTICA, 3s. 6d.

FICUS ELASTICA VARIEGATA, *vide* page 45

EXSCULPTA, *vide* page 44

MOOREI, 5s.

PARCELLI, 3s. 6d.

RADICANS, 3s. 6d.

SYCOMORUS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ERYTHROXYLON COCA.

This extremely interesting plant is of great official importance in South America, where its leaves are largely employed as a masticatory, under the name of Coca. When taken internally it acts as a powerful stimulant of the nervous system; and, when under its influence, persons are able to perform long and rapid journeys without exhaustion. "Four times a day, whatever the nature of his occupation—whether employed in the mines, the fields, as a muleteer, or domestic servant, the Indian resigns himself to the pleasures of Coca chewing." 10s. 6d.

**ERYTHRINA PARCELLI.**

A very handsomely variegated plant from the South Sea Islands. It has stontish woody stems, furnished with alternate leaves, the petioles of which support three leaflets. The variegation is yellow, sometimes forming a feather-like stripe along the costa and main veins, sometimes more suffused, and forming a band an inch wide, in which case the lateral veins take on more colour, and the coloured line becomes again branched; when at its fullest colouring, the centre of the leaf is mottled with yellow. The flowers are also attractive, of a bright cinnabar-red colour. 10s. 6d.

**EUADENIA EMINENS.**

A remarkably distinct and interesting plant, discovered in Liberia by one of my collectors; it is especially notable on account of its peculiar inflorescence, which resembles a candelabrum in its ramification, the yellow petals looking like a pair of gas jets on each branch. The plant is of branching habit, with alternate trifoliate glabrous leaves, which are composed of three entire ovate-lanceolate deep green leaflets; the inflorescence is terminal and erect; the dorsal petals about four inches long, and of a clear sulphur-yellow colour. Figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for September, 1881. 1 guinea.



FICUS EXSCULPTA.

FICUS EXSCULPTA.

A handsome plant, furnished with evergreen leaves of a peculiarly elegant form. It has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are shortly stalked, lanceolate in outline, and sinuately lobed, the lobes are again sinuate so as to produce a prettily cut margin, the curious crenations giving the leaf the appearance of having been stamped or punched out. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

FICUS ELASTICA VARIEGATA.

An attractive variety of this useful plant, the leaves being striped and marked with creamy yellow. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

FITTONIA AROYRONEURA, 2s. 6d.

GIGANTEA, 2s. 6d.

PEARCEI, 2s. 6d.

FRANCISCEA ACUMINATA, 3s. 6d.

AUGUSTA (RAMOSISSIMA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CALYCINA, 5s.

CONFERTIFLORA (LAURIFOLIA), 3s. 6d.

EXIMIA, 3s. 6d.

HOPEANA (UNIFLORA), 3s. 6d.

HYDRANOEFORMIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LATIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

LINDENI, 3s. 6d.

MAONIFICA, 7s. 6d.

ROSEA PERFECTA, 7s. 6d.

VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA, 7s. 6d.

GALACTRODENDRON UTILE (Milk Tree), 10s. 6d.

GARCINIA LIVINGSTONI, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

INDICA, 1 guinea

MANGOSTANA, 2 and 3 guineas

GARDENIA CITRIODORA, 3s. 6d.

FLORIDA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

FORTUNIANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

OLOBOSA, 5s.

GARDENIA RADICANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

THUNBERGII, 5s.

GEISSOMERIA MARMORATA, 3s. 6d.

GESNERA DONKELAARI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DOUGLASII, 7s. 6d.

DUVALII, 3s. 6d.

LEOPOLDII, 3s. 6d.

— **ALBO-CARMINEA**, 3s. 6d.

— **ROSEO-LILACINA**, 3s. 6d.

MACRANTHA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MARCHII, 5s.

vide Index

GLONERA JASMINIFLORA, 5s.

GLORIOSA PLANTII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SUPERBA, 3s. 6d.

GLOXINIA, *vide Index*

GODWINIA OIGAS, 10s. 6d.

GOMPHIA DECORA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

GOODYERA, *vide Orchids*

GRAPTOPHYLLUM PICTUM, 3s. 6d.

NORTONII, 3s. 6d.

GRIFFINIA BLUMENAVIA, 7s. 6d.

GRIFFINIA HYACINTHINA.

An extremely handsome and ornamental free flowering bulbous plant from Brazil. The flower scape is about a foot high, and bears an umbel of from fifteen to twenty flowers of a beautiful bluish lilac colour, shading off white at the base of the petals. 5s.

GRIFFINIA DRYADES, 10s. 6d.

ORNATA, 10s. 6d.

GUSTAVIA ORACILLIMA, *vide page 46.*

GUZMANNIA PICTA, (NIDULARIUM FULOENS),

7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GYMNOSTACHYUM, *vide Fittonia*

HÆMANTHUS INSIGNIS.

A handsome species, native of Natal. The cylindraceous flower stems are thickly spotted with purple, and terminate each in a large leafy involucre, surrounding an umbel of exceedingly bright orange-scarlet flowers. The leaves, which accompany the flowers, are large, oblong, wavy, and spotted with purple. It succeeds in a greenhouse temperature. 1 guinea.

HÆMANTHUS COCCINEUS, 2s. 6d.

KALBREYERI, *vide page 47*

KATHERINE SUPERBUS

HEVEA BRASILIENSIS (PARA RUBBER)

HEDYCHIUM ACUMINATUM, 5s.

GARDNERIANUM, 3s. 6d.

HELICONIA AUREO-STRATA, *vide page 48*

METALLICA, 1 guinea

NITENS, 10s. 6d.

HIBISCUS ROSA SINENSIS ALBO-VARIEGATUS,
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ROSA SINENSIS BRILLANTISSIMUS, 5s.

— **CARMINATUS PERFECTUS**, 3s. 6d.

— **COLLERI**, 3s. 6d.

— **COOPERI**, 2s. 6d.

— **CRUENTUS**, 3s. 6d.

— **DENNISONI**, 3s. 6d.

— **FULVIDUS**, *vide page 49*

HIBISCUS ROSA SINENSIS KERMESINUS, 5s.

ROSA SINENSIS LAMBERTII, 3s. 6d.

— **MAONIFICUS**, *vide page 49*

— **MINIATUS SEMI-PLENS**, *vide page 50*

— **PUNICEUS**, 3s. 6d.

— **VIVICANS**, *vide page 49*

— **ZEBRINUS**, *vide page 50*

SCHIZOPETALUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HIBISCUS, *vide page 76*

HIPPEASTRUM, *vide AMARYLLIS*

HOFFMANNIA (HIGOINSIA) GIESBRECHTII, 2s. 6d.

(**HIGOINSIA**) **GIESBRECHTII VARIEGATA**, 5s.

(—) **ORTIGIESII**, 3s. 6d.

(—) **REFULGENS AROYRONEURA**, 3s. 6d.

(—) **ROBUSTA**, 3s. 6d.

HOMALOMENA PELTATA, 10s. 6d.

HOYA BELLA, 3s. 6d.

CAMPANULATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HOYA CUMINGIANA.

A very pretty stove climber, native of the Eastern Archipelago. It has terete branches with leathery leaves; the flowers grow in stalked umbels, and are of a tawny yellow colour with the segments recurved, while the lobes of the staminal crown have each a purple-crimson spot. 10s. 6d.

**GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA.**

This magnificent plant was discovered in the United States of Colombia by M. Roezl. The flowers grow from the axils of the leaves in the young plants, and from the older leafless parts of the trunk in older ones; they are solitary or in pairs, four inches in diameter, of a charming rose colour, consisting of eight obovate oblong petals, with a yellow incurved staminal tube bearing numerous densely packed purple anthers, in a ring of an inch or more across. It was figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6151. 1 guinea.



HEMANTHUS KALBREYERI.

HÆMANTHUS KALBREYERI.

A magnificent species from the West Coast of Africa. Its showy inflorescence is of immense size, a single head often producing upwards of a hundred of its attractive flowers, which are of a bright reddish vermillion colour. The filaments are brightly coloured, while the golden anthers have a pretty effect in contrast with the mass of glowing colour. 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.



HELICONIA AUREO-STRIATA.

HELICONIA AUREO-STRIATA.

A bold-looking plant of noble aspect, resembling a dwarf *Musa* in general appearance. The leaf-stalks are striated with green and yellow, and become recurved at the top. The leaf-blade is elongate-ovate, cordate at the base, and cuspidate at the apex; deep green, with the course of the parallel-curved veins from the costa to the margin, traced out by yellow lines producing a freely marked and very striking variegation. Though closely related to the stately Bananas, it is a comparatively dwarf plant, though one of an imposing character. It has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. Received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.



HIBISCUS ROSA SINENSIS FULGIDUS.

A magnificent variety, from the South Sea Islands, remarkable for its brilliant flowers, which are about five inches in diameter, and composed of five broad, undulated petals, of an intense carmine-scarlet, paler towards the base, where on each petal is an oblong blotch of deep crimson, forming together a blunt-rayed star. One of the finest varieties yet introduced. 3s. 6d.

HIBISCUS ROSA SINENSIS MAGNIFICUS.

A remarkably handsome and attractive variety producing magnificent flowers, which are of large size, fine form, and an exceedingly bright rosy magenta colour, shaded with crimson; the base of each petal is marked with a blotch of rich chocolate, which forms a large dark centre to the flower. 7s. 6d.

HIBISCUS ROSA SINENSIS VIVICANS.

A fine free-flowering plant of vigorous habit, with remarkably large flowers, four and a half to five inches in diameter, full double, the centre being completely filled up with broad convoluted petals, having tufts of stamens intermixed. The colour is a brilliant crimson-scarlet. It is a very showy variety, and was imported from the South Sea Islands. 5s.



HIBISCUS ROSA SINENSIS MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS.

A remarkably showy plant, with brilliant semi-double flowers of a vermillion-scarlet colour, darker towards the base of the petals, which form an irregular undulated mass four inches across, from which the partially petaloid staminal column projects two inches. The flowers are remarkably handsome and attractive, the shape being wild, and abounding in fantastic curves. 3s. 6d.

HIBISCUS ROSA SINENSIS ZEBRINUS.

A very distinct and handsome variety with double flowers, beautifully flaked and striped. The individual blossoms are about three and a half inches in breadth, and two and a half inches in depth; the five outer petals scarlet edged with creamy yellow in the lower part. The staminal column is entirely petaloid, with numerous irregular tufts at the apex, of a creamy yellow colour, irregularly striped and flaked with scarlet. Both the form and marking of the flowers are very irregular and grotesque. 3s. 6d.

HOYA GLOBULOSA.

A distinct and handsome species, producing profusely large trusses of flowers of a bright straw colour, the coronal protuberances white, the interstices pink, forming a pleasant contrast. 5s.

HOYA *CARNOSA*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CARNOSA PICTA AUREA, 5s.

— *VARIEGATA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

IMPERIALIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PAXTONI, 3s. 6d.

STENOPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.

HOYA *TEYSMANNIANA*, 7s. 6d.

HYDROCOTYLE *NITIDULA*, 3s. 6d.

HYMENOCALLIS *MACROSTAPHANA*, 10s. 6d., 15s.

and 1 guinea

vide *Pancratium*

IMANTOPHYLLUM, *vide* page 77.

HYMENOSPORUM FLAVUM.

A handsome evergreen plant from Eastern Australia. It is of branching habit, and is furnished with glabrous leaves which are broadly obovate-lanceolate. The flowers form a compound terminal corymb, and are yellow marked with orange-red at the mouth of the tube-like portion, and clothed outside with silky hairs. 10s. 6d.

IMPATIENS *FLACCIDA* (*PLATYPETALA*), 5s.

FLACCIDA (*PLATYPETALA*) *ALBA*, 2s. 6d.

IMPATIENS *JERDONIE*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SULTANI, 1s. 6d.

IMPATIENS CUSPIDATA.

A pretty Indian species found in Burmah at an elevation of 6,000 feet. The leaves are lanceolate-acuminate and serrated. The flowers are solitary and axillary, of a bluish-tinted rose colour, furnished with a filiform spur an inch long. It is a very free-growing plant. 7s. 6d.

INDIGOFERA *DECORA*, *vide* page 77.

IPOMŒA *HORSFALLIE*, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

INSIGNIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

IPOMŒA *LEARII*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TERNATA, 3s. 6d.

ISOLOMA *HIRSUTA*, 3s. 6d.

IPOMŒA THOMSONIANA.

A beautiful new species, in habit much resembling the well-known *I. Horsfallie*, the flowers, however, which are borne in clusters, are pure white and much larger, being about three inches in diameter at the mouth. It has thick fleshy leaves and from its free-blooming character, cannot fail to become one of the most popular and useful of stove-house climbers. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

ISOLOMA *MOLLIS*, 3s. 6d.

IXORA *AMABILIS*, 3s. 6d.

IXORA *AMŒNA*, 5s.

AURELIA, 3s. 6d.

IXORA AMBROSIA.

A distinct and very free-blooming variety, producing fine trusses of flowers of a bright orange-salmon colour. 7s. 6d.

IXORA AURORA.

Fine trusses of large attractive flowers, orange-buff on opening, changing afterwards to bright salmon. 15s.

IXORA BELLA.

An exceedingly pretty and effective variety, producing fine trusses of flowers of a salmon-pink colour, shading off to light salmon. 10s. 6d.

IXORA CHELSONI.

The flower pips of this splendid variety are of large size, and of exceptionally good form and great substance; they are produced in immense round full trusses; colour bright orange-salmon, flushed and shaded with pink. From its profuse flowering habit, dwarf-branching growth, and the rich tint of its blossoms, this variety will be found exceedingly useful and effective. 7s. 6d.

IXORA *COCCINEA SUPERBA*, 3s. 6d.

IXORA *CROOATA RUTILANS*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

IXORA CONCINNA.

A splendid variety producing large and compact trusses of fine flowers, which on first expanding are of a bright salmon colour, but gradually change to deep salmon-pink; extremely beautiful. 10s. 6d.

IXORA DECORA.

Yellow flaked with rosy crimson; remarkably attractive; a magnificent variety producing noble trusses of very large fine flowers. 10s. 6d.

IXORA *DUFFII*, *vide* *I. macrothyrsus*

EMINENS, *vide* page 14

FORMOSA, 5s.

IXORA *FRASERI*, 3s. 6d.

GEMMA, *vide* page 14

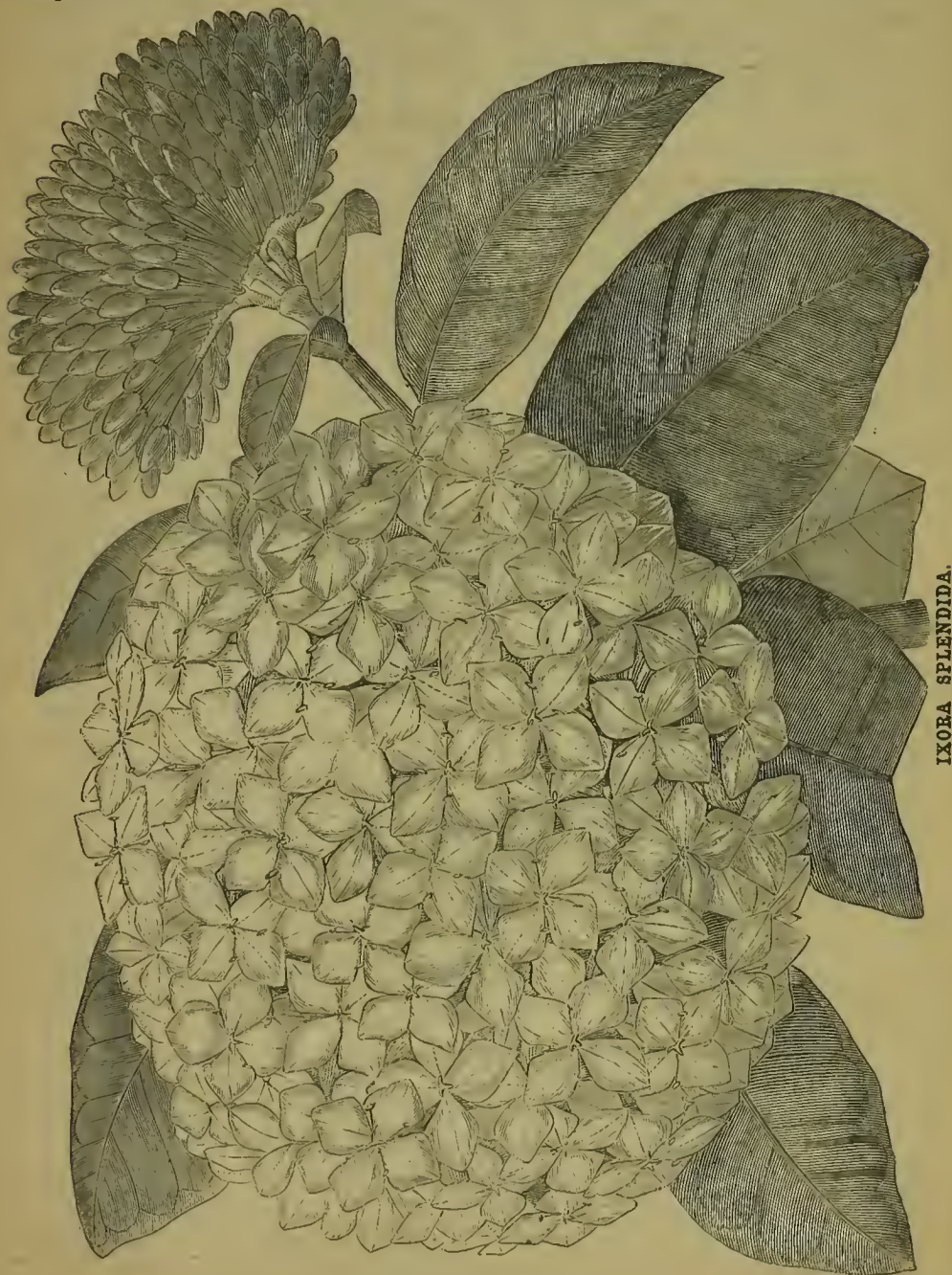
GRIFFITHII, 5s.

IXORA EXIMIA.

This variety produces fine large trusses of pips with very long tubes; the colour on opening is buff, changing afterwards to salmon-pink. 7s. 6d.

IXORA INSIGNIS.

A fine variety of close dwarf habit; deep rosy crimson flowers shaded with orange, borne in a compact truss. 15s.

**IXORA SPLENDIDA.****IXORA SPLENDIDA.¹**

A magnificent variety producing profusely very large and handsome trusses of flowers of a rich bright orange-crimson colour; remarkable showy and attractive. 1 guinea.

IXORA ILLUSTRIS.

A splendid variety, producing immense trusses of flowers of a fine bright orango-salmon colour; extremely showy and ornamental. 10s. 6d.

IXORA INSIGNIS, *vide* page 52.

JAVANICA FLORIBUNDA, 3s. 6d.

LIAVERNA, 3s. 6d.

LOBBII, 7s. 6d.

IXORA LUCINDA, 5s.

MACROTHYRSUS, (DUFFII), 3s. 6d.

MINERVA, 5s.

MODIOBA, 5s.

IXORA MIRANDA.

This variety produces compact trusses of flowers, which on first opening are of a buff colour, but change gradually to a rosy-salmon shade. 7s. 6d.

IXORA ORNATA.

A remarkably free-blooming variety, producing good trusses of bright orange-salmon flowers in the greatest profusion. 7s. 6d.

IXORA PICTURATA.

An extremely floriferous variety; the flowers on first opening are of a bright orange colour, which gradually changes to buff. 7s. 6d.

IXORA ODORATA, 5s.

PILORIMII, 5s.

IXORA PRINCE OF ORANGE, 3s. 6d.

PRINCEPS, 3s. 6d.

IXORA PROFUSA.

An extremely free-flowering variety, producing very fine huge trusses, densely furnished with flower pips of a beautiful rich soft rosy salmon colour. The enormous size of the flower heads renders it admirably adapted for exhibition and general decorative purposes, and the charming rosy tint with which the flowers are suffused makes it exceedingly distinct and attractive. 7s. 6d.

IXORA REGINA, 3s. 6d.

SANGUINEA, 3s. 6d.

IXORA SPECTABILIS, 5s.

SPLENDIDA, *vide* page 52.

IXORA VENUSTA.

A beautiful variety producing fine trusses of very large flowers, which on first opening are of a bright orange colour, changing afterwards to salmon-buff. 7s. 6d.

IXORA VERONA, 3s. 6d.

WESTII, 5s.

WILLIAMSH, 3s. 6d.

JACARANDA CLAUSSENIANA (CUTANIA FILICIFOLIA), 1 and 1½ guinea

ELEGANTISSIMA, 10s. 6d.

MIMOSIFOLIA, 5s.

JASMINUM DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS, 3s. 6d.

ORACILLINUM, 5s.

HIRSUTUM (MULTIFLORUM), 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LIGUSTRIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d.

SAMBAC, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— **FLORE PLENO**, 3s. 6d.

JATROPHA MULTIFIDA, 5s.

JONESIA ASOCA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

JUSTICIA PURPUREA, 2s. 6d.

KÆMPFERIA BENSONIÆ, 7s. 6d.

BERKELEYI, 7s. 6d.

GILBERTII, *vide* page 54

MOULMEINENSIS, 7s. 6d.

ROSCOEANA, 5s.

ROTUNDA, 5s.

UNDULATA, 5s.

LAMPROCOCCUS (ÆCHMEA) DISCOLOR, 5s.

LAMPROCOCCUS (ÆCHMEA) FULOENS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

(ÆCHMEA) **MINIATA**, 5s.

(—) **WEILBACHII**, 7s. 6d.

LANDOLPHIA KIRKII, 1 guinea

WATSONIANA, 1 guinea

LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR, 10s. 6d.

LASIANDRA, *vide* page 77.

LAURUS CINNAMOMUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LEDENBERGIA ROSEO-JENEA, 3s. 6d.

LIBONIA, *vide* page 78.

LIETZIA BRASILIENSIS, 3s. 6d.

LOMATOPHYLLUM SAUNDERSONIANUM, 10s. 6d.

LUCULIA, *vide* Greenhouse Plants

MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index

MAGNOLIA MUTABILIS, 7s. 6d.

PUMILA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MANETTIA BICOLOR, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CORDATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MICANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MANGIFERA INDICA, 1 guinea

MARANTA ALBO-LINEATA, 3s. 6d.

AMABILIS, 5s.

ARGYREIA, 5s.

ARUNDINACEA (The Arrowroot Plant), 7s. 6d.

MARANTA ARGENTEA.

A species of elegant aspect, imported from Brazil. The leaves grow in pairs and are horizontal, nine inches long and nearly four inches broad, oblong acute, and have the upper surface of a silvery grey with distinct narrow curving lines of deep green. A very distinct and handsome introduction. 10s. 6d.



KÆMPFERIA GILBERTII.

KÆMPFERIA GILBERTII.

A fleshy-rooted perennial, with attractively variegated foliage, introduced from the East Indies. From the succulent roots are annually produced a tuft of oblong-lanceolate deep green leaves, which are slightly undulated at the margin, and bordered by a broad and very conspicuous band of white. The purple and white flowers are peculiar in form as often occurs in the Zingiberaceous order. 5s.

MARANTA ASYMMETRICA, 10s. 6d.

BACHEMIANA, 7s. 6d. |

BARAQUINII, 3s. 6d.

MARANTA BELLA, 7s. 6d.

BICOLOR, 5s.

BINOTII, 15s. and 1 guinea.

MARANTA CHIMBORACENSIS, 5s.

CONSPICUA, *vide* page 14
 FASCIATA, 3s. 6d.
 GOULETII, 5s.
 GOVEANA, 5s.
 GRATIOSA, 10s. 6d.
 ILLUSTRIS, 3s. 6d.
 KERCHOVEANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 LEOPARDINA, 7s. 6d.
 LIETZII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 LINDENI, 3s. 6d.
 LUBBERSII, 3s. 6d.
 MAKOYANA, 3s. 6d.
 MASSANGEANA, 3s. 6d.
 MUSAICA, 10s. 6d.
 NITENS, 7s. 6d.
 NITIDA, 10s. 6d.
 ORNATA, 3s. 6d.
 PICTURATA, 7s. 6d.
 PORPHYROCAULIS, 5s.

MARANTA PRASINA, 7s. 6d.

PRINCEPS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 PULCHELLA, 5s.
 RADIATA, 5s.
 REGALIS, 3s. 6d.
 ROSEO-PICTA, 3s. 6d.
 SEEMANNI, 7s. 6d.
 SMARAGDINA, 7s. 6d.
 SPECIOSA, 10s. 6d.
 SPLENDIDA, 3s. 6d.
 TUBISPATHA, 3s. 6d.
 UNDULATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 VEITCHII, 3s. 6d.
 VITTATA, 3s. 6d.
 WALLISII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 WARSCEWICZII, 3s. 6d.
 WIOTII, 5s.
 ZEBRINA, 3s. 6d.
MARCGRAVIA DUBIA, 5s.
 PARADOXA, 10s. 6d.

MARCGRAVIA INDICA.

This plant belongs to a very peculiar group of climbing plants, which cling like Ivy to the surface to which they become affixed. The present is a free-growing species, that will make a neat and very interesting wall climber, on account of the peculiarities of its growth and foliage. The stems are flattened, the leaves being two-ranked, oblong-ovate and of a deep green colour. 10s. 6d.

MASCARENHASIA CURNOWIANA, 10s. 6d.**MEDINILLA AMABILIS, 7s. 6d.**

CURTISII, 7s. 6d.

MAGNIFICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MESUA FERREA, 10s. 6d.**METHONICA, *vide* Gloriosa****MEYENIA ERECTA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.****MICANIA PULVERULENTA, 3s. 6d.****MONOLENA (BERTOLONIA) PRIMULEFLORA, 5s.****MONOLOPHUS SECUNDA, 10s. 6d.****MONSTERA DELICIOSA (Philodendron pertusum), 10s. 6d.****MUSA CAVENDISHII, 10s. 6d. and 15s.**

COCINEA

SUPERBA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VITTATA, 1 to 2 guineas

MUSA URANOSCOPAS.

This new Queensland Banana will form a noble ornament for a warm conservatory. It has a thick handsome stem, formed as in its allies, by the sheathing leaf-stalks, which support large broad leaves not unlike those of *Musa Ensete*. The flowers and fruit are borne in erect racemes, unlike those of the ordinary Banana, in which they are nodding. It is found on the scrub lands of the Johnstone and Daintree Rivers in Queensland. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

MUSA ZEBRINA**MUSSÆNDA FRONDOSA, 3s. 6d.****MUSSÆNDA THEIFERA.**

A sub-shrubby stove plant from Cochin China. The leaves are of a light green. The flowers, which grow in a terminal cluster, have a calyx of five ciliate lobes, a corolla with a slender tube, and a spreading limb of five segments; pure white, with a slight Jasmine-like odour. 5s.

MYRTUS TOMENTOSA, 5s.**NÆGELIA, *vide* GESNERA****NAPOLEONA IMPERIALIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.****NEPENTHES AMPULLARIA VITTATA, 10s. 6d.**

AMPULLARIA VITTATA MAJOR, 1 guinea

CHELSONI, 1 guinea

COURTII, 1 guinea

DISTILLATORIA, 10s. 6d.

DOMINII, 10s. 6d.

GRACILIS MAJOR, 5s.

HENRYANA, 1 and 1½ guinea

HOOKEII (Sir Joseph Hooker's Pitcher Plant), 1 guinea

HOOKEII (Lady Hooker's Pitcher Plant), 1 and 1½ guinea

HYBRIDA, 10s. 6d.

— MACULATA, 10s. 6d.

INTERMEDIA, 10s. 6d.

KENNEDYANA, 1 guinea

LAWRENCEANA, 1 and 2 guineas

NEPENTHES MASTERSIANA

MORGANLE, 15s. and 1 guinea

OUTRAMIANA, 1 guinea

PHYLLAMPHORA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RAFFLESIANA, 15s. and 1 guinea

— INSIGNIS, *vide* page 15

— NIVEA, 2 guineas

RATCLIFFIANA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

SEDENI, 5s.

STEWARTII, 10s. 6d.

SUPERBA, 1 guinea

ZEYLANICA RUBRA, 15s.

NEPHTHYTIS LIBERICA, *vide* page 56**NIDULARIUM FULGENS, *vide* Guzmanuia picta**

INNOCENTII, 10s. 6d.

SPECTABILE, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

OCHROSIA ELLIPTICA, 5s.**ODONTOGLOSSUM, *vide* ORCHIDS****ONCIDIUM, *vide* ORCHIDS****ORCHIDS, *vide* Index**

NEPHTHYTIS LIBERICA.

A new species of an interesting little group of tropical West African Arads. It has a creeping stem and sagittate leaves of a cheerful green colour; the flower scapo is terete, with a few minute scattered prickles; the spathe is greenish white. It was discovered by one of my collectors in Liberia. 7s. 6d.



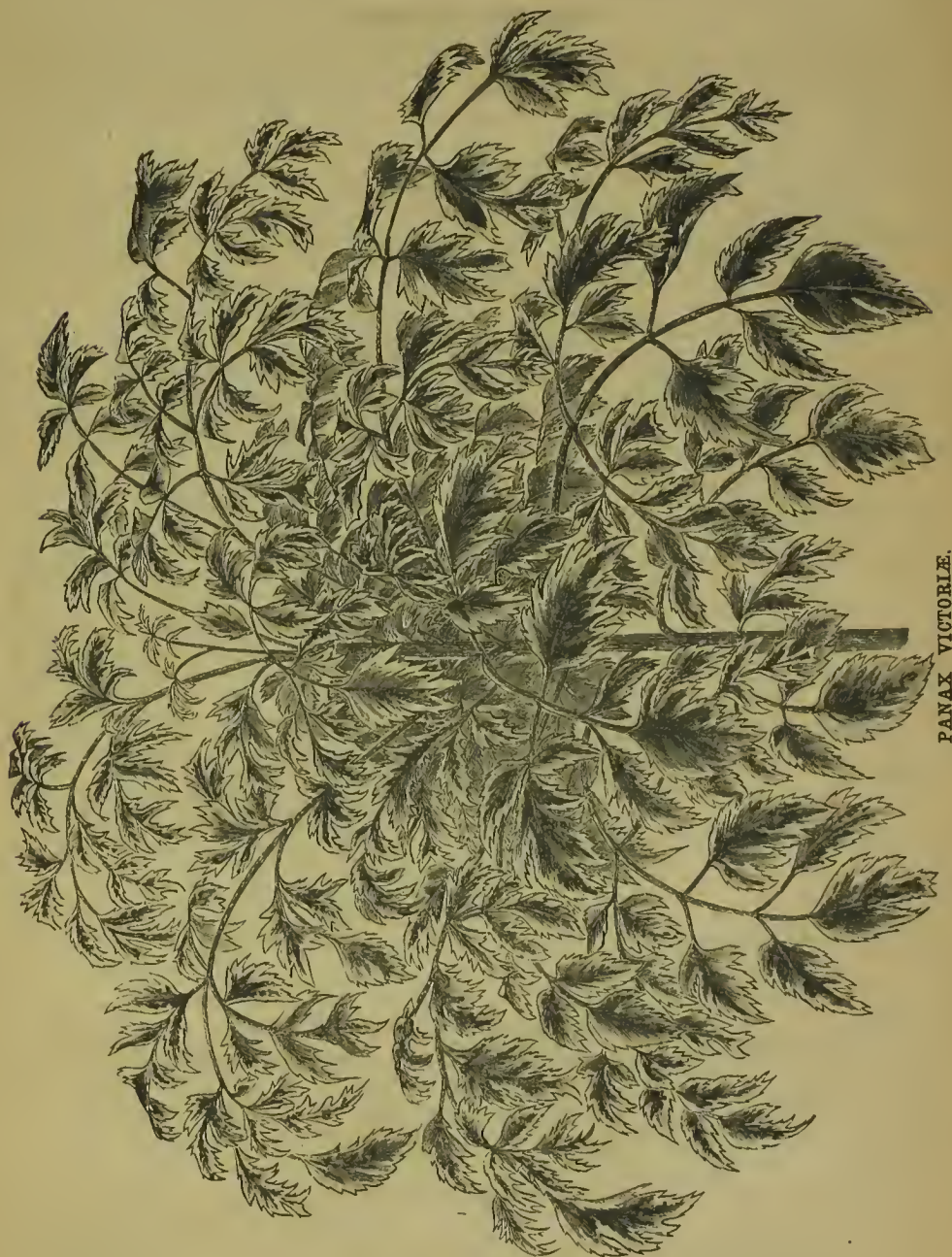
PANAX PLUMATUM.

PANAX PLUMATUM.

A very elegant small-growing plant, from the South Sea Islands. The leaves form a crispy head of foliage, and are very elegantly divided. It is a plant of pleasing character, having the aspect of *P. laciniatum*, but many degrees more finely cut. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition at Ghent. 5s.

OPLISMENUS IMBECILLIS VARIEGATUS (PANICUM VARIEGATUM), 1s. 6d.
(PANICUM INTERMEDIUM) INTERMEDIUS, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

OUVIRANDRA FENESTRALIS, 1 guinea
OXALIS SENSITIVA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PALISOTA BARTERI, 7s. 6d.
PALMS, of sorts, *vide Index*



PANAX VICTORIÆ.

PANAX VICTORIÆ.

A distinct and very graceful stove plant, thickly furnished with leaves of a remarkably elegant character, forming a gracefully recurving mass of pleasing variegated foliage. The leaf-blade is ternate, the lateral leaflets forked or trifid, the upper and terminal one larger, simple, ovate, the edge lobed and spinosely toothed, and having the border prettily margined with white, which gives the plant a remarkably lively and pictorial character. It is a native of the South Pacific Islands, and is one of the most lovely and elegant variegated plants of modern introduction. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s 6d.

PANAX DIFFISSUM.

An interesting compact-growing stove plant, a native of the South Sea Islands. It has pale bright green leaves, densely packed towards the apices of the jointed stems; these leaves are triangular, bipinnate, and crispate, the primary divisions with spiny-toothed, bluish secondary divisions, the teeth turned upwards, which gives to the surface of the leaf its crispy appearance. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PANAX DISSECTUM.

An evergreen plant of branching habit; the leaves are numerous, drooping, and bipinnate, having the obovate cuneate leaflets very greatly varied in size and outline, all of them being furnished with long marginal teeth. This plant from its plumose character and elegant habit, is exceedingly pretty for table decoration and other purposes where ornamental plants are required. 7s. 6d.

PANAX DUMOSUM.

A remarkably neat and pleasing dwarf stove plant, with short-jointed stems, thickly clothed with deeply divided cheerful green leaves. The petioles are olive-green, mottled with brighter green, and terminating in a roundish-ovate pinnately divided blade of numerous variously-shaped lobes, the pinnae furnished at the margins with incurved spiny teeth. Extremely ornamental. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PANAX ELEGANS.

A pretty and effective ornamental foliage plant, imported from Queensland. The leaves are articulate, spreading, and variously divided. Towards the point they are pinnate, with elliptic-oblong stalked leaflets, while at the basal part they are bipinnate. The flowers are produced in racemes, which are collected into a large terminal branched panicle. Very distinct and interesting. 10s. 6d.

PANAX EXCELSUM, 3s. 6d.

PANAX FRUTICOSUM, 7s. 6d.

PANAX FISSUM.

A very elegant and ornamental stove shrub, with an erect branched stem, flecked with small elongate pallid spots, the leaf-stalks being of the same colour. The leaves are tripinnately divided, the alternate segments being linear-lanceolate, with a few incurved whitish teeth on each margin. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PANAX LACINIATUM, 3s. 6d.

PLUMATUM, *vide* page 56

VICTORIAE, *vide* page 57

PANCRATIUM AMOENUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CANDIDUM, 3s. 6d.

FRAGRANS, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PANCRATIUM CARIBBÆUM.

A very distinct and beautiful species from the West Indies; its flowers are pure white, very fragrant, and most useful for cutting for bouquets and other decorative purposes. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PANCRATIUM ROTATUM.

A most useful plant, producing snowy white flowers, which are deliciously fragrant and extremely elegant. 3s. 6d.

PANCRATIUM MEXICANUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

SPECIOSUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PANCRATIUM, *vide* *Hymenocallis*

PANDANOPHYLLUM HUMILE, 1½ guinea

PANDANUS DISCOLOR.

A noble Indian species. The upper surface of the leaves has two slightly raised ridges about half an inch within the margin; the edges are sharply saw-toothed, the lower spines distant recurved, the terminal spine an inch long or more. The young leaves are of a remarkable bronzy hue. 1 guinea.

PANDANUS JAVANICUS VARIEGATUS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

ORNATUS, 15s.

UTILIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

VANDERMEERSCHII, 10s. 6d.

VEITCHII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PANICUM VARIEGATUM, *vide* *Oplismenus*

INTERMEDIUM, *vide* *Oplismenus*

PAPYRUS ANTIQUORUM, 7s. 6d.

PARMENTIERA CEREIFERA, 1 guinea

PASSIFLORA ALATA, 3s. 6d.

AMABILIS, 3s. 6d.

BLJOU, 3s. 6d.

BUONAPARTEA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CARDINALIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EDULIS, 3s. 6d.

FULGENS, *vide* *Tacsonia Buchananii*

PASSIFLORA HAHNII.

This is a very distinct and beautiful variety of Passion-flower. It is a native of Mexico, and is a free-growing temperate stove climber. The flowers are about three inches across, of a creamy white, with a yellowish corona, and are produced in great profusion. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. 5s.



PHILODENDRON CARDERL. For description and price, vide page 60.

PASSIFLORA KERMESINA, 3s. 6d.
LAURIFOLIA, 5s.

PASSIFLORA LOUDONI, 3s. 6d.
MADONNA, 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA MACROCARPA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from the Rio Negro. The blossoms are very large, white and purple, but it is chiefly remarkable for its immense fruits, which often weigh as much as eight pounds each or more, and are of excellent quality. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS VARIEGATA.

The bold character and beautiful flowers of *Passiflora quadrangularis* are too well known to need description. The present variety differs from it in having the foliage variegated. The leaves are very freely covered with yellow blotches and spots, producing a colouration which is at once handsome and conspicuous. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA MUTABILIS, 3s. 6d.
PRINCEPS (RACEMOSA), 3s. 6d.
QUADRANGULARIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
SHEPPARDII, 3s. 6d.
TRIFASCIATA, 3s. 6d.

See also page 78

PAULLINIA HOOPRENTII, 10s. 6d.
OCEANICA, 10s. 6d.
SORBILIS, Guarana Tea Plant, 10s. 6d.
THALICTRIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.
— AROENTEA, 5s.

PAVETTA BORBONICA, 10s. 6d.
PAVONIA MULTIFLORA (Wiotii), 3s. 6d.
MAKOYANA, 3s. 6d.
PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS, 7s. 6d.
PELLIONIA DAVEAUANA, 2s. 6d.
PULCHRA, 3s. 6d.
PENTAS CARNEA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
KERMESINA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
PEPEROMIA ARGYREA, 3s. 6d.
PETREA ERRECTA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PHILODENDRON CORDERI.

This exquisitely coloured Arad is a native of South America. The leaves are of a dark shaded bottle-green, with a satiny lustre, the principal ribs being marked out by bright green lines of a glaucous or metallic hue; at the back the leaves are of a shaded wine-purple, the course of the veins being marked by broad green lines. The glossy shaded satiny surface of the leaves imparts to them a wondrous degree of beauty. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Preston, and one of nine New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Kensington in 1878. For Illustration, *vide* page 59, 10s. 6d.

PHILODENDRON CRINIPES, 5s.

PHILODENDRON DISCOLOR, 5s.

PHILODENDRON GLORIOSUM.

A magnificent species, with beautiful foliage, of the most rich and brilliant deep green colour, ornamented with a large white central vein and smaller side veins. The young leaves on opening have a silky reflection. An extremely attractive plant. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PHILODENDRON IMPERIALE (MAMEI), 1 guinea
NOBILE, *vide* page 15.
LINDENIANUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PHILODENDRON MELANOCHRYSUM, 5s.
PERTUSUM, *vide* Monstera deliciosa
RADIATUM, 7s. 6d.

PHYLLAGATHIS GYMNANTHA.

A handsome stove perennial, with a short erect stem, furnished with ovate leaves, which are seven-nerved, cordate at the base, ciliate at the margins; the surface bright glossy green. The peduncles, which spring from the upper axils, are tinged with red below, each bearing a compact head of pink flowers, which have obliquely bilobed petals. It has been imported from Borneo. 7s. 6d.

PHYLLAGATHIS ROTUNDIFOLIA, 5s. & 7s. 6d.
PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS, 3s. 6d.

ELEOANS, 5s.
NIVOSUS, 3s. 6d.
ROSEO-PICTUS, 3s. 6d.
SEEMANNIANUS, 7s. 6d.

PHYLLANTHUS COMORENSE, 7s. 6d.
PHYLOTENIUM LINDENI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PILEA MUSCOSA, 2s. 6d.
PIPERS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
PISTIA STRATIOTES, 3s. 6d.
PITCAIRNIA, *vide* page 63

PITCAIRNIA ALTA.

An attractive plant, of graceful habit, with very long and narrow recurved drooping foliage; it bears a tall branching spike of bright coral red blossoms; the flowers individually are from 2 to 2½ inches long, and have bright yellow stamens, forming an effective contrast. 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea.

PLEROMA MARMORATA.

A dwarf bushy shrub, with ovate leaves of moderate size, the surface strigose, and the colour dark green variously mottled with creamy white in elongated blotches. Its large bluish-purple flowers are most effective and attractive. 10s. 6d.



POTHOS AUREA.

POTHOS AUREA.

This remarkably distinct Aroid, which is of climbing habit, has been imported from the Solomon Islands. The leaves are strikingly variegated, heart-shaped, and unequal sided, of a dark green, boldly and irregularly marked by bands or fantastic-shaped blotches of creamy yellow, here and there suffused with pale yellowish green. Being of free growth, it will be an ornamental object in the tropical plant stove, where it will find itself at home in clothing walls and artificial rockwork. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**POTHOS FLEXUOSUS.**

An interesting Araceous plant, which has been introduced from India. It has flattened rooting stems, the leaves being alternately directed to the right and to the left, the larger ones six inches long; the lamina oblong, with an acuminate deflexed apex, pale green, with a few alternate elongated ribs. From the peculiar character of the leaves, which lie flat upon the surface it climbs over, it is well adapted for covering walls, or for other ornamental purposes. 10s. 6d.

PITCAIRNIA ALTA, *vide* page 60
CORALLINA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
PLATYPHYLLA, 7s. 6d.
TABULÆFORMIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PLOCOSTEMMA LASIANTHUM, 5s.
PLUMBAGO COCCINEA SUPERBA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
ROSEA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
POGOSTEMON PATCHOULI, 3s. 6d.
POINCIANA PULCHERRIMA, 7s. 6d.
REOIA, 7s. 6d.
POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
PULCHERRIMA ALBA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 — *PLENISSIMA*, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 — *ROSEO-CARMINATA*, 2s. 6d.
POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA, 7s. 6d.
POTHOS ARGYREIA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
AUREA, *vide* page 61
CELATOCALIS, 5s.
FLEXUOSUS, *vide* page 62
MACROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.
PSIDIUM CATTLEIANUM (The Guava), 5s. & 7s. 6d.
PSYCHOTRIA CYANOCOCCA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PUYA MAINIFOLIA, 5s.
SULPHUREA, 7s. 6d.
UNDULATA, 7s. 6d.
RAVENALA MADAGASCARIENSIS "The Traveller's Tree," 15s. and 1 guinea

REIDIA OLAUDESCENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
RHOPALA, of sorts, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
ROGIERA CORDATA (AMGENA), 3s. 6d.
GRATISSIMA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
THYRSIFLORA, 5s.
RONDELETIA BREVIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.
BRILLANTISSIMA, 5s.
SPECIOSA MAJOR, 3s. 6d.
RONNBERGIA COLOMBIANA, 1 guinea
MORINGIANA, 1 guinea
ROSCOEIA PURPUREA, 10s. 6d.
RUBUS FLEXUOSUS, 5s.
RUDGEA MACROPHYLLA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
RUELLIA ACUTANGULA, 5s.
PORTELLÆ, 5s.
ROSEA, 3s. 6d.
RUSSELLIA JUNCEA, 5s.
SACCHARUM OFFICINARUM "Sugar Cane," 7s. 6d.
SAMYDA NOBILIS, 1 guinea
SANCHEZIA NOBILIS GLAUCOPHYLLA, 5s.
NOBILIS VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.
SANSEVIERA GUINEENSIS, 7s. 6d.
ZEYLANICA (JAVANICA), 3s. 6d.
SAXO-FRIDERICIA SUBCORDATA, 3 guineas
SCHISMATOGLOTTIS CRISPATA, 5s.
LATIFOLIA, 7s. 6d.
LAVALLEI, 5s.

SCHISMATOGLOTTIS DECORA.

A dwarf stove perennial, with very short stems, and ovate acuminate leaves, the upper surface of which is green, decorated with thickly distributed oblong silvery grey blotches, covering fully half the area, the under surface being pale green. It has been imported from Borneo. 7s. 6d.

SCHISMATOGLOTTIS LONGISPATHA, 5s.
SIAMENSIS, *vide* page 15

SCHISMATOGLOTTIS VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.
SCHISTOCASIA PORTEI, *vide* *Alocasia Portei*

SCINDAPSUS ARGYRÆUS.

A creeping-stemmed Arad, the stems fixing themselves by rooting as they advance in growth. The leaves are glabrous, the juvenile ones ovate acuminate, very silvery and glossy on the surface; the older and more mature leaves are pinnatifid, and become silvery on the surface like the younger ones. It has been imported from the East Indies. 10s. 6d.

SCIADOCALYX LUCIANA, 3s. 6d.
SCINDAPSUS PICTUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
SCUTELLARIA MOCINIANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
SERICOGRAPHIS GRUESBRECHTIANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
SINNINGIA PUNCTATA, 3s. 6d.
PURPUREA NIGRA, 3s. 6d.
SIPHOCAMPYLUS HUMBOOLDTIANUS (FULOENS), 5s.
SMILAX AURICULATA, *vide* page 84
LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 5s.
SHUTTLEWORTHII, 7s. 6d.
SOLANDRA GRANDIFLORA, 5s.
SONERILA HENDERSONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
HENDERSONI ARGENTEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 — *MARMORATA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 — *PICTURATA*, 5s.
 — *SPECIOSA*, 5s.
MARGARITACEA ALBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 — *SUPERBA*, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM, 5s.
SPATHODEA CAMPANULATA, 7s. 6d.
SPHÆROGYNE LATIFOLIA, 5s.
SPHEROSTEMA MARMORATUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
STADMANNIA AMABILIS, 10s. 6d.
JONGHEI, 10s. 6d.
STENOSPERMATIUM WALLISII, 5s.
STEPHANOPHYSUM BAIKIEI, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
LONGIFOLIUM, 5s.
STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA, 3s. 6d.

STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA, "Elvaston" variety, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
STEUDNERA COLOCASLEFOLIA, 5s.
DISCOLOR, 10s. 6d.
STIGMAPHYLLUM CILIATUM, 5s.
STRELITZIA AUGUSTA, 15s.
NICOLAI, 2 guineas
REGINÆ, 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
STREPTOCARPUS BIFLORUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
POLYANTHUS, 3s. 6d.
REXII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
SYNGNIUM ALBO-LINEATUM, 3s. 6d.
WENDLANDII, 3s. 6d.
TABERNÆMONTANA CAMASSA, 3s. 6d.
CORONARIA FLORE PLENO, 3s. 6d.
WALLICHIANA, 10s. 6d.
TACCARUM WARMINOLANUM, 1 guinea
TACSONIA BUCHANANI (VITIFOLIA), 3s. 6d. & 5s.
TERMINALIA ELEGANS, 7s. 6d.
THEOBROMA CACAO, 10s. 6d.
THEOPHRASTA IMPERIALIS, 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea
THUNBERGIA FRAGRANS, 3s. 6d.
GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d.
HARRISII, 3s. 6d.
LAURIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.
THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
TILLANDSIA ACAULIS ZEBRINA, *vide* *Cryptanthus BITTATA*, *vide* *Cryptanthus* (CARAGUATA) *CARDINALIS*, 2 guineas

**TREVESIA EMINENS.**

An elegant ornamental plant, furnished with alternate leaves of graceful form, and having a glossy green surface; these leaves are long-stalked, roundish in outline, palmatifidly divided into nine lanceolate segments, which have each a prominent costa, and both the edges serrated, the teeth distinct, small, but sharp-pointed. The plant has been imported from the Philippine Islands.

10s. 6d.

TILLANDSIA HIEROGLYPHICA.

A beautiful Bromeliaceous plant, its attractive foliage ornamented with singularly interesting markings; the leaves are recurved, rather closely set, and of a pale green colour, marked transversely with distinct irregular bands of deeper green figures, which at first sight have the appearance of being hieroglyphical inscriptions. The markings are repeated on the under surface, of a deep chocolate-purple colour. $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas.

TILLANDSIA LINDENIANA VERA.

One of the most beautiful of the Bromeliads; a native of Ecuador, of dwarf compact growth, with recurved leaves of an olive-green colour. The flower scape bears an ovate flattened spike of a bright rosy hue, from the bracts of which issue in succession the beautiful lilac-blue flowers; the contrast of which with the rose-coloured scape presents a most charming appearance. 15s., 1 and $1\frac{1}{2}$ guinea.

TILLANDSIA (CARAGUATA) MUSAICA, $1\frac{1}{2}$, 2 and 3 guineas

(CARAGUATA) SANGUINEA

TESSELATA, 10s. 6d.

(CARAGUATA) LAHNII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

TINNEA ETHIOPICA (VIOLET-SCENTED TINNEA), 3s. 6d.

TORENIA ASIATICA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PULCHERRIMA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

TOXICOPHLEA (ACOCANTHERA) SPECTABILIS, 3s. 6d.

THUNBERGII, 5s.

TRADESCANTIA, *vide* Cyanotis

TREVESIA EMINENS, *vide* page 64

TYDÆA, *vide* Index

URCEOLINA AUREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

UROSKINNERA SPECTABILIS, 3s. 6d.

UTRICULARIA MONTANA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VANILLA AROMATICA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PLANIFOLIA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VINCA ALBA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ALBA OCULATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ROSEA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

VITIS CHONTALENSIS, 5s.

VRIESIA BRACHYSTACHYA, 7s. 6d.

FALKENBERGII, 1 guinea

FENESTRALIS, 10s. 6d.

SPLENDENS (SPECIOSA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ZAMIA, *vide* Index

XYLOPHYLLA ANGUSTIFOLIA, 5s.

INTERMEDIA, 5s.

ZINGIBER OFFICINALE, 3s. 6d.

ZERUMBET, 3s. 6d.

NEW, RARE, AND DESIRABLE GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

ABELIA FLORIBUNDA, 2s. 6d.

ABUTILONS, *vide* page 87

ACACIA ARMATA, 1s. 6d.

DEALBATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DRUMMONDII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ORANDIS, 3s. 6d.

LONOIFOLIA MAONIFICA, 3s. 6d.

PLATYPTERA, 3s. 6d.

ACACIA PUBESCENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RICEANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SPILEOCEPHALA, *vide* page 18

TENUIFOLIA, 5s.

VERTICILLATA, 2s. 6d.

of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ACANTHOPANAX QUINQUEFOLIUS VARIEGATUS, 5s.

ACROPHYLLUM VENOSUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ACMENA OVATA.

A neat evergreen plant, belonging to the Myrtaceous order. The stems are clothed with opposite leaves on dark purple petioles, the leaves being of an ovate form. The young foliage is of a purplish red colour, and gives the plant a striking appearance while the new growth is in course of development. 5s.

ADENANDRA FRAOBANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS, 1s. 6d.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS ALBUS, *vide* A. umbellatus candidus

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS CANDIDUS.

A variety with pure white flowers, extremely useful for bouquets, and very suitable for most decorative purposes; it makes an excellent companion to the blue kinds. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS FLORE-PLENO.

This distinct plant has been introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. It differs materially from the normal type by producing umbels of dark blue double flowers. 10s. 6d.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS MAXIMUS, 3s. 6d.

UMBELLATUS FOLII VARIEGATIS, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS MINOR, 3s. 6d.

UMBELLATUS MOOREANUS, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.



ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS NANUS.

An exceedingly graceful evergreen plant, very useful for all kinds of decorations, and from its exquisite beauty, particularly well adapted for furnishing cut sprays for intermixing with flowers; it is also charmingly elegant when grown in pots as a table plant. Mr. W. B. having imported a large quantity from South Africa, is enabled to offer good plants at 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

AGAVE AMERICANA LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 5s.

AMERICANA MEDIO-PICTA, 10s. 6d.

— VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BULBOSA, *vide* Fonreroya

CELSIANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DESERTI, 5s.

FILIFERA, 15s. and 1 guinea

SEEMANNI, 1 guinea

SHAWII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

AGNOSTUS, *vide* Stenocarpus**ALLAMANDA**, *vide* page 18.**ALOE FEROX**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SOCOTRINA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ALOYSIA CITRIONORA (LEMON-SCENTED
VERBENA), 1s.**AMARYLLIS**, *vide* pages 18 and 19**AMORPHOPHALLUS** (PROTEINOPHALLUS)

RIVIERI, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ANOPTERUS GLANDULOSA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.**ANTHERICUM VARIEGATUM**, *vide* Phalangium
argenteo-lineare**AOTUS GRACILLIMA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**APHELEXIS HUMILIS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MACRANTHIA PURPUREA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— ROSEA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ARALIA JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII), *vide* Fatsia japonica

PAPYRIFERA, 3s. 6d.

ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

COOKII, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CUNNINGHAMII, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

EXCELSA ALBO-SPICA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA.

Mr. W. B. has lately imported a fine lot of this handsome conservatory plant. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. Specimens 1, 1½ and 2 guineas and upwards.

ARDUINA GRANDIFLORA.

This plant is a native of Natal, where its fleshy fruits are much valued; they are of a dark violet hue when ripe, have an agreeable sub-acid flavour, and are known as the Natal plum; the flowers are white and fragrant. 7s. 6d.

ARISÆMA FIMBRIATUM, *vide* page 13**ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**ASPARAGUS DECUMBENS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FALCATUS, 7s. 6d.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS.

An elegant evergreen climber, from South Africa, with slender smooth stems, and numerous spreading branches; the hermaphrodite white flowers are produced from the tip of the branchlets. It is an exceedingly handsome ornamental plant for the greenhouse or conservatory, and its pretty feathery growths are extremely useful for entting for decoration. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS NANUS, *vide* page 66**ASPARAGUS TENUISSIMUS**, 5s.**ASPARAGUS VIRGATUS.**

This remarkably elegant feathery-looking plant of fruticose habit has been recently introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. The stems are of a dark green colour, and bear at the upper end a corymbose head of erect branches, of which the lowest is the youngest or most recently developed. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

AZALEA INDICA.

The great value of Indian Azaleas for decorative purposes can hardly be over-estimated. The varieties of this effective plant can be had in blossom for four months of the year; well selected plants affording a magnificent display of colour and wealth of bloom, that the low price at which beautiful kinds are now offered, should ensure a place for them in every greenhouse and conservatory.

Good selections can be made by Mr. W. B. at 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

New varieties, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. each.

AZALEA BALSAMINEFLORA, *vide* page 68**BAMBUSA**, *vide* page 88.**BEAUCARNEA HOOKERI**, 10s. 6d.**BEGONIA**, *vide* Index**BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA**, 3s. 6d.**BIGNONIA CHERERE**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

EXCELSA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GRANDIFLORA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BIGNONIA JASMINOIDES, 2s. 6d.

JASMINOIDES ALBA MAGNA, 2s. 6d. to 5s.

— SPENDIDA, 2s. 6d. to 5s.

VENUSTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BLANDFORDIA AUREA, 10s. 6d.

FLAMMEA, 10s. 6d.

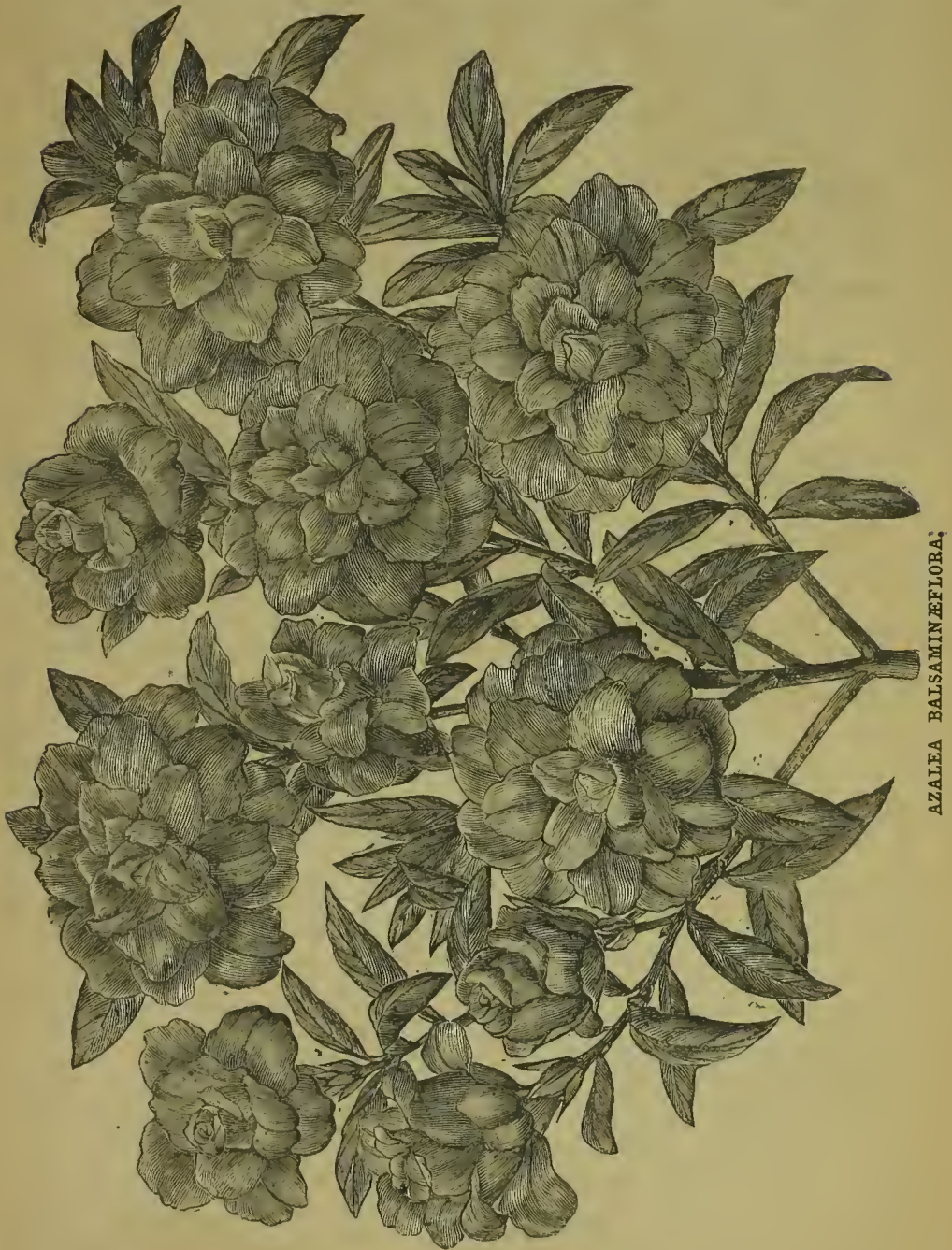
NOBILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PRINCEPS, *vide* page 69**BLANDFORDIA CUNNINGHAMII.**

The late Dr. Lindley, in describing the previously known species of this genus, thus refers to *Blandfordia Cunninghamii*:—"None of them are to be compared for beauty with the plant of which the late Allan Cunningham gave me a specimen, the flowers of which are fully twice as large as *B. marginata* (*grandiflora*). The flowers are of a deep rich red tint, except at the end of the petals, where they are yellow. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BOMAREA KALBREYERI.

A new and beautiful species, introduced from South America. The flowers which are borne in terminal umbels, are of an orange-yellow colour, the exterior sepals being bright red. 1½ guinea.



AZALEA BALSAMINÆFLORA.

This distinct species has been imported from Japan. In general character it is quite unique; its flowers are bright salmony red, beautifully double, rosette-like, and regularly imbricated, similar to those of a Camellia-flowered Balsam. Being very double, it lasts in perfection a long time, and from the neatness of its blossoms is invaluable for bouquets as well as for general decoration. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

**BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS.**

This handsome greenhouse perennial gained the First Prize as the best new flowering greenhouse plant at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition in 1875. The scape is a foot high, bearing a corymb of many flowers, which are $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, pendent, regularly funnel-shaped, with a bright crimson tube and deep golden yellow limb. It must be regarded as the most beautiful of the *Blandfordias* yet known. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6209. 2 and 3 guineas.



BOMAREA CARDERI.

An extremely handsome climber, sent from the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors. It is a glabrous twining plant, with dark purplish stems, and produces its charming bell-shaped flowers in pendulous terminal cymes, the large heads of blossom making the plant a most attractive object. The individual flowers, in size and shape, remind one somewhat of those of *Lapageria rosea*, but are rather more contracted towards the mouth, and of a lighter rose-pink colour, while the tips of the segments are spotted with purplish brown. 15s. ; extra strong plants, 2 and 3 guineas.

BOMAREA PATAOCENSIS (CONFERTA).

A beautiful new crimson-flowered species from the United States of Colombia, producing immense heads of blossom, composed of from thirty to sixty flowers, each of which is from 2 to 2½ inches long. It is a splendid addition to our greenhouse climbers, its lovely many-flowered bunches of rich crimson Lapageria-like flowers rendering it especially attractive. 15s. and 1 guinea.

BOMAREA CARDERI, *vide* page 70

WILLIAMSÆ, 1 guinea

BORONIA DRUMMONDII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MEGASTIGMA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BORONIA SERRULATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BOUVARDIAS, *vide* Index

BRACHYSEMA ACUMINATUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

UNDULATUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM.

A tree of highly ornamental appearance. From the exceeding brilliancy of its rich red flowers it is called the Flame Tree. It might with great propriety be also called the New South Wales "Laco Bark Tree." The bast furnished by this tree is of the most beautiful lace-like texture, and is considered superior to Cuba Bast; the fibre is suitable for the manufacture of ropes, cordage, mats, &c. 7s. 6d.

BOWIEA VOLUBILIS, 3s. 6d.

BRUGMANSIA ARBorea, 3s. 6d.

KNIGHTII (flore pleno), 3s. 6d.

SANGUINEA, 3s. 6d.

SUAVEOLENS, 3s. 6d.

BUPHANE (BRUNSVIGIA) TOXICARIA, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.

CALCEOLARIA PAVONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CALLA ÆTHIOPICA, *vide* Richardia africana

CALLICARPA PURPUREA, 3s. 6d.

CAMPANULA VIDALII, 3s. 6d.

CALODENDRON CAPENSE.

A greenhouse evergreen plant, from South Eastern Africa, with pale green leaves. The creamy white flowers, composed of linear oblong petals, are borne in immense terminal panicles. An illustration of this plant, which gives an excellent idea of the beauty of the inflorescence, appeared in the *Gardeners' Chronicle*, February 17th, 1883. 5s.

CAMELLIAS.

Good selections can be made by Mr. WILLIAM BULL, at 2, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.

New varieties, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s. each.

CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS, 5s.

CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, *vide* page 25

CANARINA CAMPANULATA, 1s. 6d.

CANTUA DEPENDENS, 3s. 6d.

CARNATIONS, Tree, of sorts, 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

CASTANOSPERMUM AUSTRALE.

This interesting plant, a native of Australia, is known as the Moreton Bay Chestnut. 5s.

CEPHALOTUS FOLLICULARIS, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea

CEREUS C. M. HOVEY, 5s.

GRANDIFLORUS, (night-blooming), 3s. 6d. & 5s.

M'DONALDII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPECIOSISSIMUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CESTRUM AURANTIACUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHLIDANTHUS FRAGRANS, 1s.

CHOROZEMA CORDATUM SPLENDENS, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

CHOROZEMA HENCHIMANNI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LAWRENCEANUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

VARIUM CHANDLERI, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS, *vide* Index

CISSUS ANTARCTICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CAPENSIS, 3s. 6d.

RHOMBICA, 3s. 6d.

CLEMATIS INDIVISA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

of sorts, *vide* page 89.

CLEYERA JAPONICA TRICOLOR.

A handsome variegated plant from Japan. The leaves are leathery in texture, obovate in form, of a dark green colour, with longitudinal and oblique bands of greyish green, the margin creamy white, tinged with bright rose colour, which is very conspicuous in the younger foliage. The five-petalled flowers are yellowish white. 10s. 6d.

CLIANTHUS PUNICEUS, 3s. 6d.

PUNICEUS MAGNIFICUS, 3s. 6d.

CLIVIA NOBILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

COBÆA SCANDENS VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

COLEUS, *vide* Index

COPROSMA BAUERIANA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

BAUERIANA PICTURATA, 3s. 6d.

— VARIEGATA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

CORREAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CRASSULA EBERLEANA, 3s. 6d.

CRINUM AUSTRALE.

This bears the name of Botany Bay Lily, and is an ornamental bulbous plant, requiring greenhouse temperature. The flowers, which are very fragrant, are numerous, from ten to fifteen in an umbel, and consisting of a long slender tube, and a spreading or recurved limb of six white segments. 5s.

CRINUM MOOREI (M'OWANII), 7s. 6d.

PEDUNOULATUM PACIFICUM, *vide* page 72

POWELLII, 10s. 6d.

CRINUM, *vide* also page 26

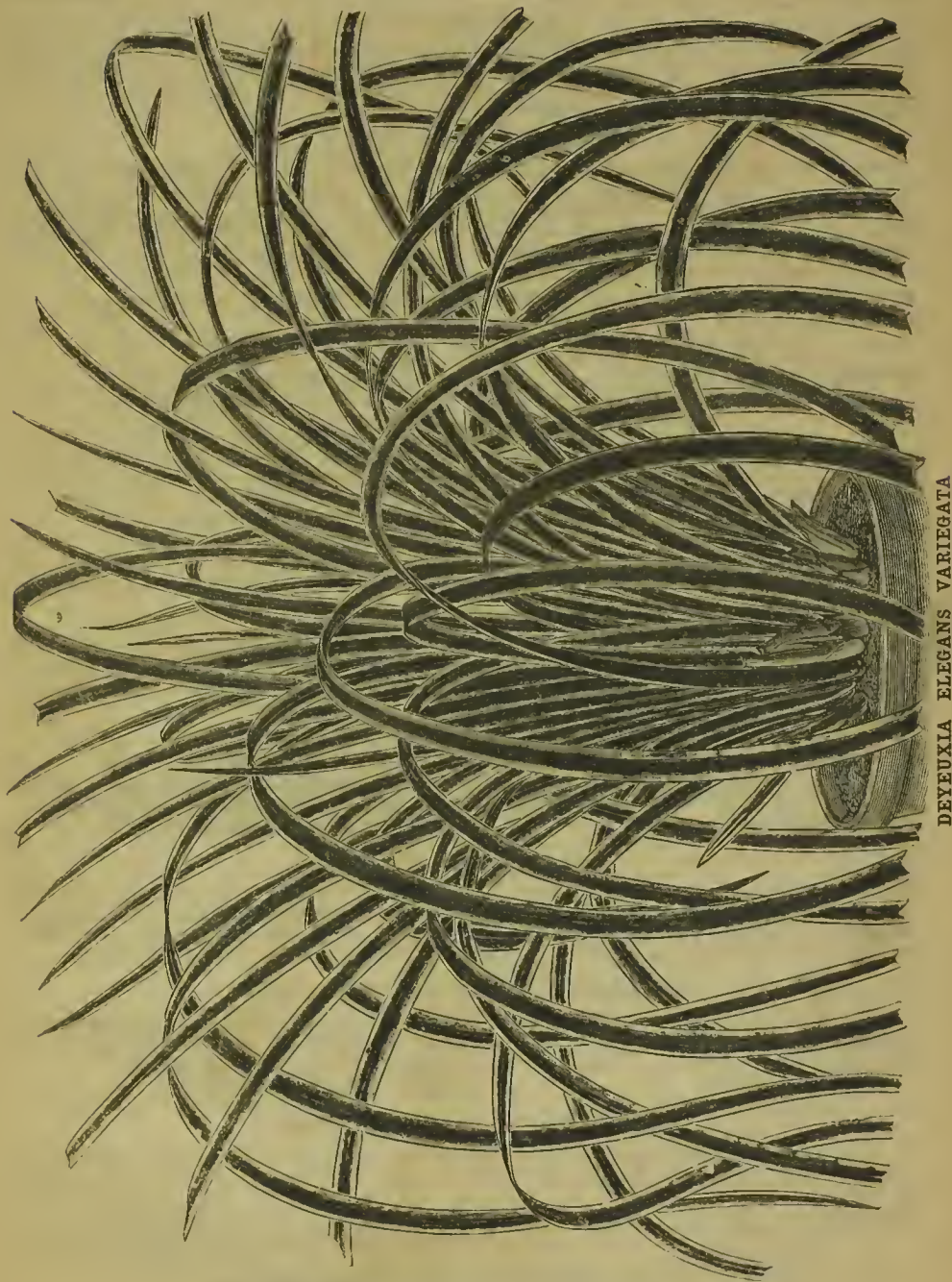
CROWEA STRICTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CYCADS, *vide* Index



CRINUM PEDUNCULATUM PACIFICUM.

A noble species, known as the Wedding Lily, introduced from Lord Howe's Island, producing immense umbels of deliciously scented, pure white blossoms. The individual flowers are from four to five inches in diameter, and as many as from twenty to thirty are produced in each umbel. The plant is of bold habit, with lanceolate recurved leaves and somewhat cylindrical-shaped bulbs. The delightful fragrance of its large and handsome heads of chaste blossoms makes this plant a most desirable acquisition. 10s. 6d. and 15s.



DEYEXIA ELEGANS VARIEGATA.

A very elegant variegated greenhouse plant, introduced from New South Wales. It has a thick rootstock, from which spring numerous leaves, a foot to a foot and a half in length, and about a quarter of an inch in breadth, the colour a deep bright green, with a broad clear edge of creamy yellow, pale yellow-green in the young growth, forming a most effective and pleasing variegation. This is one of the Twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1881. 10s. 6d.

CYCAS REVOLUTA.

This exceedingly handsome decorative plant can be supplied in various sizes; small plants of it are pretty, but large specimens are extremely ornamental and well adapted for decorating either greenhouses or conservatories. It is known as the Chinese Sago Plant. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

Too much can scarcely be said in favour of the superb varieties of this plant, of which the old *C. persicum* is the type, whether they are regarded as objects for the ornamentation of the greenhouse or conservatory, or for table decoration, for which their compact floriferous character eminently fits them. The flowers are also extremely useful for bouquets, and when plucked, if kept in water, they will last in freshness and beauty for some weeks. Plants full of buds and flowers can be supplied during the winter season, and are then charmingly pretty. 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM ALBUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PERSICUM RUBRUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— **GRANDIFLORUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

— of various choice sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CYTISUS FILIPES, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RACEMOSUS, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

CYTISUS RACEMOSUS EVERESTIANUS, 3s. 6d.

DAHLIA IMPERIALIS, 3s. 6d.

IMPERIALIS ALBA, 3s. 6d.

— **ROSEA**, 3s. 6d.

ARBOREA, 3s. 6d.

of sorts, *vide* Bedding Plants

DAIS COTINIFOLIA.

A pretty deciduous greenhouse shrub, native of South Africa. It has acute leaves, and broadish heads of flowers, which consist of a reddish four-leaved involucre outside, and numerous rosy lilac calyces, which have a slender tube about an inch long, and a spreading limb of five segments. 5s.

DAPHNE INDICA RUBRA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PAPYRACEA, 5s.

DARLINGTONIA CALIFORNICA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DARWINIA, *vide* Genetyllis

DASYLIRION OLAUCCUM, 1 guinea

LONGIFOLIUM, 5s.

DESFONTAINEA SPINOSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DEYEOUXIA ELEOANS VARIEGATA, *vide* page 73

DIANELLA INTERMEDIA.

A free-growing plant, inhabiting the Fern-lands of the northern and middle Islands of New Zealand. It has linear-ensiform leaves, and much branched panicles, ten to eighteen inches long, bearing numerous whitish flowers, which are succeeded by bunches of pretty dark blue berries. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DIONÆA MUSCIPULA.

(THE FLY-TRAP PLANT, OR VENUS' FLY-TRAP.)

One of the most wonderful illustrations of vegetable structure and design known among plants, the formation of its leaf organs being singularly adapted for entrapping insects. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DORYANTHES EXCELSA, 10s. 6d.

DORYANTHES PALMERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS.

This handsome ornamental plant is exceedingly useful for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory, where its effective habit always imparts a tropical aspect to the house. It is also well adapted for the purposes of sub-tropical gardening, either in groups or as single specimens, where its graceful mode of growth is very effective. 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.; fine plants, 15s., 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA.

An exceedingly handsome and ornamental plant, with fine broad foliage, gracefully recurring. It is strikingly effective for conservatory and greenhouse decoration. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS VEITCHII, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea

DRACÆNA ARBOREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DRACOPHYLLUM GRACILE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DRACÆNA MADAGASCARIENSIS.

This is a distinct type of *Dracæna* from Madagascar. It is of graceful habit, having long narrow arching green leaves, terminating in a long narrow point. A free-growing decorative species. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DROSERA CAPENSIS, 7s. 6d.

DICHOTOMA, 5s.

— **RUBRA**, 1 guinea

SPATHULATA, 5s.

ECHEVERIA, of sorts, *vide* Index

ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS (DENTATUS), 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ENCEPHALARTOS, of sorts, *vide* Index.

EPACRIS ONOSMÆFLORA FLORE-PLENO ALBA.

A most beautiful flowering plant from Australia, producing pretty double blush-white blossoms; with the interior not quite covering up the original corolla lobes, which causes them to look something like guard petals surrounding the inner petals. The plant is a charming acquisition, and was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.



EPACRIS ONOSMÆFLORA FLORE-PLENO NIVALIS.

This exceedingly desirable and attractive novelty is a native of Australia; it produces fine long dense spikes of bloom. The flowers have a tubular base ending in the five usual acute corolla lobes, while the interior organs are transformed into a rosette of white petals, which spread out to the full extent of the corolla lobes, and form with it a fine rosette-shaped flower. These flowers are pure white and very beautiful, the spikes being often as much as a foot long. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

EPACRIS ONOSMAEFLORE FIORE-PLENO NIVALIS,
vide page 75

of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per doz.

EPIPHILLUM, vide page 41

ERICAS, of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per doz.

ERIOSTEMON BUXIFOLIUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ERIOSTEMON INTERMEDIUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

NERIIFOLIUS, 3s. 6d.

PULCHELLUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SCABER, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ERYNGIUM EBRACTEATUM, 10s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA COMPACTA.

This magnificent variety is the best and most useful in every respect of all the Erythrinas. It is of compact bushy growth, producing most profusely its splendid attractive bunches of coral-like blossoms. It will be found effective for sub-tropical gardening, and is a truly desirable plant for most decorative purposes, as it blooms very freely in quite a small state. 5s.

EUCALYPTUS CITRIODORA.

The pleasant fragrance of the foliage of this plant renders it a desirable acquisition. The strong lemon-scent, which is emitted when the leaves are gently rubbed, is equally powerful and agreeable with that of the lemon-scented Verbena (*Aloysia citriodora*). The plant is of slender habit, with oblong leaves, clothed with glandular hairs, which give off the powerful and grateful odour above referred to. It is a native of Australia. 3s. 6d.

EUCALYPTUS FICIFOLIA.

This beautiful new crimson-flowered Eucalyptus is not a large-growing species like most others of the family, but is of quick growth, and plants of it are soon covered with its magnificent trusses of crimson-coloured flowers; its leaves yield an essential oil which has proved a valuable febrifuge. 5s.

EUCALYPTUS AMYODALINA (Peppermint

Gum), 3s. 6d.

COCCIFERA, 3s. 6d.

CORDATA, 3s. 6d.

CORIACEA, 3s. 6d.

GLOBULUS (Blue Gum), 3s. 6d.

HETEROPHYLLA, 5s.

MARONATA, 3s. 6d.

OBLIQUA, 5s.

URNIOERA, 3s. 6d.

EUGENIA AUSTRALIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

UONI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

EUPATORIUM BERLANDIERI (ORACILE ODO-
RUM), 1s. 6d.

RIPARIUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EURYCLES, vide page 41

EUTAXIA FLORIBUNDA, 3s. 6d.

FATSIA (ARALIA) JAPONICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

(ARALIA) JAPONICA VARIEGATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

FERNS, vide Index

FUCHSIAS, vide Index

FICUS AUSTRALIS, 3s. 6d.

ELASTICA, 3s. 6d.

MACROPHYLLA, 5s.

MINIMA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

RHODODENDRIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

STIPULATA (REPENS), 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

FOURCROYA (AGAVE) BULBOSA, 5s.

YUCCOIDES, 1 guinea.

GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM FLAMMEUM, 5s.

GENETYLIS (HEDAROMA) FUCHSI-

OIDES, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

TULIPIFERA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

GONOLOBUS CUNDURANOO, 10s. 6d.

GREVILLEA PREISSII, 7s. 6d.

ROBUSTA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

GREYIA SUTHERLANDI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GUEVINA AVELLANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

HABROTHAMNUS AUBLETII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

AURANTIACUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ELEGANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HEMANTHUS PUNICEUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HABROTHAMNUS NEWELII.

A very ornamental plant of free growth, with neat smooth foliage, freely producing dense terminal clusters of fine large flowers of a bright crimson colour. It will be found extremely useful and effective as a conservatory climber. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HEMANTHUS TIORINUS, 2s. 6d.

HARDENBERGIA MONOPHYLLA, 2s. 6d.

HARDENBERGIA MONOPHYLLA VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.

HEDAROMA, vide Genetyllis.

HIBISCUS CHRYSANTHUS.

A free-growing shrubby plant introduced from Natal. It has hairy stems and roundish sub-trilobate pale green serrated leaves. The flowers are of large size, campanulate, with broad obovate petals, yellow with a purple-crimson spot at the base, forming a dark-coloured eye. This, from its large-sized golden flowers and free habit, will prove a plant of very ornamental character. 5s.

HIBISCUS PEDUNCULATUS.

A very pretty Hibiscus of erect branched habit, the stems hairy and the leaves three-lobed, with toothed margins. The campanulate flowers are showy, the petals bluish or rose coloured, with an involucre of about eight linear segments. It has been imported from Natal. 5s.

HOVEA CELSI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS FOL. MARGINATA, 3s. 6d.

HORTENSIS AUREO-VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

— **CYANOCLADA**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

— **THOMAS HOGG**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

JAPONICA ELEGANTISSIMA, 5s.

— **FOLIS TRICOLORIBUS**, 5s.

— **MACROCEPHALA**, 2s. 6d.

HYDRANGEA JAPONICA ROSALBA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

JAPONICA SPECIOSA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MADAME VON SIEBOLD, 5s.

OTAKSA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

SCANDENS (SCHIZOPHRAGMA HYDRANGEOIDES), 3s. 6d.

STELLATA PROLIFERA, 3s. 6d.

IMANTOPHYLLUM CYRTANTHIFLORUM, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM.

A most effective and beautiful plant, producing broad corymbs of large deep salmon-coloured erect blossoms, relieved by a lighter centre; it blooms during the winter and spring months. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; five plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM GRANDI-

FLORUM, 2 guineas

MINIATUM HYBRIDUM, 15s.

— **PRINCEPS**, 2 guineas

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM SPECIOSUM,

1½ guinea

MINIATUM SUPERBUM, 1 and 1½ guinea

INDIGOFERA DECORA, 5s.

IRIS ROBINSONIANA.

A very grand and distinct species, introduced from Lord Howe's Island, where it is called the "Wedding Flower." The flower spike is from four to five feet high, and expands into several flowering branches candelabrum-like, two, three and four flowers in succession being developed from each sheath. The expanded flower is of a pure white colour, except at the inner base of the outer and larger petals, which are marked by irregular lines of a bright golden-yellow hue. The fully developed flowers measure four inches across. Probably the finest Iris yet known. 2s. 6d.

ISMENE PEDUNCULATA, 1s.

UNDULATA, 1s.

JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3s. 6d.

ODORATISSIMUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

POITEAU, 3s. 6d.

JUSSIEA MACROCARPA CILIATA, 5s.

JUNCUS ZEBRINUS, *vide* Scirpus Tabernæmontani zebrius, page 94

KENNEDYA MARYATTE, 2s. 6d.

of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

KNIPHOFIA QUARTINIANA.

A handsome greenhouse or half-hardy perennial, introduced from Abyssinia. It has an erect simple spike of densely crowded flowers forming a pyramidal raceme, terminating the flower scape. The flowers are pendulous and orange-coloured; the leaves are very much recurved. 5s.

LACHENALIA NELSONI, 2s. 6d.

of sorts, 1s. to 2s. 6d.

LAGERSTREEMIA INDICA, 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LAPAGERIA ALBA.

This extremely beautiful climber produces numerous fine large bell-shaped pure white flowers. It is a neat-growing plant of free habit. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea; five specimens, 2, 3 and 5 guineas and upwards.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA.

Various sizes of this well-known and extremely useful conservatory climber, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; five specimens, 1, 2 and 3 guineas and upwards.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA SUPERBA.

A magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of an exceedingly rich and brilliant crimson colour; it is one of the most highly attractive of ornamental climbers for the greenhouse and conservatory. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea; five specimens, 2, 3 and 5 guineas and upwards.

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA, 3s. 6d.

| **LASIANDRA MACRANTHA FLORIBUNDA**, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

LATHYRUS SPLENDENS.

A splendid perennial climber, producing a profusion of large and gay scarlet-purple blossoms in clusters of from ten to twelve. The individual flowers are one and a half to two inches in size, the keel almost an inch long, and half as deep, with large banner-like petals. The plant is allied to the common Everlasting Pea, but the blossoms are larger and more abundant, and their colour is much brighter. It is a native of the Mountains of Lower California. 5s.

LAURUS CAMPHORA, 5s.

LAVATERA ARBOREA VARIEGATA, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM (New Zealand Tea Plant), 3s. 6d.

LESCHANAULTIA BILOBA SPLENDENS (MAJOR), 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FORMOSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LEUCOPOGON CUNNINGHAMII, 3s. 6d.

LIBERTIA GRANDIFLORA.

A very handsome herbaceous perennial from New Zealand, which proves to be nearly hardy, and an abundant flowerer. The plant is an evergreen, with tufts of distichous grassy leaves. The flower stems are 3 feet high, bearing spike-like panicles of showy pure white flowers, produced in succession for a month or six weeks. It is a very ornamental plant for the summer flower borders. 5s.

LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PENRHOSIENSIS, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

LILIUM, of sorts, *vide* pages 90 to 92.

LINUM TRIORYNCHUM, 2s. 6d.

LITTONIA MODESTA.

A pretty Liliaceous plant of a genus allied to *Gloriosa*; it produces charming golden-yellow bell-shaped flowers, which are highly elegant and attractive. 3s. 6d.

LOMATIA FERRUONEA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LUCULIA ORATISSIMA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MACKAYA BELLA.

This beautiful Acanthaceous plant is a native of the bed of the Tongat River, Natal. The flowers have a pale lilac corolla nearly two inches long, the throat ornamented with delicately pencilled reticulated purple veins, tubular below, campanulate upwards, with a deeply five-lobed spreading limb. The plant is very floriferous, and when in full bloom, appears a mass of most delicate, pendent, campanulate flowers. This charming plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5797. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MACROPIPER EXCELSUM, 5s.

MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index

MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, *vide* page 92.

FUSCATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MANDEVILLA SUAVEOLENS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MARICA NORTHIANA.

An Iris-like plant, a native of Brazil. It has broad sword-shaped leaves, and the flower stems, which are flattened and leaf-like, bear singularly handsome flowers, which consist of three ovate ivory-white sepals, spotted with brown at the base, and three yellowish petals marked with rich brown in the lower parts, and white veined with blue at the recurved tips. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

METROSIDEROS FLORIBUNDA, 2s. 6d.

ROBUSTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MITRARIA COCCINEA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MONOCHÆTUM LEMONIANUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SERICÆUM MULTIFLORUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MUSA SUPERBA, *vide* page 55

MUSA ENSETE.

This is the grand Banana of Abyssinia. In growth it is one of the most striking and noble of ornamental plants, and it is without doubt one of the most effective for summer out-door gardening. Its immense erect leaves attain a length of eight to ten feet, and are of a beautiful dark green, the mid-rib being bright crimson, forming an admirable and striking contrast. It attains altogether an average growth of twelve to fifteen feet in height. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

MYRTUS, of sorts, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

NERINE CORUSCA, 2s. 6d.

CORUSCA MAJOR, 3s. 6d.

NERINE EXCELLENS.

A novel and beautiful hybrid variety of this Amaryllidaceous genus. It is of the easiest culture, and of free-flowering habit. The flowers grow in umbels of from six to nine together, and have a very showy appearance, the reflexed perianth segments being two inches in length; the colour is a bright rosy-pink, with a carmine-crimson rib down the centre of each segment. It is a very charming addition to the family. Figured in the *Florist and Pomologist*. 10s. 6d.

NERINE FLEXUOSA MAJOR, 3s. 6d.

FOTHERGILLII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— **MAJOR**, 5s.

ROSEA, 2s. 6d.

VENUSTA, 3s. 6d.

NERIUM MADONI GRANDIFLORUM, 2s. 6d.

of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

OLEA FRAGRANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

OPHIOPOGON JABURAN AUREO-VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SPICATUS ARGENTEO-MARGINATUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ORCHIDS, of sorts, *vide* Index

PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index

PANCRATIUM COLLINUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PARDANTHUS CHINENSIS, 1s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA CAMPBELLII, 3s. 6d.

CLOWESII, 3s. 6d.

CÆRULEA GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d.

— **RACEMOSA**, 2s. 6d.

COLVILLII, 2s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA EDULIS, 3s. 6d.

IMPERATRICE EUGENIE, 3s. 6d.

LOUDONI, 3s. 6d.

MUNCOI, 3s. 6d.

ONYCHINA, 3s. 6d.

SERRATIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PELARGONIUM, *vide* Index

PHALANGIUM ARGENTEO-LINEARE (ANTHERICUM VARIEGATUM), 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LINEARE ELEGANS, 5s.

PHILESIA BUXIFOLIA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PHÆDRANASSA CHLORACEA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.

COLENSOI VARIEGATUM, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

— **NIGRO-LIMBATUM**, *vide* page 80

NIGRO-PICTUM, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

TENAX, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

— **VARIEGATUM**, 1 and 2 guineas.

— **VEITCHII VARIEGATUM**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.**

A very singular and beautiful plant, belonging to the family of the Side-saddle flowers, and inhabiting the marshes of Florida. The leaves or pitchers grow quite erect, and from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high; they are of a bright green colour, and at the upper expanded end are variegated in a reticulated form with white, red and green; the hood or lid, which is much undulated, being similarly marked. The flowers are handsome and attractive, of a rich crimson purple colour, and about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

PHORMIUM TENAX NIGRO-LIMBATUM.

A striking form of New Zealand Flax, having erect broadish leaves of a glaucous green colour, the margin having a well-defined bar of blackish-purple. The points of the leaves are split down for some distance, both sides of each of the divided portions having the blackish-purple margin. 10s. 6d.

PIMELEA DECUSSATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HENDERSONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

NIEPPERIANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPECTABILIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PINCINETITIA TUBERCULATA, 1 guinea

PINGICULA CAUDATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CAUDATA RUBRA, 7s. 6d.

PITTOSPORUM RALPHSII, 5s.

PITTOSPORUM CRASSIFOLIUM.

A bushy growing plant, of erect branching habit, with light green leaves, which are tomentose on the under surface; the flowers are of a dark chocolate-purple colour, and are freely produced in nodding peduncled umbels; it is a native of New Zealand. 7s. 6d.

PITTOSPORUM EUGENIODES VARIEGATUM.

A slender evergreen plant, with pretty variegated foliage. It is of neat branching habit, with blackish-purple stems and branches, which are furnished with elliptic-oblong leaves of a pale green colour, bordered with white. Introduced from New Zealand. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PLECTRANTHUS FOETIDUS, 5s.

PLEROMA ELEGANS, 3s. 6d.

SARMENTOSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

POLYGALA CORDIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

DALMAISIANA, 3s. 6d.

POLYGONATUM OPPOSITIFOLIUM.

This species of Solomon's Seal is a fine herbaceous perennial from the Khasya Hills. Its white flowers are produced in axillary umbels; they are nodding, tubulose, and nearly an inch long; it is of graceful growth, and a very desirable plant of half-hardy character, flowering in the winter months. 5s.

PRIMULA FLORIBUNDA, 3s. 6d.

SINENSIS ALBA PLENA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

— FLORE-PLENO, of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

— — — EMPEROR, 5s.

— — — KING OF PURPLES, 5s.

— — — MAONIFICA, 5s.

— — — MISS EVA FISH, 7s. 6d.

— — — PRINCESS OF WALES, 5s.

VERTICILLATA SIMENSIS, 1s. 6d.

PROTEINOPHALLUS RIVIERI, *vide* Amorphophallus

PUNICA GRANATUM (POMEORANATE), 3s. 6d. & 5s.

GRANATUM ALBA PLENA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

— RUBRA PLENA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

— LEORELLII (Double Buff), 3s. 6d. & 5s.

REINECKIA CARNEA, 1s. 6d.

CARNEA VARIEGATA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

RHOEA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

JAPONICA ARGENTEA, 15s.

RHODODENDRONS, *vide* pages 85 to 87.

RHODOLEIA CHAMPIONI, 7s. 6d.

RHOPALA, *vide* page 63

RHYNCHOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES, *vide* Trachelospermum

RICHARDIA AFRICANA (*Calla aethiopica*), 1s. and 1s. 6d.

ALBO-MACULATA, 3s. 6d.

RUBUS ROSEFOLIUS CORONARIUS, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

SALVIAS, *vide* Bedding Plants

SANDERSONIA AURANTIACA, 3s. 6d.

SARRACENIA ATKINSONIANA.

A distinct hybrid raised between *S. flava maxima* and *S. purpurea*, and partaking most of the characters of the former parent. The pitchers are long, narrow and erect, green, with slight red ribs and reticulations. The lid is broad, cordate, green, and marked with red ribs and veins. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA ATROSANQUINEA, 1 guinea
CRISPATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SARRACENIA CHILSONI, 1 guinea
DRUMMONDII, *vide* page 79

SARRACENIA EXCELLENS.

A neat and pretty hybrid between *S. variolaris* and *S. Drummondii alba*. The pitchers are green becoming stained with close reticulations of purple-red near the upper end, the pallid spots being reddish externally. The lid is roundish and mottled with dark red. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA EXCULTA.

An erect-growing hybrid from *S. atropurpurea* crossed by *S. Drummondii*. The pitchers are erect and have rather a narrow wing. They are pale green below; the upper end, as well as the roundish incurved undulated lid, is strongly blotched with white and reticulated with crimson veins. 10s. 6d.



S. SWANIANA.

S. MITCHELLIANA.

SARRACENIA SWANIANA.
SARRACENIA MITCHELLIANA.

For description and prices, *vide* page 82.

SARRACENIA EXORNATA.

This is a hybrid between *S. purpurea* and *S. crispata*, and is a strong-growing plant. The pitchers are of the *purpurea* type, dark purple-red, revolute and glossy, the tube dark green covered with purple-red veins, with smaller and finer veins between. The lid is erect, the dark purple-red ribs running up through it and diverging. The marking throughout is bold and very effective. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA ILLUSTRATA.

This very striking hybrid was raised from *S. flava picta* crossed with *S. Stevensii*. It is a handsome erect-growing sort, with the habit of *S. flava*, and having long funnel-shaped pitchers strongly marked with longitudinal crimson ribs united by veins of a similar colour. The lid is distinctly marked by strong red curved veins, the throat being prettily veined. All the veins are of a deep crimson hue. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA MADDISONIANA.

A hybrid between *S. variolaris* and *S. psittacina*, dwarf in habit, with erectish, incurving, short broad pitchers, which are green with dull red veins externally. The lid is large, incurved over the tube, ovate and wavy, strongly ribbed with deep purple red veins. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA MITCHELLIANA.

An elegant hybrid between *S. Drummondii rubra* and *S. purpurea*. It is graceful in its aspect, the pitchers traversed by a profuse network of fine red veins, the whole changing later on to reddish-crimson. The lid is undulated, with a bold reticulation of deep crimson-red. For Illustration, *vide* page 81. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA RUBRA ACUMINATA.

This variety has erect pale green pitchers, becoming freely reticulated with crimson veins near the top of the tube, the inside of which is beautifully marked with the same colour. The lid is veined with crimson, the close reticulation of the tube being continued on the base of the lid inside. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA SWANIANA.

A very handsome and well-marked hybrid between *S. variolaris* and *S. purpurea*. Awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. It partakes most of the aspect of *S. purpurea*, but is more erect. The pitchers are funnel-shaped slightly incurved and greenish purple, the lid and the inside of the tube being reticulated with crimson veins. For Illustration, *vide* page 81. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA TOLLIANA.

A very handsome hybrid raised between *S. Drummondii alba* and *S. flava*. It is remarkable for its long, slender, funnel-shaped pitchers and very broad wing. The funnel is either wholly deep purple-red with darker ribs and veins, or greenish with dark purple ribs and veins. The lid is broad and reticulated with reddish purple. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA WILSONIANA.

A very distinct and striking plant, also a hybrid, raised between *S. purpurea* and *S. flava*, so distinct and pleasing as to have won a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. The pitchers are quite erect, green striped with deep purple-crimson ribs, more or less united by cross-veins. The wing is of medium width and veined with purple crimson. The lid is very broad and full, the inside closely reticulated with deep purple-crimson. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA FLAVA, 5s.

FLAVA ORNATA, *vide* page 83

— PICTA, 10s. 6d.

MOOREANA, 10s. 6d.

PSITTACINA, 1 guinea

PURPUREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SARRACENIA RUBRA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

STEVENSII, 7s. 6d.

VARIOLARIS, 7s. 6d.

SCHIZOPHRAGMA HYDRANGEOIDES, *vide*

Hydrangea scandens

SENECIO MACROGLOSSUS (The Cape Ivy), 3s. 6d.**SENECIO SPECIOSUS.**

The exceedingly bright and pretty magenta-coloured flowers of this plant make it very attractive; it is a half-hardy perennial introduced from South Africa, and is exceedingly floriferous, in a cool greenhouse its cheerful blossoms being successionally produced throughout the year; they are each about 1½ inch in diameter and are produced in large branching spikes. This charming *Senecio* is a striking object planted in the open borders during the temperate months of the year. 3s. 6d.

SESBANIA GRANDIFLORA.

This attractive plant belongs to the Leguminosæ, and is one of the largest flowering species known. Each raceme has usually four of its immense flowers, which individually are about three inches long, the standard ovate, wings long and falcate, the keel equalling the wings, and much recurved, the truncate calyx being about three quarters of an inch in depth. It has been introduced from Western Australia, and has elegantly pinnate leaves. 3s. 6d.

**SARRACENIA FLAVA ORNATA.**

This is a very distinct and handsome plant, remarkable for its bold and strongly-pronounced venation. The mouth of the pitcher is slightly trumpet-shaped, and recurved at the edge; the upper part of the pitcher is strongly marked with well-defined reticulations of dark purplish red, which are continued over the lid. It is a very handsome form, the contrast between its clear green and the bold red venation being striking and effective. The flowers are large and very attractive, of a bright yellow colour. Introduced from North America. 10s. 6d.

SMILAX AURICULATA.

An elegant evergreen climber of a half-hardy character, well suited for covering walls and pillars in conservatories and corridors, being a native of the Southern States of America. It has slender striate stems, furnished with glossy green leaves, widened at the base so as to become subhastate. 5s.

SOLANUM JASMINOIDES, 2s. 6d.

SOLLYA LINEARIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPARAXIS PULCHERRIMA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

SPARMANNIA AFRICANA FLORE-PLENO, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SPIGELIA SPLENDENS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

STATICE HOLFORDII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MACROPHYLLA, 5s.

STATICE PROFUSA (RATTRAYANA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.

STENOCARPUS CUNNINGHAMII, 5s. to 10s. 6d.

STRELITZIA REGINÆ, *vide* page 63

STREPTOSOLEN (BROWALLIA) JAMESONI, 1s. 6d.

TACSONIA ERIANTHA, 3s. 6d.

EXONIENSIS, 3s. 6d.

INSIONIS, 5s.

MANICATA, 3s. 6d.

TACSONIA JAMESONI.

A new species from Ecuador, producing beautiful flowers of a bright rich rose colour. 7s. 6d.

TACSONIA MOLLISSIMA, 3s. 6d.

PINNATISTIPULA, 3s. 6d.

TACSONIA TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA, 5s.

VAN VOLXEMI, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TECOMA ROSEA.

A remarkably handsome greenhouse climber of the Bignoniaceous order, imported from South Africa. It has opposite pinnate leaves, and bears magnificent racemes, three to four feet in length, of large showy trumpet-shaped flowers, which are of a rosy lilac colour. This beautiful plant can scarcely be too strongly recommended as a handsome showy climber. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

TECOMA, *vide* Bignonia

TESTUDINARIA ELEPHANTIPES, 1 guinea; fine specimens, price on application

THAMNOCALAMUS SPATHIFLORUS, 5s.

THEA BOHEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA, 3s. 6d.

TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM)

JASMINOIDES, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

(RHYNCHOSPERMUM) **JASMINOIDES ALBO-VARIEGATUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM) **JAS-**

MINOIDES LUTEO-VARIEGATUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA, 5s.

TREMANDRA ERICEFOLIA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HIRSUTA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

VERTICILLATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TRITONIA AUREA, 1s. 6d.

TROPEOLUM BRACHYCEPAS, 3s. 6d.

JARRATTII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TURRÆA HETEROPHYLLA.

A small-growing slender-branched shrub, a native of Natal. It has glabrous branches, and ovate undivided or three-lobed leaves, which fall away before the flowering season. The flowers are white, five-petalled, clustered at the end of the branches, and having the elongate ligulate petals longer than the staminal tubes. The *Turræas* form an interesting group of the *Meliacæ*. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VALLOTA PURPUREA, 2s. 6d.

PURPUREA MAJOR, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

VITIS HETEROPHYLLA VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

WITSENIA CORYMBOSA, 3s. 6d.

XYLOMELUM PYRIFORME, 10s. 6d.

YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

FILAMENTOSA VARIEGATA, 10s. 6d.

QUADRICOLOR, 1½ and 2 guineas.

ZAMIA, *vide* Index.

ZEPHYRANTHES TUBISPATHA, 9s. per dozen.

VERONICAS.

ANNETTE, pale bluish-purple, with distinct white eye. 1s. 6d.

BELLE FIANCÉE, very long spikes of large pure rose flowers, dark carmine eye, very floriferous, 3s. 6d.

BLUE GEM, a variety of neat habit, producing spikes of beautiful blue flowers. 1s.

CAROLINE, light lilac-blue, with small white eye; exceedingly free-flowering. 1s. 6d.

DISPLAY, rosy-crimson, with small white eye; free, and of good habit. 2s. 6d.

EVA, a compact growing variety, producing fine spikes of pretty pink flowers. 2s. 6d.

IMPERIALE, brilliant amaranth-red, changing deep to carmine-magenta. 1s. 6d.

FLEUR D'AUTOMNE, long spikes of rosy-violet flowers, dark rose centres, a novel colour. 3s. 6d.

JARDIN FLEURI, long spikes of dark carmine red flowers. 3s. 6d.

LA FÉE AUX ROSES, very long spike of bright rose flowers, very floriferous. 3s. 6d.

MADAME MOULINS, lavender violet, large carmine centre, shaded with amaranth, a remarkable variety. 3s. 6d.

M. J. MOULINS, immense spikes of pure rose flowers, edged with white; dark carmine rose centre. 3s. 6d.

THÉOPHILE ROQUES, a very floriferous dwarf variety, long spikes of soft rose flowers edged with white, white eye, of good habit. 3s. 6d.

REINE DES BLEUES, immense spike of very bright blue flowers, very free. 3s. 6d.

RUBENS, flowers large and fine, of a beautiful magenta colour. 2s. 6d.

VESTA, exceedingly floriferous; beautiful light blue, with attractive white centre. 1s. 6d.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS.

ÆRUGINOSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ANDERSONI, a handsome introduction from the Himalayas, giving very large and fine trusses of blossoms, which are of a bright rich carmine colour. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ASSAMICUM, a free-growing evergreen species, with narrow lanceolate densely-set leaves. The flowers are about $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches broad, pure milk-white, with a cream-coloured stain at the base of the upper lobe near the mouth of the tube. This distinct, free-flowering and handsome Rhododendron, as its name indicates, has been imported from Assam. 5s.

BARBATUM, bright scarlet flowers, distinct and effective. 5s.

BLANDFORDÆFLORUM. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CALOPHYLLUM, a handsome species, producing large funnel-shaped pure white flowers. 5s.

CILIATUM, bluish white; very free flowering. 2s. 6d.

CINNABARINUM. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CINNAMOMEUM, the under surface of the leaves of this variety is covered with a very thick woolly tomentum of an intense cinnamon colour. 5s.

COUNTESS OF DERBY, bell-shaped flowers of great substance and large size; pure white and most deliciously fragrant; a very free-blooming variety. 7s. 6d.

COUNTESS OF HADDINGTON, large bluish-white flowers; exceedingly beautiful. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DAVIESII, a free-growing hybrid of bushy habit, producing freely its trusses of beautiful flowers of a lustrous orange-red colour. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT, bright vermilion-red flowers of great substance; compact truss. 15s. and 1 guinea.

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH, large scarlet flowers, very beautiful. 15s. and 1 guinea.

DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND, a robust growing variety, producing pure white sweet-scented flowers, with a beautifully fringed margin. 5s.

DUCHESS OF TECK, buff-yellow, shaded with scarlet, very fine. 15s. and 1 guinea.

EDGORTHII, a handsome free-flowering species, with large pure white spreading cup-shaped fragrant flowers. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

EMBLEM, this produces immense heads of long-tubed flowers; the tube bluish and the segments of a beautiful rich bright pink colour; exceedingly handsome and attractive. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.

FALCONERI, magnificently ornamental; this species has the largest leaves in the genus. 5s. & 7s. 6d.

FORMOSUM GRANDIFLORUM, a free-blooming variety, with finely formed pure white flowers; a neat growing kind, and very useful for conservatory decoration. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FRAGRANTISSIMUM, deliciously fragrant flowers, of the purest white, lightly spotted with ochre on the upper segment; the back of the flower pencilled and shaded with rose. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

FULGENS, rich fiery crimson; extremely showy and effective; compact habit. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GIBSONI, 3s. 6d.

HENRYANUM, a beautiful variety with pure white sweet-scented flowers. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

HIMALAICUM, this variety produces fine large handsome trusses of bright carmine flowers. 3s. 6d.

HODGSONI, a splendid species, producing superb bouquets of rose-coloured flowers. 10s. 6d.

JAMESONI, this variety produces large terminal trusses of handsome bright red flowers. 3s. 6d. & 5s.

JASMINIFLORUM, an elegant free-blooming species, with fragrant white flower tubes, borne successively in clusters. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

JENKINSII, flowers exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of snowy whiteness; the handsome wax-like attractive blossoms render it a most beautiful plant for conservatory decoration. 5s.

LADY ALICE FITZWILLIAM, clusters of white blooms, each flower three and a half to four inches across. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LADY SKELMERSDALE, pure white trumpet-shaped fragrant flowers; very handsome 5s.

MRS. JAMES SHAW, a variety of bushy habit, producing in profusion pure white sweet-scented flowers, which are cup-shaped and of great substance. 5s.

MULTIFLORUM, bears a profusion of beautiful white flowers; of dwarf and bushy habit, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NILAGIRICUM, a splendid species from the Neilgherry Hills and Nepal, producing immense terminal trusses of fine large showy flowers, of a beautiful bluish colour, blended with deep rich rose and shaded with soft rose; light throat. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

NIVEUM, beautiful flowers of a pale lilac colour, spotted with darker lilac on the upper lobe; tube of the corolla yellowish; foliage shining green, the under surface white. 5s.

NUTTALLII, a magnificent species; flowers pure white, the largest of the genus. 5s.

OCRACEUM, the under surface of the foliage of this variety is ochre-coloured. 5s.

PINK BEAUTY, vide page 86.

PRINCE LEOPOLD, a beautiful flower; fawn and rose with rose centre. 15s. and 1 guinea.

PRINCE OF WALES, a fine variety producing reddish orange flowers. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, a pretty hybrid variety, of compact growth, with similar flowers to those of *R. jasminiflorum*, but larger and longer tubed, pure white, with pink stamens. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PRINCESS ALICE, a neat dwarf bushy-growing variety of the *ciliatum* type, producing clusters of deliciously-scented bell-shaped white flowers, flushed with pink. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PRINCESS HELENA, this pretty hybrid form, with *R. Princess Alexandra*, was obtained from a cross with *R. jasminiflorum*, but is readily distinguished from it by its much longer tubed flowers, of a delicately tinted soft pink colour, streaked with dark shades. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS—continued.

PRINCESS ROYAL, a handsome and distinct variety of neat compact growth, with clusters of richly-shaded, rose coloured, funnel-shaped flower tubes. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

RETUSUM, this distinct species produces clusters of tubular orange-coloured flowers. 5s. and 7s. 6d.



RHODODENDRON PINK BEAUTY.

RHODODENDRON PINK BEAUTY.

A remarkably beautiful hybrid, producing immense trusses of fine large flowers, of a delicate soft pink colour, with long blush-white tube. This handsome hybrid belongs to the perpetual-blooming section of greenhouse Rhododendrons. 7s. 6d., 10s 6d. and 15s.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS—continued.

- ROSALIND**, a charming hybrid of neat compact habit, and very free blooming; it produces fine clusters of beautiful long-tubed flowers of a delicate soft pink shade; a most pleasing and effective variety. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- ROSY GEM**, a charmingly attractive hybrid, producing large heads of long-tubed flowers of a rich rose colour, the edges of the segments deep pink, the exterior of the tube blush-white. This will be found a most desirable acquisition for the greenhouse. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- SESTERIANUM**, fine large fragrant white flowers. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- TAYLORI**, rich bright pink flowers with white tube; a splendid variety producing fine large trusses. 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- THIBAUDIENSE**, this remarkable Rhododendron has been introduced from Bhotan; its bright red tubular flowers are produced in terminal trusses, in form somewhat resembling those of the *Correas* and *Thibaudias*, and having the same alabaster-like translucent lustre, hence its name. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- THOMSONI**, bright scarlet cup-like flowers of good form. 5s.
- TUBULATUM**, a fine variety, with large tubular pure white flowers; it is a most useful plant for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory. 5s.
- VEITCHIANUM**, a beautiful species, with very large white flowers, relieved by a yellow centre or base, and elegantly fringed or frilled on the margin. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- VIRGATUM**, tube of the corolla short and obconical, with the limb segments spreading; in the different plants that have been raised from seed, the flowers vary in hue from blush to white. 5s.
- VIRGATUM HYBRIDUM**, a neat-habited bushy-growing variety, producing fine trusses of beautiful pure white flowers of good form. 5s.
- VIRGINALE**, the pure white flowers of this beautiful variety are large and funnel-shaped; it has leathery dark green foliage, and forms a splendid plant for conservatory decoration, the great size and snowy whiteness of its blossoms rendering it extremely attractive. 5s.

ABUTILONS.

- ALBERT DÉLAUX**, very dwarf variety, large rosy mauve flowers, with dark rose nervations; suitable for growing in pots. 5s.
- AMARANTINA**, fine well-formed flowers, brilliant purple amaranth; very floriferous. 5s.
- AURELIA**, bright golden yellow. 1s. 6d.
- BLANDII**, deep yellow, veined dark crimson, and reticulated light crimson. 2s. 6d.
- BOULE DE NEIGE**, white. 1s.
- BOULE D'OR**, golden yellow, 1s. 6d.
- BRILLIANT**, bright red, free, and of dwarf habit. Received First Class Certificate. 2s. 6d.
- CERISE UNIQUE**, immense bright cerise flowers, of perfect shape, with purplish crimson nervations at the base of petals. 5s.
- CLOCHETTE FLEURIE**, dark violet-amaranth, with purple centre and veins. 3s. 6d.
- CLOTH OF GOLD**, fine smooth golden flowers of great substance. First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. 2s. 6d.
- CONQUETE**, a beautiful and very dwarf growing variety, whitish rose, throat dark carmine, with bright rose nervations. 5s.
- COURONNE D'OR**, downy leaves, large bell-shaped flowers of a beautiful deep sulphur-yellow colour. 1s. 6d.
- CRITERION**, a very fine and distinctly coloured variety. 1s. 6d.
- DARWINII**, 1s.
- **SUPERBUM**, 1s.
- **TESSELLATUM**, 1s. 6d.
- DESBOISI**, bright rose colour. 1s. 6d.
- ECLIPSE**, a fine large round flower of a rich orange-scarlet colour, shaded crimson, and veined purple. 1s. 6d.
- EDOUARD LAYELLON**, deep rich golden yellow, flushed with rose. 2s. 6d.
- EMPEROR**, fine large dark crimson flowers. Received First Class Certificate. 2s. 6d.
- EVELINE**, blush, shaded with pink, and beautifully veined with deep rose. 2s. 6d.
- FUTURE FAME**, very deep rose shaded crimson. 2s. 6d.
- G. DÉLAUX**, rich reddish carmine, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.
- GLOIRE DE SAINT-MARTIN**, a large globular flower of a bright chamois-salmon colour, veined with violet-rose. 3s. 6d.
- KING OF CRIMSONS**, deep rich crimson flowers of great substance, extra fine. 2s. 6d.
- KING OF ROSES**, flowers rich deep rose, of great substance. 2s. 6d.
- LE CANDEUR**, a large well-formed pure white flower of globular shape. 2s. 6d.
- LA LORRAINE**, bright red. 1s. 6d.
- LE GRELOT**, delicate rose colour. 1s. 6d.
- LOUISE DÉLAUX**, an extremely dwarf and very floriferous variety, with beautiful white flowers of good shape. 5s.
- LUSTROUS**, freely produces fine-shaped bright red flowers. 2s. 6d.
- L. VAN HOUTTE**, mauve-purple. 1s. 6d.
- LYDIA**, light yellow, flushed crimson, and reticulated with bright crimson. 2s. 6d.
- MDLE. ANNA DÉLAUX**, rose, marked with white, and veined dark rose. 2s. 6d.
- MARSHAL**, reddish cinnamon, shaded with orange, and veined with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIEGATUM**. 1s. 6d.
- MISS TERRY**, deep yellow, with rose veins, very distinct. 2s. 6d.
- MR. IRVING**, deep scarlet, shaded crimson, a very attractive colour. 2s. 6d.
- MODIOLA**, bright rosy crimson, veined with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR DÉLAUX**, crimson-amaranth, shaded violet-purple; white throat. 2s. 6d.

ABUTILONS—continued.

- MONSIEUR ED. PYNAERT VAN GEERT**, amaranth-purple, veined with very dark brownish carmine, pure white throat. 3s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR LOUIS MARIIGNAC**, rose; reverse of petals of a silvery hue. 1s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR MOULINS**, cream colour, distinctly veined with violet-rose; throat reddish chocolate; dwarf and free. 1s.
- MONSIEUR PERPIGNAN**, a fine large flower of a bright reddish orange colour, veined with yellow and crimson, dark yellow throat. 3s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR VIVIAND-MOREL**, a very large fine flower of a violet-colour, shaded with amaranth, and darkly veined. 3s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR B. MODESTE**, rich bright crimson-red, veined with dark crimson; showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR PETIT**, rich reddish crimson colour, shaded with crimson-violet, and veined with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.
- PHYLLIS**, a large round flower, of a very pale lemon-yellow colour. 2s. 6d.
- PROGNE**, a large well-formed flower of a rich magenta-rose colour. 2s. 6d.
- PURPUREUM**, very fine purple-coloured flowers, shaded with magenta. 2s. 6d.
- RICHESE**, bright rose, marked with silvery white, and veined with dark rose; very fine. 2s. 6d.
- ROSEUM COMPACTUM**, deep rose, very dwarf and compact. 2s. 6d.
- ROSINA**, delicate bluish veined with rose; a fine large flower of good form. 2s. 6d.
- ROSY MORN**, a beautiful flower of a bright rose colour. 1s. 6d.
- ROYAL SCARLET**, a beautiful waxy flower of a brilliant fiery scarlet; dwarf habit. 1s. 6d.
- SCARLET GEM**, very distinct, produces its brilliant red flowers when only a few inches high. 2s. 6d.
- SELLOWIANUM VARIEGATUM**, 2s. 6d.
- SERAPH**, pure white. 1s. 6d.
- SILVER BELL**, French white, with deep red veins, very distinct and pretty. 2s. 6d.
- STRIATUM SPLENDIDUM**, bright orange, striped with rich crimson. 1s.
- THE PREMIER**, very large rosy purple flowers of intense brightness. 2s. 6d.
- THOMSONI PLENUM**, fine double deep rich orange flowers, shaded and streaked with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- TRIBUTE**, blush pink, veined with rose, and flushed with lilac. 2s. 6d.
- TROPHY**, yellow, veined with carmine. 2s. 6d.
- VENOSUM ROSEUM**, soft rose. 1s. 6d.
- VITIFOLIUM**
- VIVID COMPACTUM**, large bright scarlet flowers, compact habit. 2s. 6d.
- ZARA**, clear lemon-yellow. 2s. 6d.

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE HARDY PLANTS.

ACER PLATANOIDES SCHWEDLERI, 3s. 6d.
POLYMORPHUM ATROPURPUREUM, 3s. 6d.

ACIPHYLLA SQUARROSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
ACORUS JAPONICUS SIEBOLDII STRIATUS, 2s. 6d.

AGAVE UTAHENSE.

A distinct hardy species from the Rocky Mountains, with narrow silvery leaves, radiating, and as it were, forming a star. 3s. 6d.

ALPINE PLANTS.

Choice selections of these pretty plants, suitable for Rock-work, &c. 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

AINSLIEA APTERA, 5s.
AKEBIA QUINATA, 1s. 6d.
ALSTROMERIA CHILENSIS, 1s.
ALTHÆA FRUTEX, *vide* *Hibiscus syriacus*
AMARYLLIS BELLADONNA, 9d. and 1s. each; 6s. and 9s. per dozen
AMPELOPSIS SEMPELVIRENS, 5s.
TRICUSPIDATA, (*Vitis japonica*), 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.
AMYGDALUS PERSICA FOLIS PURPUREIS, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
PERSICA, other sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
ANDROMEDA JAPONICA, 5s.
ARALIA MAXIMOWICZII, new and distinct, 3s. 6d.

ARISEMA CORNUTUM (*Sauromatum guttatum*), 3s. 6d.
ARUNDO CONSPICUA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA, 1s.
ASPIDISTRA LURIDA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
LURIDA VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.
ASTILBE BARBATA (*Hortia japonica*, *Spiraea barbata*), 1s.
AUCUBA JAPONICA FEMINA, various sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
JAPONICA LUTEO-PICTA, 7s. 6d.
MASCULA, various sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
AZALEA LINEARIFOLIA, 5s.

AZALEA MOLLIS.

This useful hardy Japanese shrub cannot be too strongly recommended, for it is invaluable either grown in pots, for forcing, for greenhouse or conservatory decoration, for beds or grouping in the open borders. It blossoms in a profuse manner, the large funnel-shaped flowers ranging in colour from rosy-salmon through various shades of yellow to bright orange. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

AZALEAS, hardy varieties, of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen
AZARA MICROPHYLLA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
BAMBUSA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA, 1s. 6d.
MAXIMOWICZII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BAMBUSA METAKE, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
NIGRA, 3s. 6d.
NANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SIMONII, 3s. 6d.
TRICOLOR, 7s. 6d.

BERBERIS AMURENSIS, 5s.

CORDIFORMIS, 5s.

HETEROPODA, 5s.

STENOPHYLLA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

THUNDERBOLT, 5s.

of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BESSERA ELEOANS, 6s. per dozen**BETULA ALBA FOLII ATROPURPUREIS, 3s. 6d.****BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**

RADICANS MAJOR, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

BOCCONIA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d.**CALOCHORTUS, of sorts, 12s. per dozen****CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS (ALLSPICE TREE)**

1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PRECOX, *vide* *Chimonanthus fragrans***CAMPANULA TURBINATA, 1s.****CAMPANULA PUNCTATA.**

A fine hardy herbaceous perennial, growing about a foot high, and bearing large nodding flowers nearly or quite two inches long; white, spotted inside with purple. It is a native of Eastern Siberia, Dahuria and Japan. 3s. 6d.

CARPENTARIA CALIFORNICA.

A new Californian shrub, producing large terminal bunches of white flowers, which have a similar fragrance to that of the *Philadelphus*; it is extremely ornamental. 3s. 6d.

CEANOTHUS ALBERT PITTET, 2s. 6d.

ARNOULDII, 2s. 6d.

AZUREUS ORANDIFLORUS, 2s. 6d.

GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES, 2s. 6d.

SPECTABILIS ROSEA, 2s. 6d.

CEANOTHUS of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**CHOISYA TERNATA, 2s. 6d.****CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.****CHRYSANTHEMUMS, *vide* Index.****CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM, 5s.****CLEMATIS.**

As hardy climbers, the large-flowered hybrid varieties cannot be too strongly recommended, for they are of easy and free growth, profuse bloomers, and the colours of the different sorts are varied and distinct, such as light and dark blue, white, plum, silvery-grey, violet, lavender, rosy-purple, mauve, &c. Price 18s. and 30s. per dozen. New varieties 42s. per dozen.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA.

A hardy climbing plant, furnished with pinnately decomposed leaves. The flowers are white, in axillary panicles, numerous, sweet-scented, and resembling those of *C. Flammula*. It is a native of Japan, where it is found in the neighbourhood of Nagasaki. 3s. 6d.

CLEMATIS COCCINEA, 3s. 6d.**CORNUS BRACHYPODA, 1s. 6d.**

MASCULA AUREO-ELEGANTISSIMUS, 2s. 6d.

CORYLOPSIS SPICATA, 2s. 6d.**CORYLUS AVELLANA AUREA, 7s. 6d.****CRATEGUS CARRIÈRI, large white flowers, turning to rose, fruit as large as a cherry. 5s.**

LÆLANDII, 1s.

ORIENTALIS SANGUINEA, 2s. 6d.

CRINUM CAPENSE ALBUM, 1s. 6d.

CAPENSE ROSEUM, 1s. 6d.

CYCLAMEN EUROPEUM, 6s. per dozen.**CYDONIA JAPONICA, of sorts, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.****CYPRIPEDIUM ACAULE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**

SPECTABILE, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DELPHINIUMS, of sorts, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.**DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.****DEUTZIA CRENATA CANDIDISSIMA PLENA, 2s. 6d.****DEUTZIA PRIDE OF ROCHESTER, 2s. 6d.****DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS, 1s. and 1s. 6d.****DIMORPHANTHUS MANDCHURICUS, 1s. 6d.****EREMURUS ROBUSTUS, 5s.****ERIGERON AURANTIACUM, 2s. 6d.****ERYTHRINA, *vide* pages 41 and 76****ESCALLONIA MACRANTHA, 2s. 6d.****EUCRYPHIA PINNATIFOLIA, 10s. 6d.****EUGENIA UGNI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.****EULALIA JAPONICA ALBO-LINEATA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.**

JAPONICA ZEBRINA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

FRAXINUS MANDCHURICUS, 3s. 6d.

POTAMOPHILA, 3s. 6d.

FREESIA LEICHTLINII, 6s. per dozen

REFRACTA, 9s. per dozen

— ALBA, 12s. per dozen

GEUM STRICTUM, 1s. 6d.**GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.****GUNNERA SCABRA, 3s. 6d.****HALESIA (PTEROSTYRAX) HISPIDA.**

The leaves of this hardy shrub are as large as those of a deciduous Magnolia; it gives in spring large bunches of white flowers. 3s. 6d.

HEDERA HELIX AURANTIACA, this is the scarlet berried Ivy, 3s. 6d.

AMURENSIS, 3s. 6d.

HEDERA ATROPURPUREA, 3s. 6d.**HEMEROCALLIS, of sorts, 9d. and 1s.****HERBACEOUS PLANTS.**

Choice selections of these useful hardy border plants, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS (ALTHEA FRUTEX), 1s.

SYRIACUS AMPLISSIMUS, 1s. 6d.

— ALBO-PLENUM, 1s. 6d.

— AMARANTHE, 1s. 6d.

— ARDENS, 1s. 6d.

— BICOLOR HYBRIDUS, 1s. 6d.

— BOULE DE FEU, 1s. 6d.

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS CARNEUS PLENUM, 1s. 6d.

SYRIACUS COMTE DE FLANDRE, 1s. 6d.

— DE HAINAULT, 1s. 6d.

— CELESTIS, 1s. 6d.

— CERULEUS PLENUM, 1s. 6d.

— ELEGANTISSIMUS, 1s. 6d.

— FASTUOSUS, 1s. 6d.



LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE.

LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE.

A magnificent Lily, one of the finest of its section; the blossoms are creamy white, deliciously fragrant, and nearly a foot long; it is of free growth, and admirably adapted for conservatory decoration. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS GRANDIFLORUS SUPERBUS, 1s. 6d.

- SYRIACUS LADY STANLEY, 1s. 6d.
 — MONSTROSUS, 1s. 6d.
 — PEONIAEFLOREUS, 1s. 6d.
 — PULCHERRIMUS PLENUS, 1s. 6d.
 — PUNICEUS PLENUS, 1s. 6d.
 — PURPUREUS RUBER FLOREPLENISSIMO, 1s. 6d.
 — — VARIEGATUS, 1s. 6d.
 — ROSEUS PLENUS, 1s. 6d.
 — SPECIOSUS, 1s. 6d.
 — SPECIOSUS RUBER, 1s. 6d.
 — SPECTABILIS FL. PL., 1s. 6d.
 — TOTUS ALBUS, 1s. 6d.

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS VARIEGATUS PLENUS, 1s. 6d.

- SYRIACUS VIOACEUS ATROPURPUREUS FLOREPLENISSIMO, 1s. 6d.
 — VIOACEUS VARIEGATUS, 1s. 6d.

HOTEIA JAPONICA, *vide* Astilbe barbata**HYACINTHUS CANDICANS**, 9s. and 12s. per doz.**HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA**, 1s. and 1s. 6d.**HYPERICUM PATULUM**, 1s. 6d.**IDESIA POLYCARPA** (POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII), 2s. 6d.**IRIS CRISTATA**, 1s. 6d.**HEXAGONA**, 10s. 6d.**IBERICA**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.**IRIS KÄMPFERI.**

A magnificent collection of this handsome and attractive plant has been imported from Japan. Scarcely any plants in the flower garden can compare for gorgeous beauty with this section of Iris; they can therefore be most highly recommended. 3s. 6d.; choice varieties, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

IRIS ROBINSONIANA, *vide* page 77**SUSIANA**, 1s.**TECTORUM**, 3s. 6d.**JUNCUS LETEVIRENS**, 3s. 6d.**ZEBRINUS**, *vide* Scirpus Tabernaemontani zebrius**KOLREUTERIA PANICULATA**, 1s. 6d.**LARDIZABALA BITERNATA**, 3s. 6d.**LAVATERA ARBOREA VARIEGATA**, *vide* page 77**LIATRIS PYCNOSTACHYA** (Kausas Gay Feather), 1s. 6d.**LIBERTIA FORMOSA**, 6d.**IXIODES**, 6d.**LILIUM AURATUM**, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**AURATUM CANDIDUM**, 10s. 6d.**— PLATYPHYLLUM**, 10s. 6d.

BATEMANE, a Japanese Lily, growing about three feet high, and giving richly coloured unspotted flowers of a bright apricot tint. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

BLOOMERIANUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BROWNII, very handsome large flowers, trumpet-shaped, internally white, externally purplish brown. 5s.

BULBIFERUM, 1s. 6d.**BYZANTINUM**, *vide* chalcodonicum**CALIFORNICUM**, 5s.**CALLOSUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**CANADENSE**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.**CANDIDUM**, 4d. and 6d.**— FLORE-PLENO**, 1s.

CHALCEDONICUM (BYZANTINUM), an effective and showy Lily, with brilliant scarlet flowers. 1s. 6d.

CONCOLOR, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**— CORIDION**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.**CORDIFOLIUM**, a rare Japanese Lily. 5s. & 7s. 6d.**CROCEUM** (AURANTIACUM), 4d.**DALMATIUM**, *vide* Martagon dalmaticum

DAVURICUM, the true species from Siberia. 2s. 6d.

— ERECTUM, 6d.**FULGIDUM** (SAPPHO), 6d.**— GRANDIFLORUM**, 6d.**— IMMACULATUM**, 6d.**— INCOMPARABILE**, 6d.**ELEGANS** (THUNBERGIANUM) ALUTACEUM, 6d.**— (THUNBERGIANUM) ATROSANGUINEUM** (FULGENS), 9d.**— (—) BICOLOR**, 3s. 6d.**— (—) FORMOSUM**, 3s. 6d.**— (—) HÆMATOCHROUM**, 7s. 6d.**— (—) LATRITIMUM** (BILIGULATUM), 1s.**LILIUM ELEGANS** (THUNBERGIANUM) MACULATUM, 2s. 6d.**ELEGANS** (THUNBERGIANUM) PRINCE OF ORANGE, 1s. 6d.**— (THUNBERGIANUM) SCINTILLANS**, 7s. 6d.**— (—) STAMINOSUM**, 1s. 6d.**EXCELSUM**, *vide* testaceum**EXIMIUM**, *vide* longiflorum eximium**GIGANTEUM**, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

HANSONI, bright golden yellow, spotted with crimson, 5s.

HUMBOLDTII, a splendid species from Humboldt county, California; quite hardy, and produces fine spikes, of from 6 to 20 large golden yellow flowers, spotted with purple. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

KAMSHATICUM (SARANA), 3s. 6d.

KRAMERI, an exceedingly elegant Lily, with large trumpet-shaped blossoms of a beautiful soft rose colour; the lobes of the flowers gracefully recurved. 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

LANCIPOLIUM, *vide* speciosum**LONGIFLORUM**, 6d. and 9d.**— EXIMIUM**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.**— FOL. ALBO-MARGINATIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

— HARRISII. This is the handsome free-flowering Easter Lily of Bermuda, invaluable for pot culture, its pure white flowers being borne in the greatest profusion. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— HARRISII, gigantic bulbs, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

— WILSONI, one of the handsomest white Lilies known. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

MARTAGON (Turk's Cap Lily). 6d.**— ALBUM**, 5s.**— AURANTIACUM**, *vide* pyrenaicum**— COCCINEUM**, *vide* chalcodonicum

— DALMATIUM, a very distinct and attractive Lily, producing beautiful flowers of a rich blackish purple colour. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— DALMATIUM CATTANLE, purple, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MONADELPHIUM SZOVITZIANUM, rich citron colour, spotted with black; anthers of a rich chocolate brown; flowers most deliciously fragrant; one of the best of the Lilies; when established, the flower stems grow from 3 to 4 feet high, and produce as many as twenty of its attractive blossoms. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE, *vide* page 90

PARDALINUM (**PUBERULUM**), a very showy hardy Lily, freely producing its fine flowers, which are of a rich golden orange colour, attractively spotted with maroon-purple. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PARRYI, flowers deep citron-yellow, with a few scattered purplish spots, and chocolate anthers; a desirable species and easily cultivated, 5s.

PHILADELPHICUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PHILIPPINENSE, 10s. 6d.

POMPONIUM, an elegant species with bright scarlet flowers. 1s. 6d.

PURPUREUM, *vide* pardalinum.

PULCHELLUM, a pretty neat growing Lily, with brilliant vermilion flowers, spotted with black, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PURPUREUM (**RUBESCENS**), 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PYRENAICUM, 9d. and 1s.

ROSEUM, *vide* Thomsonianum.

RUBESCENS, *vide* purpureum.

SPECIOSUM (**LANCIFOLIUM**) **ALBUM**, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.

— (**LANCIFOLIUM**) **ALBUM** **CORYMBIFLORUM**, 1s.

— () **CARMINATUM**, 5s.

— () **CRUENTUM**, 3s. 6d.

— () **KRETZERI**, exquisitely formed flowers, of snowy-whiteness; a great improvement on the ordinary white variety, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— () **MELPOMENE**, 5s.

— () **PUNCTATUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LILIUM SPECIOSUM (**LANCIFOLIUM**) **PURPUREUM**, 3s. 6d.

SPECIOSUM (**LANCIFOLIUM**) **ROSEUM**, 9d. and 1s.

— (**LANCIFOLIUM**) **RUBRUM**, 9d. and 1s.

— () **RUBRUM** **CORYMBIFLORUM**, 1s. 6d.

— () — **MAGNIFICUM**, 7s. 6d.

— () — **SUPERBUM**, 3s. 6d.

— () **SCHRYMAEKERI**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

SUPERBUM, 1s.

— **PYRAMIDALE**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SZOVITZIANUM, *vide* monadelphum Szovitzianum

TENUIFOLIUM, bright scarlet, of neat growth; a charming Lily, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

TESTACEUM (**EXCELSUM**), nankcen coloured flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

THUNBERGIANUM, *vide* elegans.

TIORNUM, 4d. and 6d.

— **FLORE-PLENO**, 9d. and 1s.

— **LEOPOLDII**, bright orange-scarlet, with large dark spots; exceedingly attractive; this and the double-flowered variety are the most handsome of the *tigrinum* section, 2s. 6d.

— **SPLENDENS**, 1s.

VENUSTUM, 1s. 6d.

WALLICHIANUM, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

WASHINGTONIANUM, this noble Lily inhabits the Western slope of the Californian Sierra Nevada; the flowers are white, slightly flushed with lilac, and sweet-scented, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Good and varied selections of Lilies made at 12s., 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

LIMONIA TRIFOLIATA, 3s. 6d.**MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

CONSPICUA, 3s. 6d.

LENNI, 5s.

PURPUREA, 2s. 6d.

SOULANGEANA, 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s. to 10s. 6d.

MALUS FLORIBUNDUS, 1s. 6d.

MALUS HALLEANA, a new and distinct Japanese sort, with narrow leaves and giving a profusion of pink flowers, 3s. 6d.

MAXIMOWICZIA CHINENSIS, 2s. 6d.

MECONOPSIS WALLICHII **FUSCO-PURPUREA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MONTERETIA CROCOSMEFLORA, 1s. 6d.

POTSII, 1s. 6d.

NEVIUSIA ALABAMENSIS.

A new shrub discovered in the state of Alabama by Dr. Nevius; it is extremely free-blooming, producing pure white flowers, and when in full blossom has the appearance of being covered with snow. It is well adapted for forcing. 7s. 6d.

MILLA BIFLORA, 5s. per dozen.**NYMPHÆA ALBA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.**OPUNTIA RAFINESQUIANA**, 2s. 6d.**PANAX SESSILIFLORUM**, 5s.

PÆONIA ARBOREA (Tree Pæony), choice sorts, 5s. each, 42s. per dozen.

PASSIFLORA CÆRULEA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE, "The Cork Tree of the Amoor," 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA "CONSTANCE ELIOTT."

This charming novelty is a seedling from *Passiflora cærulea*, and has been awarded a first-class certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. It is hardy, a free grower, and produces in the greatest profusion sweet scented, pure ivory-white flowers, almost without a trace of the bluish tinge peculiar to the type. The inner surface of the sepals and the petals is white; the coronal threads being ivory-white, tinged with yellow towards the tips. 5s.

PHILADELPHUS GRANDIFLORUS SPECIOSISSIMUS PLENUS.

An extremely beautiful and ornamental hardy shrub, producing very large white flowers, which have a full double centre, and are deliciously scented. 5s.

PHILADELPHUS KETELEERI **FLORE-PLENO**, 2s. 6d.

PHILADELPHUS MULTIPLORUS PLENUS, 5s.

PRIMUMÆFLORUS, 3s. 6d.

PHILADELPHUS MICROPHYLLUS.

A small-leaved species of dwarf and compact habit, introduced from California, freely produces large white flowers, most deliciously scented. 3s. 6d.

PHILADELPHUS ROSÆFLORUS PLENUS.

A splendid variety, producing fine large flowers which are very full and double, composed of large imbricated pure white petals. 7s. 6d.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s. and 18s. per doz.

PIERIS OVALIFOLIA DENSIFLORA.

An evergreen shrub of elegant character and vigorous constitution, introduced from Assam. The leaves are acuminate, of firm texture, and slightly scabrous. The flowers are white, and grow in racemes at the ends of the branches. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PIPER FUTOKADSURA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

| **POLYCARPA** MAXIMOWICZII, *vide* Idesia polycarpa

POLYGONUM MULTIFLORUM.

A free-growing climbing or trailing plant, of slender habit, with a tuberous root and terete stems, bearing on slender purplish petioles, cordate-ovate acuminate glabrous leaves of a shining satiny green colour, tinted with purple beneath. The flowers are small but very numerous, whitish, and borne in loose spreading panicles. The plant is a native both of China and Japan, but although the young shoots die down in winter, the rootstock has proved quite hardy. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

POLYGONUM SACHALINENSE.

A free-growing perennial herbaceous plant, producing stout erect branched stems, furnished with ovate oblong leaves, cordate at the base, having red footstalks, and traversed by a red mid-rib. The flowers grow in small compound racemes. It will form a distinct plant for the herbaceous border, and coming from the Amoor country is perfectly hardy. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

POPULUS CANADENSIS AUREUS VAN GEERTII,
foliage of an attractive golden hue. 3s. 6d.

POTENTILLA, handsome double-flowered
kinds. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA AMŒNA, *vide* P. Sieboldii

CARNIOLICA, 2s. 6d.

CASHMERIANA, 1s.

CORTUSOIDES ALBA, 2s. 6d.

— HYBRIDA, 1s. 6d.

INTERMEDIA, 3s. 6d.

— MINSTREL, 3s. 6d.

JAPONICA, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

— of sorts, 3s. 6d.

SIEBOLDII, 1s. 6d.

PRIMULA SIEBOLDII ALBA, 3s. 6d.

SIEBOLDII CLARKIFLORA, 3s. 6d.

— CÆRULEA ALBA, 3s. 6d.

— FIMBRIATA OCULATA, 3s. 6d.

— HERMIA, 3s. 6d.

— LACINIATA, 3s. 6d.

— — PERFECTA, 3s. 6d.

— — ROSEA, 3s. 6d.

— LAVATERA, 3s. 6d.

— LILACINA MARGINATA, 3s. 6d.

— OPIHELLA, 3s. 6d.

— PINK BEAUTY, 3s. 6d.

— VENUS, 3s. 6d.

— VIOLACEA, 3s. 6d.

PRUNUS PISSARDII.

A remarkably ornamental novelty, introduced from Persia; it has splendid foliage of a deep crimson-scarlet colour, and will be found a most effective plant for out-door decoration, the rich hue of its foliage being particularly attractive. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PRUNUS DOMESTICA FOLIIS VARIEGATIS, 3s. 6d.

SINENSIS ALBO-PLENA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

| **PRUNUS** SINENSIS RUBRO-PLENA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TRILOBIA, 1s. 6d.

RHEUM OFFICINALE.

Very much interest attaches to this plant, as being the ascertained source whence is derived the true Turkey Rhubarb. *R. officinale*, which inhabits and is cultivated in Thibet and Western China, is a very distinct and well-marked plant, of ornamental character. It is a perennial, producing three to seven-lobed leaves, and flowering stems four to ten feet high, branching in a paniculate manner, the branches spreading, and densely packed with spike-like greenish flowers. 2s. 6d.

RHEUM PALMATUM TANOHUTICUM, 2s. 6d.

RHODODENDRONS, choice hybrids of sorts, to
name, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RHUS GLABRA LACINIATA, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

| **RIBES** ALPINUM PUMILUM AUREUM, 5s.

RICHARDIA AFRICANA, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

ALBO-MACULATA, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

ROSA RUOOSA ALBA, 2s. 6d.

ROSA RUGOSA REGELIANA.

This attractive and ornamental plant has been introduced from Japan. The flowers are about three inches in diameter, composed of five petals of a most beautiful bright rosy crimson colour, and freely produced in large terminal clusters. They are succeeded by large hips of a rich rosy red colour. 2s. 6d.

RUBUS ARCTICUS FŒCUNDUS, 3s. 6d.

| **RUBUS** DELICIOSUS, 2s. 6d.



SCIRPUS TABERNÆMONTANI ZEBRINUS (JUNCUS ZEBRINUS).

This remarkable Japanese plant has a most peculiar appearance, the idea suggested by a group of it being that of a cluster of porcupine quills. The plant, which is a true *Scirpus*, throws up erect terete leaves, but these, instead of being green, are transversely banded with white and green, the colours being, in most cases, pretty evenly distributed; sometimes the white preponderates, the surface being either wholly white, or the green bands being narrower and less conspicuous; but in the best marked leaves the green and white portions occupy alternately nearly equal bands. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

RUBUS CRATÆGIFOLIUS.

Introduced from Manchuria. It is erect in growth, with large shining dark-green leaves, turning red in autumn. It gives a quantity of transparent scarlet fruits of a sugary and agreeable taste, very ornamental. 3s. 6d.

RUBUS FRUTICOSUS DENTATUS.

A very peculiar variety of our native Bramble; the stems are purple, and furnished with red thorns, the leaves are small, trifoliate, with the leaflets deeply inciso-dentate. It is of comparatively slender growth, and will form a hardy climber of a very elegant character. 3s. 6d.

RUBUS FRUTICOSUS KITTATINNY, 2s. 6d.

FRUTICOSUS MAMMOTH, 2s. 6d.

— NEW ROCHELLE, 2s. 6d.

— SNYDER, 2s. 6d.

— WILSON'S EARLY, 2s. 6d.

PARVIFOLIUS, the crimson fruited Bramble, 3s. 6d.

PHENICOLASIUS, 5s.

} highly esteemed American Blackberries.

SALIX BABYLONICA MAScula, 2s. 6d.

SALIX PENTANDRA, 1s. 6d.

SAUROMATUM, vide Arisema.

SAXIFRAGA CILIATA, 1s. 6d.

SAXIFRAGA PELTATA.

This remarkable and attractive plant is of robust growth, and has immense roundly lobed dark green leaves, about fifteen to eighteen inches in diameter. The flowers which are of a beautiful rose colour, are most abundantly borne on a tall erect spike, upwards of a foot in height. 1s. 6d.

SCIRPUS TABERNÆMONTANI ZEBRINUS, vide page 94.

SEDUM MAXIMOWICZII, 1s. 6d.

SPURIUM SPLENDENS, 1s. 6d.

SENECIO PULCHER, 1s. 6d.

SKIMMIA OBLATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SPIRÆA AMURENSIS, 1s. 6d.

ASTILBOIDES, vide page 96

BARBATA, vide Astilbe barbata.

PALMATA, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

SPIRÆA PALMATA ELEGANS.

A very distinct and pretty variety, in habit and foliage similar to *Spiræa palmata*, but with white flowers and conspicuous red stamens, which render it extremely effective. 2s. 6d.

STAPHYLEA COLCHICA, 3s. 6d.

STATICE LATIFOLIA, 1s.

STAUNTONIA LATIFOLIA, 2s. 6d.

STYRAX CALIFORNICA, vide page 15

STYRAX JAPONICA, 3s. 6d.

OBASSIA, 10s. 6d.

SYRINGA VULGARIS FLORE-PLENO LEMOINEI, vide page 97

SYRINGA HYACINTHIFLORA PLENA.

This attractive double-flowered variety was raised from a cross between *S. obtusa* and *S. azurea plena*; it produces fine large thyrses of blossom nearly six inches long and nearly four inches wide; the flowers are imbricated, well formed, of a pretty rosy lilac colour, and the buds are red. 2s. 6d.

SYRINGA VULGARIS FLORE-PLENO LE GAULOIS.

An extremely attractive variety producing large close thyrses of very double flowers, of a dark peach colour, light centres. 7s. 6d.

SYRINGA VULGARIS MATHIEU DE DOMBASLE.

A splendid double-flowered variety, producing immense thyrses nearly a foot long and from seven to nine inches broad; the buds are purplish and the expanded flowers of a beautiful reddish mauve colour. 5s.

SYRINGA VULGARIS RENONCULE.

A fine variety, giving long erect thyrses of very full double flowers, which are of an azur-mauve colour and have a very strong perfume. 3s. 6d.

SYRINGA VULGARIS RUBELLA PLENA.

An extremely floriferous variety, producing long erect thyrses of full double flowers, of a clear reddish violet colour; the buds are purple. 3s. 6d.

TIGRIDIA CONCHIFLORA, 3s. per dozen.

GRANDIFLORA, 3s. per dozen.

— ALBA, 6s. per dozen.

TRICYRTIS HIRTA, 1s.

HIRTA FLORE-NIGRO, 1s.

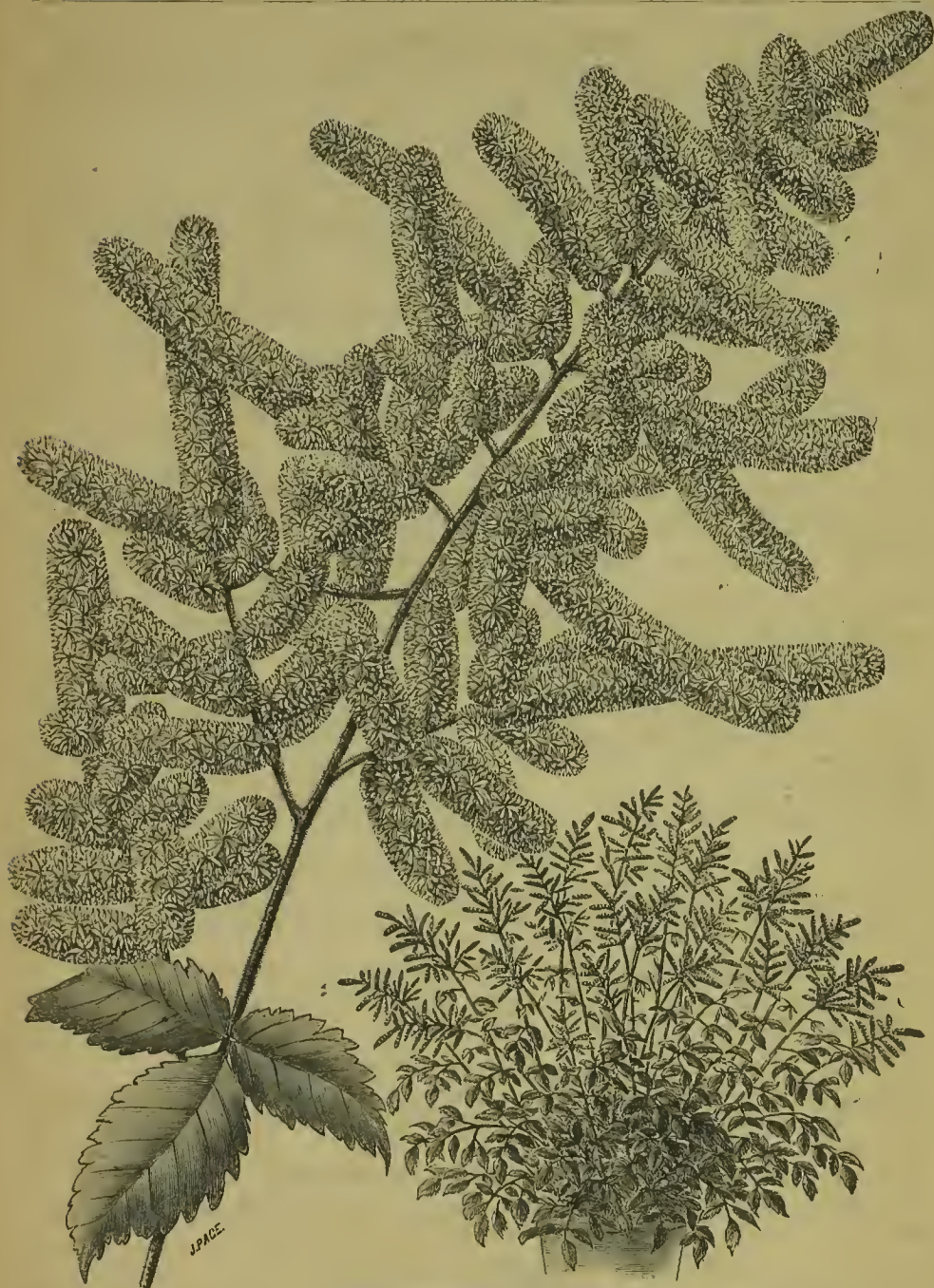
TRITOMA GRANDIS, 2s. 6d.

UVARIA GLAUDESCENS, 1s. 6d.

— GRANDIFLORA, 2s. 6d.

TRITONIA AUREA, 1s. 6d.

UMBILICUS LIEVENII, 2s. 6d.

**SPIRÆA ASTILBOIDES.**

One of the most handsome of hardy herbaceous perennials, which has been certificated both by the Royal Horticultural and Royal Botanic Societies on account of its great merit. The stems grow from two to three feet high, and are terminated by compound feathery branches of elegant white flowers. It will be a charming plant for pot culture on account of its free growth and beautiful flowers, which are produced in the greatest profusion. This is one of the Twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington, in 1882. 10s. 6d.



SYRINGA VULGARIS FLORE-PLENO LEMOINEI.

A beautiful variety of the *Lilac*, producing large pyramidal branched spikes, well furnished with double rosette-like flowers; the buds before opening are rose-coloured, and the fully expanded flowers are of a soft lilac shade; but the plant is more particularly charming when forced, in which state the blossoms are pure white; for this purpose it is admirably adapted, and is exceedingly useful for cutting for bouquets, as also for all kinds of decoration. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

VERONICAS.

Where the climate is mild these make handsome decorative shrubs for the open border, and produce freely an abundance of showy flowers. They are well adapted for training against low walls or trellises. *Vide* page 84.

VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII.

A bold and effective evergreen shrub, with dark brown warted branches, and opposite dark green flat leaves, which are thick, coriaceous, and laurel-like in character. The leaf-stalks are about an inch long, the blades broadly oblong oval, entire in the lower half, and obscurely and bluntly serrated towards the apex. It is a native of Japan. 5s.

VITIS JAPONICA, *vide* Ampelopsis tricuspidata

VINIFERA PURPURA, 5s.

WEIGELA ABEL CARRIERE, 1s. 6d.

AMABILIS LOOYMANSH AUREA, 1s. 6d.

WEIGELA AUG. WILHELM, 2s. 6d.

BERANGER, 2s. 6d.

DOCTEUR BAILLON, 1s. 6d.

EDOUARD ANDRÉ, 1s. 6d.

WEIGELA CANDIDA.

An extremely distinct variety, of vigorous habit and very free-blooming, producing fine large pure white flowers. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

WEIGELA DIDEROT.

A very attractive and free-blooming variety, with very large flowers of a brilliant red colour. 5s.

WEIGELA EMILE GALLÉ, 2s. 6d.

GLOIRE DES BOSQUETS, 3s. 6d.

WEIGELA GRATISSIMA, 2s. 6d.

HORTENSIS NIVEA, 1s. 6d.

WEIGELA JEAN MACE.

A distinct and free-blooming variety, producing fine large purple flowers; the buds are of a very dark crimson-purple colour; it is the darkest Weigela in cultivation. 3s. 6d.

WEIGELA MONTESQUIEU.

Fine reddish crimson flowers of perfect shape; a very handsome and distinct variety. 5s.

WEIGELA LAVALLEI, 1s. 6d.

PECHEUR FILS, 2s. 6d.

PURPUREA, 2s. 6d.

WISTARIA FRUTESCENS MAGNIFICA, 2s. 6d.

MULTIFUGA, a magnificent species, bearing bunches of bloom from two and a half to three feet long, 3s. 6d.

SINENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

WISTARIA SINENSIS ALBA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

SINENSIS FLORE-PLENO, 3s. 6d.

XANTHOCERAS SORBIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

YUCCA ANGUSTIFOLIA, 5s.

BREVIFOLIA, 5s.

MACROCARPA, 5s.

RECURVA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

— VARIEGATA, 7s. 6d.

OFFICINAL AND MEDICINAL PLANTS,
TROPICAL FRUITS, &c.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL's collection of living economic plants contains specimens of nearly all the spices and condiments in domestic use, many of the most highly esteemed tropical esculent fruits, many of those from which furniture and other woods are obtained, the principal gums and medicinal products, the poison trees from Java, Brazil, and Madagascar, at one time only heard of in tales of fiction, and plants which supply our daily beverages and food, as well as many of historical interest.

The individual prices of the following depend upon the size of the plants and rarity of the species, particulars of which can be furnished on application.

Selections left to W. B. at 2, 3 and 4 guineas per dozen; collections made at 5, 7 and 10 guineas.

Abyssinian Bauaua	Musa Enséte	Abyssinia
African Mangosteen	Garcinia Livingstonei	Africa
African Rubber	Landolphia Watsonii	Africa
Allspice	Eugenia Pimenta	W. Indies
Arabian Coffee	Coffea arabica	Yemen
Arrowroot	Maranta arundinacea	S. America
Arnotto Dye Plant	Bixa Orellana	Tropical America

Australian Banyan	<i>Ficus macrophylla</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Avocado Pear	<i>Persca gratissima</i>	<i>West Indies</i>
Balsam of Peru	<i>Myroxylon Pereira</i>	<i>Peru</i>
Bark of Commerce	<i>Cinchóna officinalis</i>	<i>Tropical America</i>
Betle Pepper	<i>Piper Bétle</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Bitter Aloe	<i>Aloe socotrina</i>	<i>Island of Socotra</i>
Bitter Quassia	<i>Quassia amara</i>	<i>Guiana</i>
Black Pepper	<i>Piper nigrum</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Brazil Nut	<i>Bertholletia excelsa</i>	<i>Brazil</i>
Butter Tree	<i>Bassia butyracea</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Cabbage Palm	<i>Euterpe edulis</i>	<i>Brazil</i>
Camphor	<i>Cámpora officinalis</i>	<i>Japan</i>
Candle Tree	<i>Parmentiera cereifera</i>	<i>Panama</i>
Caunon Ball Tree	<i>Couroupita guianensis</i>	<i>British Guiana</i>
Caontchone	<i>Castilleja elastica</i>	<i>Honduras</i>
Cape Chestnut	<i>Calodendron capense</i>	<i>Cape Colony</i>
Captain Cook's Tea Plant	<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	<i>New Zealand</i>
Cardamon	<i>Amomum Cardamomum</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Cascarilla Bark	<i>Croton Eluteria</i>	<i>Bahama Islands</i>
Cassia	<i>Cinnamomum Cassia</i>	<i>East Indies</i>
Cashew Nut	<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	<i>India</i>
Ceara Rubber	<i>Manihot Glaziovii</i>	<i>Brazil</i>
Chinese Plantain Tree	<i>Musa Cavendishii</i>	<i>China</i>
Cinnamon	<i>Cinnamomum zeylanicum</i>	<i>Ceylon</i>
Clove Tree	<i>Caryophyllus aromaticus</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Coca	<i>Erythroxylon Coca</i>	<i>Peru</i>
Cocoa	<i>Theobroma Cacao</i>	<i>Tropical America</i>
Coffee	<i>Coffea arabica</i>	<i>Yemen</i>
Contrayerva Root	<i>Dorstenia Contrayerva</i>	<i>S. America</i>
Cuba Bast	<i>Paritium elatum</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Cubeb Pepper	<i>Piper Cubeba</i>	<i>Java</i>
Cundurango	<i>Gonolobus Cundurango</i>	<i>S. America</i>
Date	<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>	<i>Levant</i>
Durian	<i>Durio zibethinus</i>	<i>India</i>
Edible-fruited Passion Flower	<i>Passiflora edulis</i>	<i>Brazil</i>
Edible Vangueria	<i>Vangueria edulis</i>	<i>Madagascar</i>
Fiddle Wood	<i>Citharexylon quadrangulare</i>	<i>Jamaica</i>
Flame Tree	<i>Brachychiton acerifolium</i>	<i>New South Wales</i>
Funstick Wood	<i>Maclura tinctoria</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Gamboge	<i>Zanthoxylum pictorius</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Gigantic Granadilla	<i>Passiflora macrocarpa</i>	<i>Rio Negro</i>
Ginger	<i>Zingiber officinale</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Granadilla	<i>Passiflora quadrangularis</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Guarana Tea Plant	<i>Paullinia sorbilis</i>	<i>Brazil</i>
Gnava	<i>Psidium Cattleianum</i>	<i>Brazil</i>
Ipeacuanha	<i>Cephaelis Ipeacuanha</i>	<i>Brazil</i>
Ivory Nut Palm	<i>Phytelephas macrocarpa</i>	<i>Peru</i>
Jack Fruit	<i>Artocarpus integrifolia</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Jalap	<i>Exogonium purga</i>	<i>Mexican Andes</i>
Japan Cinnamon	<i>Cinnamomum sericeum</i>	<i>Japan</i>
Japanese Pepper	<i>Piper Futokadsura</i>	<i>Japan</i>
Kokum Oil	<i>Garcinia indica</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Kola Nut	<i>Cola acuminata</i>	<i>Niger</i>
Latanier Palm	<i>Latania borbonica</i>	<i>Bourbon</i>
Ledger's Bark	<i>Cinchóna Ledgeriana</i>	<i>S. America</i>
Lemon Grass	<i>Cymbopogon Schœnanthus</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Liberian Coffee	<i>Coffea liberica</i>	<i>Africa</i>
Loquat	<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i>	<i>Japan</i>
Mahogany Tree	<i>Swietenia Mahagoni</i>	<i>W. Indies</i>
Mango	<i>Mangifera indica</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Mangosteen	<i>Garcinia Mangostana</i>	<i>Java</i>
Manilla Hemp	<i>Musa textilis</i>	<i>Philippine Isles</i>
Matico	<i>Artanthe elongata</i>	<i>Peru</i>
Milk Tree	<i>Galactodendron utile</i>	<i>S. America</i>
Moreton Bay Chestnut	<i>Castanospermum australe</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Mustard Tree of Scripture	<i>Salvadora persica</i>	<i>Persia</i>
Nardoo	<i>Marsilea macropus</i>	<i>Australia</i>
New Caledonian Apple	<i>Eugenia magnifica</i>	<i>New Caledonia</i>
New Zealand Tea Plant	<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	<i>New Zealand</i>
Nutmeg	<i>Myristica moschata</i>	<i>E. Indies</i>
Palissander Wood	<i>Machierium firmum</i>	<i>S. America</i>

Para Rubber	Hévea brasiliensis	Brazil
Patchouli Scent Plant	Pogostémon Patchouli	E. Indies
Poison Bulb	Buphâno (Brunsvigia) toxicaria	Natal
Poison Nut	Thevetia neriiifolia	W. Indies
Queensland Nut	Macadâmia ternifolia	Queensland
Rhea Fibre Plant	Bôhmeria nivea	India
Rhubarb	Rhéum officinâlo	China
Sand Box Tree	Hura crepitans	S. America
Sarsaparilla	Smilax Sarsaparilla	N. America
Satin Wood	Chlorôxylon Swioténia	E. Indies
Snake Wood	Cecrôpia palmata	S. America
Soap Berry	Quillaja saponaria	S. America
Sour Sop	Anóna muricata	W. Indies
South American Papaw	Cárica cundinamarcensis	Colombia
Star Apple	Chrysophyllum Cainito	W. Indies
Sugar Cane	Sáccharum officinarum	India
Sycamore Tree of Scripture	Ficus Sycomorus	Egypt
Tamarind Tree	Tamarindus indica	E. Indies
Tea	Théa Bohéa	China
Telegraph or Moving Plant	Desmódium gyans	E. Indies
Tonga	Epipremnum mirábilo	South Sea Islands
Tonquin Bean	Dipterix odorata	Guiana
Traveller's Tree	Ravenála madagascariensis	Madagascar
Turkey Rhubarb	Rhéum tanghúticum	Asia
Turpentine Tree	Pistácia Terebinthus	S. Europe
Vanilla	Vanilla aromática	S. America
Zerumbet Ginger	Zingiber Zerumbet	E. Indies

Purchasers of Official and Medicinal Plants, Tropical Fruits, &c., can have selections of living specimens made by W. B. from the preceding at 2, 3 and 4 guineas per dozen; or collections made at 5, 7 and 10 guineas. The difference in price principally depends upon the size of the plants, and the rarity of the species.

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In Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Establishment will be found the largest and best stock in Europe of good established plants—tens of thousands of plants to select from. His Orchid Houses are always quite a sight, from the large number of plants in flower, and he will be pleased to show them to anyone interested in this beautiful class.

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S, distinguishes the stove kinds; I, intermediate house; C, cool house.

Those marked thus (*) are winter-blooming kinds.

I ACANTHEPHIPIUM STRIATUM	Assam	7s. 6d.
I ACINETA BARKERI	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I ERYTHROXANTHA	South America	
I HUMBOLDTII (superba)	Colombia	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
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I LUTEOLA	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*C ADA AURANTIACA	Pamplona	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
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S CYLINDRICUM (vandarum)	East Indies	63s. and 84s.
S EMERON	Andamau Islands	84s. and 105s.

<i>I</i>	AERIDES FIELDINGII (Fox Brush)	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>I</i>	FIELDINGII RUBRUM	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	HOULLETTIANUM	Cochin China	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i>	HUTTONI	East Indies	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	JAPONICUM	Japan	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	LARPENTÆ	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	LAWRENCEÆ	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	LEEANUM, <i>vide</i> A. HUTTONI		
<i>I</i>	LINDLEYANUM	Coonor	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	LOBBII	Moulmein	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	— RUBRUM	Moulmein	
<i>S</i>	MACULOSUM	Bombay	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— SUPERBUM	Bombay	
<i>S</i>	NOBILE	India	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	ODORATUM (cornutum)	East Indies	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— MAJUS	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— PURPURASCENS	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	ORNITHORRHYNCHUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	QUINQUEVULNERUM	Philippine Islands	5s., 7s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>S</i>	REGNIERI	Cochin China	
<i>S</i>	ROHANIANUM	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	RUBRUM	Bombay	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i>	SUAVISSIMUM	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	THIBAUTIANUM	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	VANDARUM, <i>vide</i> AÆ. CYLINDRICUM		
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<i>S</i>	LOWII	Borneo	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	SETACEUS CORDATUS	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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<i>S</i>	ARTICULATUM	Madagascar	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	BILOBUM	Cape Coast Castle	
<i>S</i>	CHAILLUANUM	West Coast of Africa	
<i>S</i>	CITRATUM	Madagascar	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	— MAJUS	Madagascar	
<i>S</i>	DISTICHUM	West Coast of Africa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>*S</i>	EBURNEUM (SUPERBUM)	Madagascar	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	ELLISII	Madagascar	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	FALCATUM	Japan	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	GRANDIFLORUM	Madagascar	105s.
<i>S</i>	PETUSUM	West Coast of Africa	
<i>*S</i>	SESQUIPEDALE	Madagascar	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>*S</i>	— MAJUS	Madagascar	
<i>*S</i>	VIRENS (BRONGNIARTIANUM)	Madagascar	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	ANGULOÆ CLOWESII	Colombia	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	EBURNEA	Peru	
<i>I</i>	RUCKERII	South America	
<i>I</i>	UNIFLORA	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— SUPERBA	Colombia	42s.
<i>*S</i>	ANSELLIA AFRIQANA	Sierra Leone	
<i>I</i>	ARPOPHYLLUM GIGANTEUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	SPICATUM	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	BARKERIA ELEGANS	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	CYCLOTELLA	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>	LINDLEYANA	Mexico	31s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>	SKINNERI	Guatemala	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	SPECTABILIS	Mexico	
<i>I</i>	BATEMANNIA BURTHI	South America	
<i>I</i>	BIFRENARIA AURANTIACA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	BLETIA HYACINTHINA	China	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	SHEPHERDI	West Indies	21s.
<i>*I</i>	TANKERVILLE, <i>vide</i> PHAIUS GRANDIFOLIUS		
<i>I</i>	BOLLEA OÆLESTIS	Colombia	
<i>I</i>	BRASAVOLA CUCULLATA	Mexico	15s.
<i>S</i>	DIGBYANA	Hondurus	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	GLAUCA	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— OCULATA	Mexico	
<i>I</i>	NODOSA	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	RHOPALORRHACHIS	Mexico	21s.

<i>I</i>	BRASSIA	BRACHIATA (WREAYE)	Guatemala	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		CAUDATA	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>		CINNABARINA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		GIREOUDIANA	Costa Rica	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		KEILIANA	South America	
<i>S</i>		MACULATA	West Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>		SIONATA	South America	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		VEREUCOSA	Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	BROUGHTONIA	SANQUINEA	Jamaica	10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>S</i>	BULBOPHYLLUM	LOBBII, vide SARCOPODIUM LOBBII		
<i>I</i>	BURLINGTONIA	CANDIDA	Demerara	
<i>I</i>		DECORA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		FRAORANS	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		VENUSTA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	CALANTHE	DOMINII	Hybrid	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		MASUCA	Nepal, Sikkim	31s. 6d.
<i>*I</i>		NIVALIS	Tavoy, Java	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		PLEIOCHROMA	Japan	21s.
<i>C</i>		— BREVIOR	Japan	21s.
<i>*I</i>		REGNIERI	Cochin China	31s. 6d. and 42s.
A new and attractive species, in growth and habit similar to <i>C. vestita</i> , but with different flowers, these are about two inches across, white, with large bright carmine centre.				
<i>*I</i>		REONIERI PURPUREA	Cochin China	
<i>C</i>		SIEBOLDII	Japan	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>		SYLVATICA	Madagascar	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>*I</i>		TURNERI	India	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		VEITCHII	Hybrid	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		VERATRIFOLIA	East Indies	
<i>*I</i>		VESTITA INTERMEDIA	Tavoy, Java	21s.
<i>*I</i>		— LUTEO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>*I</i>		— RUBRO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	CAMAROTIS	PURPUREA	Sylhet	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	CATASETUM	GALLOSUM	South America	42s.
<i>I</i>		GNOMUS	South America	21s.
<i>I</i>		MACROCARPUM	Brazil	21s.
<i>I</i>		MACULATUM	Mexico	10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	CATTELEYA	ACLANDIÆ	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		AMABILIS	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		AMETHYSTINA	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		AMETHYSTOLOSSA	Brazil	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		AUREA	Colombia	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		BASSETTII, vide <i>C. SPECIOSISSIMA</i>		
<i>*I</i>		BOOITENSIS	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		BOOTHIANA, vide <i>C. LOBATA</i>		
<i>I</i>		BULBOSA, vide <i>C. WALKERIANA</i>		
<i>I</i>		CHOCOENSIS	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		CITRINA	Oaxaca	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		CRISPA	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		— SUPERBA	Brazil	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
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<i>I</i>		DORMNIANA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>		DOWIANA	Costa Rica	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		ELDORADO	Rio Negro	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>		— AUREA	Rio Negro	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		— ROSEA	Rio Negro	
<i>I</i>		— SPLENDENS	Rio Negro	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		— SUPERBA	Rio Negro	
<i>I</i>		— WALLISHI (ALBA)	Rio Negro	
<i>I</i>		ELEGANS, vide <i>LELIA ELEGANS</i>		
<i>I</i>		EXONIENSIS	Hybrid	
<i>I</i>		FORBESII	Brazil	10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		GASKELLIANA	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		— CARNEA	Brazil	
<i>I</i>		— PICTA	Brazil	
<i>I</i>		— SUPERBA	Brazil	
<i>I</i>		GIGAS (Warszewiczii)	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		— ATROPURPUREA	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— CHELSONI	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— FORMOSA	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— IMPERIALIS	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— MAGNIFICA	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— MAROINATA	Colombia	

<i>I</i>	CATTLEYA	GIGAS	NORMANII	Colombia	.....	
<i>I</i>		GIGAS	PICTURATA	Colombia	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	REGINÆ	Colombia	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	ROSEA	Colombia	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	SANDERIANA	Colombia	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	SPLENDENS	Colombia	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	TYRIANTHINA	Colombia	.....	
<i>I</i>		GRANDIS	<i>vide</i> LÆLIA GRANDIS			
<i>I</i>		GUTTATA		Brazil	.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		HARRISONIANA		Brazil	.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		HOLFORDI	<i>vide</i> C. LUTEOLA			
<i>I</i>		INTERMEDIA		Brazil	.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		LABIATA	<i>vide</i> C. WARNERII			
<i>I</i>		LAWRENCEANA		Roraima	.....	84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i>		LEMONIANA	<i>vide</i> C. SPECIOSISSIMA			
<i>I</i>		LEOPOLDII		Brazil	.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>		LOBATA		Brazil	.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		LODDIOESII		Brazil	.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		LÜDDEMANNIANA	<i>vide</i> C. SPECIOSISSIMA			
<i>I</i>		LUTEOLA		South America	.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>o I</i>		MARONATA	<i>vide</i> LÆLIA MARONATA			
<i>I</i>		MAXIMA	(Quindos)	Ecuador, Popayan	....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		—	PULCHERRIMA	Ecuador, Popayan	....	
<i>I</i>		—	SUPERBA	Ecuador, Popayan	....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		MENDELII		South America	.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		—	ALEXANDRÆ	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	AMPLIATA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	DELICATA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	EXCELLENS	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	GIGANTEA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	MACULATA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	MAONIFICA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	OCULATA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	ORNATA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	PICTA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	PRINCEPS	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	REX	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	SUPERBA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	SUPERBISSIMA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		MOSSIE		Venezuela	.....	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. fine plants, 21s., 31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		—	ALBA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	ALBO-MARONATA	Venezuela	.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		—	AURANTIACA	Venezuela	.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		—	CHELSONI	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	DELICATA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	FLAMMEA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	GIGANTEA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	GRANDIFLORA	Venezuela	.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		—	GRANDIS	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	INSIGNIS	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	LAWRENCEANA	Venezuela	.....	105s. and 147s.
<i>I</i>		—	MARGINATA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	PICTA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	PICTURATA	Venezuela	.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		—	PULCHERRIMA	Venezuela	.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		—	ROSEA	Venezuela	.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		—	RUBRA	Venezuela	.....	105s. and 147s.
<i>I</i>		—	SPECIOSA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	SPLENDENS	Venezuela	.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		—	SUPERBA	Venezuela	.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		—	VENOSA	Venezuela	.....	
<i>I</i>		NOBILIOR		Brazil	.....	
<i>I</i>		PERCIVALIANA		South America	.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		—	NIGRA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	PICTA	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		—	SPLENDENS	South America	.....	
<i>I</i>		PERRINII	<i>vide</i> LÆLIA PERRINII			
<i>o I</i>		PINELLI	<i>vide</i> LÆLIA PINELLI			
<i>I</i>		SCHILLERIANA	(REONELLII)	Brazil	.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		SKINNERI		Mexico	.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		—	ALBA	Mexico	.....	

<i>I</i> CATTLEYA SPECIOSISSIMA (Bassetii, Lemoniana, } Lüddemanniana)		Caracas	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
	STELZNERIANA SPLENDENS		
<i>S</i>	SUPERBA	Essequibo	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	— SPLENDENS	Essequibo	
<i>*I</i>	TRIANÆ	Colombia	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>*I</i>	— ALBA	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— ATALANTA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>*I</i>	— BELLA	Colombia	105s.
<i>*I</i>	— CLEOPATRA	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*I</i>	— CONSPICUA	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— DELICATA	Colombia	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*I</i>	— ELEOANS	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*I</i>	— EXCELLENS	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— FIMBRIATA	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— GEMMA	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— GRANDIS	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>*I</i>	— MAONIFICA	Colombia	105s. and 147s.
<i>*I</i>	— MARGINATA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>*I</i>	— NIVEA	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— PICTA	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*I</i>	— QUADRICOLOR	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*I</i>	— ROSALIND	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— ROSEA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>*I</i>	— SUPERBA	Colombia	84s. and 105s.
<i>*I</i>	— RUBRA	Colombia	42s.
<i>*I</i>	— SPECIOSA	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*I</i>	— SPLENDENS	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>*I</i>	— SUPERBA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>*I</i>	— TYRIANTHINA	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*I</i>	— VENUS	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*I</i>	— VESTA	Colombia	63s. to 105s.
<i>*I</i>	— VICTORIA	Colombia	
<i>*I</i>	— VIROINALIS	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>	WALKERIANA (bulbosa)	Brazil	
<i>I</i>	WARNERII (labiata)	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— MAONIFICA	Brazil	
<i>I</i>	— PICTA	Brazil	
<i>I</i>	— SPLENDENS	Brazil	
<i>I</i>	WARSCHEWICZII , vide <i>C. GIGAS</i> .		
<i>I</i>	XANTHINA		
<i>I</i>	CHYSIS AUREA	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— BRATESCENS	Pern	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— ÆVIS	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— LIMMINGHEI	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i>	CIRRHÆA TRISTIS	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	CIRRHOPETALUM ORNATISSIMUM	East Indies	
<i>I</i>	— PICTURATUM	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	— THOUARSII	Manilla	
<i>S</i>	CŒLOGYNE ASPERATA (Lowii)	Borneo	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*I</i>	— BARBATA	Assam	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— CORRUGATA	Khasya	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	— CORYMBOSA	Assam	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>*C</i>	— CRISTATA	Nepal, Sylhet	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>	— Chatsworth variety	East Indies	
<i>*C</i>	— HOLEUCUA (alba)	East Indies	
<i>*C</i>	— LEMONIANA	East Indies	
<i>I</i>	— ELATIOR	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*I</i>	— FLACCIDA	Assam	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	— FULIGINOSA	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— GARDNERIANA	East Indies	21s.
<i>I</i>	— MASSANGIANA	Assam	84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i>	— OCCELLATA	Assam	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— PANDURATA	Borneo	21s.
<i>I</i>	— PARISHII	Burmah	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— SPECIOSA	Java	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— MAJOR	Java	
<i>I</i>	COMPARETTIA MACROPLECTRON	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	COLAX JUGOSUS	Brazil	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	— VIRIDIS	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	CORYANTHES MACRANTHA	Caracas	
<i>S</i>	CYNOCHES CHLOROCHILON	South America	31s. 6d. and 42s.

<i>I</i>	CYMBIDIUM AFFINE	East Indies	
<i>I</i>	ALOIFOLIUM	East Indies	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	CANALICULATUM	Queensland	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	DEVONIANUM	Assam	15s. and 21s.
	EBURNEUM, <i>vide</i> page 106.		
* <i>C</i>	GIGANTEUM	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	HOOKERIANUM	Sikkim, Himalaya	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	LOWIANUM	Burmah	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	MADIDUM	Queensland	
* <i>C</i>	MASTERSII	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	PARISHII	Burmah	
<i>I</i>	TIGRINUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i>	CYPRIPEDIUM ARGUS	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	ASHBURTONIÆ	Hybrid	42s.
<i>I</i>	BARBATUM	Mount Ophir	5s.
<i>I</i>	— BIFLORUM	Mount Ophir	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— GRANDIFLORUM	Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— NANUM	Java	42s.
<i>I</i>	— NIGRUM	Mount Ophir	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	— PICTUM	Mount Ophir	15s.
<i>I</i>	— PLUMOSUM	Mount Ophir	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— PULCHERRIMUM	Mount Ophir	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— PURPUREUM	Mount Ophir	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	— SUPERBUM	Mount Ophir	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— VIOLACEUM	Mount Ophir	
* <i>I</i>	— WARNERI	East Indies	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>	BOXALLII	Burmah	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
* <i>I</i>	BULLENI	Borneo	3s. 6d. and 5s.
* <i>I</i>	CARIOINUM, <i>vide</i> C. PEARCEI		
<i>I</i>	CAUDATUM	Panama	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— ROSEUM	Panama	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	OLIOLORE	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	CONCOLOR	Moulmein	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i>	CROSSIANUM	Hybrid	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i>	DAUTHIERII	Hybrid	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	DAYANUM	Borneo	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	DOMINII	Hybrid	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	DRURYI	East Indies	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	GODEFROYÆ	Siam	
<i>C</i>	HARRISIANUM	Hybrid	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>S</i>	HAYNALDIANUM	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	HIRSUTISSIMUM	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	HOOKERÆ	Borneo	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	HYBRIDUM	Hybrid	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i>	INSIGNE	Nepal	3s. 6d. and 5s.
* <i>C</i>	— ALBO-MARGINATUM	Nepal	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i>	— FUSCATUM	Nepal	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i>	— MAULEI	Nepal	42s. and 63s.
* <i>C</i>	— — CHANTINII	Nepal	63s.
* <i>C</i>	— MAXIMUM	Nepal	10s. 6d.
* <i>C</i>	— PICTURÆ JM.	Nepal	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i>	— PUNCTATUM VIOLACEUM	Nepal	63s.
<i>I</i>	JAVANICUM	Java	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>S</i>	LEVIGATUM (philippinense)	Philippine Islands	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	LAWRENCEANUM	Borneo	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	— MAJUS	Borneo	
<i>I</i>	LONGIFOLIUM	Costa Rica	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	LOWII	Borneo	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
* <i>S</i>	NIVEUM	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>S</i>	PARISHII	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	PEARCEI (caricinum)	Peru	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	PHILIPPINENSE, <i>vide</i> C. LEVIGATUM		
<i>I</i>	PURPURATUM	Philippine Islands	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	RÖBELENI	Malay Archipelago	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	ROEZLI	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	SOHLIMII	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— ALBUM	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	SEDENI	Hybrid	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	SELLIGERUM	Hybrid	31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i>	SPICERIANUM	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i>	— MAGNIFICUM	East Indies	
* <i>I</i>	— NIGRESCENS	East Indies	



CYMBIDIUM EBURNEUM.

*C *CYMBIDIUM EBURNEUM* East Indies 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

The large and attractive ivory-white flowers of this handsome species are always charming, and, being deliciously fragrant, it is a universal favourite.

*C *CYMBIDIUM EBURNEUM DAYANUM* East Indies

*C *EBURNEUM MACULATUM* East Indies

*C — *PICTUM* East Indies

<i>S</i>	<i>CYPRIPIEDUM</i> STONEI	Borneo	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	SUPERBIENS (Veitchii)	Java	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*C</i>	VENUSTUM	Nepal	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>	— PARDINUM	Assam	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	VEXILLARIUM	Hybrid	
<i>C</i>	VILLOSUM	Moulmein	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>*S</i>	VIRENS	Borneo	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	<i>CYRTOPODIUM</i> ANDERSONI	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	PUNCTATUM	South America	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	<i>DENDROBIUM</i> ZEMULUM	North Australia	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	AOOREOATUM	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— MAJUS	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	AINSWORTHII	Hybrid	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>	— ROSEUM	Hybrid	
<i>I</i>	ALBO-SANGUINEUM	Moulmein	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	ANGULARE	North Australia	21s.
<i>S</i>	ANOSMUM (DAYANUM)	Manilla	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	AUREUM (HETEROCARPUM)	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	BENSONIÆ	Arracan Hills	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— ALBUM	Arracan Hills	
<i>S</i>	BICAMERATUM	Burmah	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i>	BIGIBBUM	Torres Straits	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	BOXALLII	Burmah	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	BRISBANENSE	North Australia	21s.
<i>S</i>	BRYMERIANUM	Burmah	
<i>I</i>	CALCEOLUS	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	CAMBRIDGEANUM	Chittagong	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	CANALICULATUM (TATTONIANUM)	Queensland	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	CARINIFERUM	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	CHRYSANTHUM	Nepal	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>*I</i>	— MICROPHYTHALMUM	Khasya Hills	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	CHRYSOTIS, <i>vide</i> D. HOOKERIANUM		
<i>S</i>	CHRYSOTOXUM	East Indies	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— SUPERBUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	CILLIATUM	North Australia	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	CLAVATUM	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*S</i>	CRASSINODE	Arracan&SiamMountains	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>*S</i>	— ALBUM	Arracan&SiamMountains	
<i>*S</i>	— BARBERIANUM	Arracan&SiamMountains	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	CREPIDATUM	East Indies	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	CRETACEUM	Burmah	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	CUCULLATUM, <i>vide</i> D. PIERARDII		
<i>S</i>	CRYSTALLINUM	Arracan Mountains	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	CUPREUM	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	DALHOUSIANUM	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	DAYANUM, <i>vide</i> D. ANOSMUM		
<i>S</i>	DEAREI	Philippino Islands	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.

A beautiful new species producing in profusion fine spikes of handsome white flowers, about three inches in diameter, from ten to fifteen on each spike; the plant is of excellent habit and extremely floriferous.

<i>I</i>	<i>*DENSIFLORUM</i>	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	— ALBUM, <i>vide</i> D. SCHRÖDERI		
<i>I</i>	DEVONIANUM	Khasya	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	DIXANTHUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	DRACONIS (CBURNEUM)	Burmah	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

A lovely species producing pure shining white flowers with brilliant Indian-red centre.

<i>I</i>	FALCONERI	East Indies	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	FARMERI	India	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	— ALBUM	India	
<i>S</i>	— AUREUM	India	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	FIMBRIATUM	Nepal	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	— OCULATUM	Nepal	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	FINDLEYANUM	Moulmein	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	FORMOSUM BERKELEYI	Andaman Islands	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— OIGANTEUM	Burmah	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	FREEMANI	Assam	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	FYTHIANUM	Burmah	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	GIBSONI	Tenasserim	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	GRIFFITHIANUM	East Indies	
<i>I</i>	GUIBERTIANUM	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	HEDYOSMUM	East Indies	15s. and 21s.

<i>I</i> DENDROBIUM <i>HETEROCARPUM</i> , <i>vide</i> <i>D. AUREUM</i>			
*C	HILLII , <i>vide</i> <i>D. SPECIOSUM</i> HILLII		
<i>I</i>	HOOKERIANUM (<i>chrysotis</i>)	Assam and Sikkim	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	INFUNDIBULUM	Moulmein	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	JAMESIANUM	Moulmein	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	JAPONICUM , <i>vide</i> <i>D. MONILIFORME</i>		
S	JENKINSII	Gualpara	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	KINGIANUM	Australia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
S	LASIOGLOSSUM	Burmah	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	LEUCOLOPHOTUM	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	LINAWIANUM (<i>mouiliforme</i> , <i>HORT.</i>)	China and Japan	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	LITUIFLORUM	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	LONGICORNE	Khasya Hills	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	LOWII	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	LUTOLUM	Moulmein	10s. 6d. and 15s.
S	MACROPHYLLUM (<i>superbum</i>)	Manilla	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
S	— GIGANTEUM	Manilla	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	MCCARTHYI	Ceylon	
<i>I</i>	MARMORATUM	Assam	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
C	MONILIFORME (<i>japonicum</i>)	Japan	5s. and 7s. 6d.
S	MONTHII	North Australia	
<i>I</i>	MOSCHATUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*I	NOBILE	Assam	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
*I	— CERULESCENS	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	— ELEGANS	Assam	21s.
*I	— GRANDIFLORUM	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	— PENDULUM	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	— PULCHERRIMUM	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	— RUBELLUM	Assam	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*I	— SPLENDENS	Assam	
*I	— WALLICHII	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	NODATUM	Moulmein	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	PARISHII	Moulmein	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	PAXTONI	Khasya	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	PHILIPPINENSE	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
*I	PIERARDI	Delta of Ganges	5s. and 7s. 6d.
*I	— LATIFOLIUM	Delta of Ganges	21s.
<i>I</i>	PRIMULINUM	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	— GIGANTEUM	East Indies	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	PULCHELLUM	Assam	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	SANGUINOLENTUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	SCHRÖDERI (<i>densiflorum album</i>)	East Indies	
<i>I</i>	SECUNDUM	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	SMILLIE	Torres Straits	
*C	SPECIOSUM	Australia	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*C	— HILLII	Australia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	SUAVISSIMUM	Burmah	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	SULCATUM	Assam	15s. and 21s.
S	SUPERBIENS	Torres Straits	42s. and 63s.
S	SUPERBUM , <i>vide</i> <i>D. MACROPHYLLUM</i>		
<i>I</i>	TATTONIANUM , <i>vide</i> <i>D. CANALICULATUM</i>		
S	TAURINUM	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	TETRAGONUM	North Australia	21s.
<i>I</i>	TERETIFOLIUM	Australia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	THYRSIFLORUM	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	— WALKERIANUM	East Indies	
S	TORTILE	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
S	— ROSEUM	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	TRANSPARENS	Nepal	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	VEITCHIANUM	Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	WARDIANUM	Assam	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
*I	— ALBUM	Assam	
*I	— SUPERBUM	Assam	
<i>I</i>	DENDROCHILUM COBBIANUM	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	COBBIANUM GIGANTEUM	East Indies	
<i>I</i>	CUCUMERINUM	East Indies	21s.
S	FILIFORME	Manilla	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*S	GLUMACEUM	Philippine Islands	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
S	UNCATUM	East Indies	
C	DISA GRANDIFLORA	Cape of Good Hope	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	GRANDIFLORA MINIATA	Cape of Good Hope	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	— SUPERBA	Cape of Good Hope	21s. and 31s. 6d.

<i>C</i> EPIDENDRUM ATROPURPUREUM , <i>vide</i> <i>E. MACROCHILUM</i>		
<i>I</i>	AURANTIACUM	South America
<i>S</i>	BICORNUTUM	South America
<i>I</i>	CHRISTII	South America
<i>C</i>	CNEMIDOPHORUM	Guatemala
<i>I</i>	COCHLEATUM	West Indies
<i>I</i>	COOPERIANUM CALOCLOSSUM	South America
<i>I</i>	CUSPIDATUM	Costa Rica
<i>I</i>	ORASSIFOLIUM	South America
<i>I</i>	DIOHROMUM	Bahia
<i>I</i>	EVECTUM	South America
<i>I</i>	FALOATUM (Parkinsonianum)	Mexico
<i>I</i>	FRIDERICI GUILIELMI	South America
<i>I</i>	GLUMACEUM	South America
<i>I</i>	IBAGUENSE	U. S. of Colombia
<i>I</i>	IONOSMUM	Mexico
<i>I</i>	LEUCOCHILUM	South America
<i>C</i>	MACROCHILUM (atropurpureum)	South America
<i>C</i>	— ALBUM	South America
<i>I</i>	MYRIANTHIUM	Guatemala
<i>I</i>	NEMORALE	Mexico
<i>I</i>	PANICULATUM	South America
<i>I</i>	PRISMATOCARPUM	Chiriqui
<i>I</i>	RANIFERUM	Mexico
<i>I</i>	RHIZOPHORUM (radicans)	Mexico
<i>I</i>	SOEPTRUM	U. S. of Colombia
<i>I</i>	STAMFORDIANUM	South America
<i>I</i>	SYRINGOTHYRSUS	South America
<i>I</i>	WALLISII	U. S. of Colombia
<i>C</i>	VITELLINUM MAJUS	Mexico
<i>I</i>	XANTHINA	South America
<i>I</i>	ERIA OLAVIAULIS	Assam
<i>I</i>	ERIOPSIS BILOBA	U. S. of Colombia
<i>S</i>	EULOPHIA SCRIPTA	Madagascar
<i>S</i>	GALEANDRA DEVONIANA	Guiana
<i>I</i>	GONGORA PORTENTOSA	South America
<i>I</i>	SOAPHOPHORUS	South America
<i>C</i>	GOODYERA CALIFORNICA	California
<i>S</i>	(ANÆTOCHILUS) DAWSONIANA	East Indies
<i>S</i>	(—) DAWSONIANA SUPERBA	East Indies
<i>I</i>	DISCOLOR	South America
<i>C</i>	MENZIESI	North America
<i>C</i>	PUBESCENS	North America
<i>C</i> GOVENIA DELICIOSA, <i>vide</i> page 14		
<i>S</i>	GRAMMATOPHYLLUM ELLISII	Madagascar
<i>I</i>	HARTWEGIA PURPUREA	Mexico
<i>C</i>	HELCIA SANGUINOLENTA	Andes of Guayaquil
<i>I</i>	HOULLETIA BROCKLEHURSTIANA	Brazil
<i>I</i>	CHRYSANTHA	South America
<i>C</i>	ODORATISSIMA	U. S. of Colombia
<i>I</i>	HUNTLEYA CERINA, <i>vide</i> PISCATORIA CERINA	
<i>I</i>	IONOPSIS UTRICULARIODES	West Indies
<i>S</i>	IPSEA SPECIOSA	Ceylon
<i>*C</i>	LELIA ACUMINATA	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	ACUMINATA ROSÆA	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	ALBIDA	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— BELLA	Guatemala
<i>*C</i>	— GEMMA	Guatemala
<i>*C</i>	— MARIANÆ	Guatemala
<i>I</i>	AMANDA	Brazil
<i>*C</i>	ANOEPS	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— ALBA	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— BARKERI	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— DAWSONI	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— HILLII	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— LEUCOPHEUS	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— NIVALIS, pure white, yellow throat, slightly veined with crimson	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— OCULATA	Mexico
<i>*C</i>	— SANDERIANA, very handsome, white, with two bright carmine blotches on the labellum	Mexico

*C	<i>LELIA</i>	ANCEPS	SCHRÖDERIANA	Mexico	
*C		ANCEPS	STELLA	Mexico	
*C		—	ROSEA	Mexico	
*O		—	RUBRA	Mexico	
*C		—	VENUSTA	Mexico	
*C		AUTUMNALIS		Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*C		—	ATRO-RUBENS	Mexico	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I		BOOTHIANA	vide CATTLEYA LOBATA		
I		CINNABARINA		Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I		CRISPA	vide CATTLEYA CRISPA		
I		CRISPILABIA	(LAWRENCEANA)	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*I		DAYANA		Brazil	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
*I		—	SUPERBA	Brazil	21s.
I		ELEGANS		Brazil	63s. and 84s.
I		—	ALBA	Brazil	
I		—	DAYANA	Brazil	
I		—	IRRORATA	Brazil	
I		—	PRASIATA	Brazil	
I		—	SCHILLERIANA	Brazil	
I		—	TURNERI	Brazil	
I		—	STELZNERIANA	Brazil	
I		FLAVA		Brazil	42s.
I		GRANDIS		Brazil	
I		HAPOPIYLLA		Brazil	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
I		LINDLEYANA		Brazil	
I		LOBATA	vide CATTLEYA LOBATA		
C		MAJALIS	or FLOR DE MAIO	Oaxaca	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
*I		MARGINATA		Oaxaca	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I		PERRINII		Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I		—	SUPERBA	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*I		PINELII	(prestans, punila)	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
I		PURPURATA		Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I		—	ALBA	Brazil	
I		—	GLORIOSA	Brazil	
I		—	ATROSANGUINEA	Brazil	
I		—	BRYSIANA	Brazil	
I		—	CHELSONI	Brazil	
I		—	NELISII	Brazil	
I		SCHILLERIANA	vide L. ELEGANS		
I		SUPERBIENS		Malacatan	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	<i>LELIOPSIS</i>	DOMINGENSIS		West Indies	
I	<i>LEPTOTES</i>	BICOLOR		South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*I	<i>LIMATODIS</i>	ROSEA		Moulmein	5s. and 7s. 6d.
S	<i>LUISIA</i>	PLATYGLOSSA		East Indies	10s. 6d.
S		PSYCHE		East Indies	
C	<i>LYCASTE</i>	AROMATICA		Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I		BARRINGTONIÆ		West Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C		COSTATA		South America	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
C		CRUENTA		Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
C		DEPPEI		Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
C		GIGANTEA		South America	15s. and 21s.
C		(MAXILLARIA) HARRISONIÆ		South America	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
C		(—) HARRISONIÆ	EBURNEA	South America	42s.
C		LANIPES		Guayaquil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I		LAWRENCEANA		South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C		MESCHLÆNA		Guayaquil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I		SCHILLERIANA		South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C		SKINNERI		Guatemala	3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
*C		—	ALBA	Guatemala	
*C		—	MARGINATA	Guatemala	
*C		—	DELICATA	Guatemala	63s.
*C		—	GRANDIS	Guatemala	63s.
*C		—	MACULATA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
*C		—	MAGNIFIOA	Guatemala	
*C		—	MARGINATA	Guatemala	
*C		—	MARMORATA	Guatemala	
*C		—	PICTA	Guatemala	42s. and 63s.
*C		—	PURPURATA	Guatemala	63s.
*C		—	ROSEA	Guatemala	21s.
*C		—	SUPERBA	Guatemala	
*C		—	RUBELLA	Guatemala	31s. 6d. and 42s.

*C	LYCASTE SKINNERI RUBELLA PICTA	Guatemala	
*C	SKINNERI SPLENDENS	Guatemala	63s.
*C	— SUPERBA	Guatemala	21s.
*C	— TINCTUM	Guatemala	
C	MASDEVALLIA ABBREVIATA	Colombia	7s. 6d.
C	AMABILIS	Colombia	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
C	— LINEATA	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	ATTENUATA	Colombia	
C	BACKHOUSIANA, vide M. CHIMERA BACKHOUSIANA		
C	BELLA	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	BENEDICTII, vide M. PSITTACINA		
C	BONPLANDII	Colombia	7s. 6d.
I	CANDIDA, vide M. TOVARENSIS		
C	CHELSONI	Hybrid	42s. and 63s.
C	CHIMERA	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	— BACKHOUSIANA	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	— WALLISII	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	OLIVIS	Colombia	7s. 6d.
C	COLIBRI, vide M. TROCHILUS		
C	CORIACEA	Colombia	5s.
C	CORNICULATA	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
C	CROSSII, vide M. RAOEMOSA		
C	DAVISII	South America	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
C	EPHIPPIUM, vide M. TROCHILUS		
C	ERYTHROCELE	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	ESTRADE	South America	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	— DELICATA	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	GOROONA, vide M. NYCTERINA		
C	HARRYANA	Colombia	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
C	— CÆRULESCENS	Colombia	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
C	— ATROVIOLOACEA	Colombia	
C	— CONCOLOR	Colombia	
C	— GIGANTEA	Colombia	
C	— GRANDIFLORA	Colombia	
C	— MAGNIFICA	Colombia	
C	— MAXIMA	Colombia	
C	— SUPERBA	Colombia	
C	— ACANTHIFOLIA.—A charming variety of this beautiful Orchid, producing very fine flowers of a rich shining violet rose colour; the very bright glossy texture of the blooms render them remarkably attractive.		
C	— ACUMINATA	Colombia	
C	— ATROPURPUREA	Colombia	
C	— ATROSANGUINEA	Colombia	
C	— AURANTIACA	Colombia	
C	— BRILLIANTISSIMA	Colombia	
C	— CHIRLSONI	Colombia	
C	— COCCINEA	Colombia	
C	— COMET	Colombia	
C	— CONCHIFLORA.—This fine variety produces splendid blossoms of a rich rosy lake shade; the large showy flowers are, as the name implies, somewhat shell-like in appearance.		
C	— DECORA	Colombia	
C	— DELICATA	Colombia	
C	— DENISONIANA	Colombia	
C	— ELEGANS	Colombia	
C	— FORMOSA	Colombia	
C	— GEMMA	Colombia	
C	— GLORIOSA	Colombia	
C	— ILLUSTRIS	Colombia	
C	— INSIGNIS	Colombia	
C	— LILACINA	Colombia	
C	— LUTEO-OCULATA	Colombia	
C	— MAGNIFICA	Colombia	
C	— MINIATA	Colombia	
C	— MIRABILIS	Colombia	
C	— OCULATA	Colombia	
C	— ORNATA	Colombia	
C	— PATENS	Colombia	
C	— PRINCEPS	Colombia	
C	— PURPUREA	Colombia	
C	— ——— MAGNIFLOA	Colombia	

These are all rare and magnificent varieties; an inspection at their blooming season is invited. Prices on application.

C MASDEVALLIA HARRYANA REGALIS.—A magnificent variety, with very large and broad flowers of good form and substance; their colour is peculiarly striking and attractive, being an extremely rich shade of dark glowing crimson

<i>C</i>	— REGINÆ	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— ROSEA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— SALMONEA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— SANGUINEA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— — AURANTIACA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— SPLENDENS	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— SUPERBA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— TRIUMPHANS	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— VIOLACEA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— — MAGNIFICA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— — OCULATA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— — SUPERBA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— VERSICOLOR	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— VIVIOANS	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	HOUTTEANA, <i>vide</i> M. PSITTACINA.		
<i>C</i>	IGNEA	Colombia	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>	— AURANTIACA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— CITRINA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— MASSANGIANA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— — SUPERBA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— MILITARIS	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— — PURPUREA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— — SPLENDENS	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	— STOBARTIANA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	INFLATA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	INFRACTA	Colombia	15s. & 21s.
<i>C</i>	LINDENI	Colombia	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>	MACRURA	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	MACULATA	South America	3s. 6d. and 5s.
<i>C</i>	— FLAVA	South America	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— SUPERBA	South America	
<i>C</i>	NYCTERINA (GORGONA)	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	PERISTERIA	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	POLYSTICTA	Colombia	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— BREVIOR	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— CAUDATA	Colombia	21s.
<i>C</i>	PSITTACINA (BENEDICTI, HOUTTEANA)	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	RACEMOSA	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>	RADIOSEA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	REICHENBACHIANA	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	ROSEA	Ecuador	
<i>C</i>	SCHLIMII	Colombia	
<i>C</i>	SHUTTLEWORTHII	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i>	TORTA	Colombia	
<i>I</i>	TOVARENSIS (CANDIDA)	Venezuela	5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	TRIADACTYLITES	South America	
<i>I</i>	TRIANGULARIS	Venezuela	10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>	TROCHILUS (Colibri, Ehippium)	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	VEITCHIANA	Peru	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>	— GRANDIFLORA	Peru	21s., 31s. 6d. & 42s.
<i>I</i>	WAGNERIANA	Venezuela	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	WALLISII, <i>vide</i> M. CHIMERA WALLISII		
<i>C</i>	XANTHINA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	MAXILLARIA GRANDIFLORA	South America	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	HARRISONIÆ, <i>vide</i> LYCASTE HARRISONIÆ		
<i>I</i>	LEONTOGLOSSA	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i>	LUTEO-ALBA	Colombia	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	— GRANDIFLORA	Colombia	21s.
<i>C</i>	— PURPUREA	Colombia	21s.
<i>C</i>	NIGRESCENS	Merida	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	PICTA	Brazil	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	TENUIFOLIA	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	TURNERI	Mexico	21s.
<i>C</i>	VENUSTA	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i>	MESOSPINDIUM SANGUINEUM	Ecuador	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	VULCANICUM	Ecuador	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	MICROSTYLIS CALOPHYLLA	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. & 21s.

These are all rare and magnificent varieties; an inspection at their blooming season is invited. Prices on application.

<i>S</i>	MYCROSTYLIS	CHLOROPHYRS	Borneo	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>		LUGUBRIS	Borneo	21s.
<i>S</i>		METALLICA	Borneo	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>		RHEEDI	Borneo	21s.
<i>I</i>	MILTONIA	CANDIDA	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		CANDIDA GRANDIFLORA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		CLOWESII	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		CUNEATA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		FESTIVA	Brazil	21s.
<i>I</i>		FLAVESCENS	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>		MORELIANA	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		— ATROPURPUREA	Brazil	
<i>I</i>		REGNELLII (cereola)	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		— PURPUREA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		SPECTABILIS	Brazil	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>		— BICOLOR	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		— INTERMEDIA	Brazil	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		— VIRGINALIS	St. Catherine's	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		WARSCWICZII, vide ONCIDIUM WELTONI		
<i>I</i>	MORMODES	LUXATUM	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		LUXATUM EBURNEUM	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		PARDINUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		— UNICOLOR	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	NANODES	MEDUSÆ	South America	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*C</i>	ODONTOGLOSSUM	ALEXANDRÆ, vide O. CRISPUM		
<i>C</i>		ANDERSONIANUM	Bogota	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>		— LOBATUM	Bogota	
<i>C</i>		ANGUSTATUM	Colombia	42s.
<i>C</i>		ASTRANTHUM	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		BAPHICANTHUM (hybrid)	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*C</i>		BICTONENSE	Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>*C</i>		— ROSEUM	Guatemala	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		BLANDUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		BLEPHARICANTHUM	Venezuela	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*C</i>		BLUNTII, vide O. CRISPUM		
<i>C</i>		CARINIFERUM	South America	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>		CERVANTESII	Mexico	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>*C</i>		— DECORUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		CHESTERTONI (hybrid)	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>		CIRRHOSUM	Ecuador	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		— GEMMATUM	Ecuador	63s.
<i>C</i>		— KLABOCHORUM	Ecuador	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		OITROSMUM (PENDULUM)	Mexico	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>		— ALBUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— CARNEUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— PUNCTATUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— MAXIMUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— ROSEUM	Mexico	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>		CONGINNUM	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		CONSTRUCTUM	South America	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		CORADINEI	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>		— HEMILEUCUM	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		— MACULATUM	Colombia	
<i>*C</i>		CORDATUM	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		— AJUREUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— NIGRUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— SUPERBUM	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		CORONARIUM	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>		— MINIATUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*C</i>		CRISPUM (ALEXANDRÆ, BLUNTII)	Colombia	3s. 6d., 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d., and various sizes from 21s. upwards.
<i>*C</i>		— ALBUM	Colombia	
<i>*C</i>		— AUREO-PURPUREUM	Colombia	
<i>*C</i>		— ARGENTUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>*C</i>		— DENISONIÆ	Colombia	
<i>*C</i>		— FLAVEOLUM	Colombia	
<i>*C</i>		— GRANDIFLORUM	Colombia	84s. and 105s.
<i>*C</i>		— GUTTATUM	Colombia	84s. and 105s.
<i>*C</i>		— INTERMEDIUM	Colombia	
<i>*C</i>		— LEHMANNI	Colombia	
<i>*C</i>		— MARGINATUM	Colombia	

*C	ODONTOGLOSSUM CRISPUM NIVALE	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
*C	CRISPUM PICTUM	Colombia	
*C	— PURPUREUM	Colombia	
*C	— ROSEUM	Colombia	
*C	— SPECIOSUM	Colombia	84s. and 105s.
*C	— SPLENDENS	Colombia	
*C	— SUPERBUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
*C	— TRIANE	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
C	CRISTATELLUM	Colombia	
C	CRISTATUM	Peru	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	CROCATUM	Colombia	
C	CROCIDIPTERUM	South America	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	DECORUM (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	DELTOGLOSSUM (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	EDOUARDII	Ecuador	42s. and 63s.
C	EXIMIUM (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	FACETUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
C	FLAVEOLUM (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	GLORIOSUM	Ocaña	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
C	— ALBUM (NÆVIUM MAJUS)	Ocaña	
C	— AUREUM	Ocaña	
C	— NIGRUM	Ocaña	
C	— PICTUM	Ocaña	63s. and 84s.
C	— SUPERBUM	Ocaña	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	GRANDE	Guatemala	5s., 7s. 6d. to 21s.
C	HALLII	Ecuador	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	— LEUCOGLOSSUM	Ecuador	42s. and 63s.
C	— MARONATUM	Ecuador	
C	— NIORUM	Ecuador	
C	— XANTHOGLOSSUM	Ecuador	31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	HASTILABIUM	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	HEBRAICUM (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	HEROICUM (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	HYSTRIX (RADIATUM)	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	IMPERATOR (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	IOPLOCON	Colombia	
*C	INSLEYI	Mexico	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	— LEOPARDINUM	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I	KARWINSKII	South America	15s. and 21s.
I	KRAMERI	Costa Rica	
C	LIGULARE	South America	
C	LINDENI	Colombia	10s. 6d. and 15s.
C	LINDLEYANUM	Colombia	3s. 6d. and 5s.
C	— SPECIOSUM	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
*C	LONDESBOROUGHIANUM	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	LUTEO-PURPUREUM	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*C	MACULATUM	Mexico	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
*C	— EROSUM	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*C	— STENANTHUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C	— SUPERBUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	MADRENSE (MAXILLARE)	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	— MAJUS	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
C	MEMBRANACEUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	MIRABILE (hybrid)	Colombia	
C	MULUS	Colombia	
C	— CROCATUS	Colombia	
C	NÆVIUM	Ocaña	63s. and 84s.
C	— MAJUS, vide O. GLORIOSUM ALBUM		
C	NEBULOSUM	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	— CANDIDUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
C	— PARDINUM	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
C	ODORATUM	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	— GIOANTEUM	Colombia	
C	ØERSTEDII	Costa Rica	5s. and 7s. 6d.
C	— MAJUS	Costa Rica	
C	PARDINUM	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	PENDULUM, vide O. CITROSMUM		
C	PESCATOREI	Colombia	5s., 7s. 6d. to 21s.
C	— AURANTIACUM	Colombia	
C	— ORANDIFLORUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
C	— LIMBOSUM	Colombia	

<i>C</i>	<i>ODONTOGLOSSUM</i>	<i>PESCATOREI OCULATUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>PESCATOREI NIVALE</i>	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>		— <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		<i>PHALÆNOPSIS</i>	Ocaña	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>POLYXANTHUM</i>	Ecuador	
<i>C</i>		<i>PRETIOSUM</i> , <i>vide</i> <i>O. SCHLEIPERIANUM</i>		
<i>C</i>		<i>PRINCEPS (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
* <i>C</i>		<i>PULCHELLUM</i>	Mexico	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		— <i>EGERTONI</i>	Mexico	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
* <i>C</i>		— <i>MAJUS</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>RADIATUM</i> , <i>vide</i> <i>O. HYSTRIX</i>		
<i>C</i>		<i>RAMOSISSIMUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		— <i>ALBUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>RAMULOSUM</i>	Ocaña	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>REICHENHEIMI</i>	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		<i>ROSELI</i>	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		— <i>ALBUM</i>	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		— <i>DELICATUM</i>	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		— <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Colombia	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i>		<i>ROSEUM</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i>		<i>ROSSII</i>	Mexico	3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
* <i>C</i>		— <i>MAJUS</i>	Mexico	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>		— <i>MUSAICUS</i>	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		<i>RUBESCENS (hybrid)</i>	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		<i>RUCKERIANUM (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		— <i>GIGANTEUM (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>SANDERIANUM</i>	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		<i>SCEPTRUM</i>	Colombia	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>		<i>SCHLEIPERIANUM (PRETIOSUM)</i>	Costa Rica	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		— <i>FLAVIDUM</i>	South America	
<i>C</i>		<i>SPECTABILIS (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
* <i>C</i>		<i>TRIPUDIANS</i>	Peru	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
* <i>C</i>		— <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Peru	
* <i>C</i>		— <i>XANTHOGLOSSUM</i>	Peru	
<i>C</i>		<i>TRIUMPHANS</i>	Ocaña	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>UROSKINNEI</i>	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		<i>VEXILLARIUM</i>	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s., 21s. and various sizes from 42s. upwards
<i>I</i>		— <i>ALBESCENTS</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>AMABILIS</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>ARGENTUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>BICOLOR</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>CHELSONI</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>COBBIANUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>GIGANTEUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>INSIGNE</i> , <i>vide</i> page 15		
<i>I</i>		— <i>KLABOCHORUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>MARONATUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>MARMORATUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>PICTUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>PICTURATUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>PULCHERRIMUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>PURPUREUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>RADIATUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>ROSEUM</i>	Colombia	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>		— <i>RUBELLUM (Autumn-flowering)</i>	Colombia	21s., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		— <i>RUBRUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>SUPERBUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		— <i>VENOSUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>VICTOR (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>WALLISII</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>WILCKEANUM (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		— <i>ALBENS (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		— <i>PALLENS (hybrid)</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		<i>WARSCIEWICZII</i>		
<i>C</i>	<i>ONCIDIUM</i>	<i>ÆMULUM</i> , <i>vide</i> <i>O. SUPERBIENS</i>		
<i>S</i>		<i>ALTYSSIMUM</i>	West Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>		<i>AMPLIATUM</i>	Panama	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>		— <i>MAJUS</i>	Panama	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

<i>C</i>	<i>ONCIDIUM</i>	<i>ANCIFERUM</i>	South America	42s.
<i>I</i>		<i>ARMILLARE</i>	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		<i>ASCENDENS</i>	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>AUROSUM (EXCAVATUM)</i>	Ecuador	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>		<i>BALDERAME</i>	Colombia	
<i>I</i>		<i>BARBATUM</i>	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>*C</i>		<i>BARKERI, vide O. TIGRINUM</i>		
<i>C</i>		<i>BATEMANNIANUM</i>	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		<i>BICALLOSUM</i>	Guatemala	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>BICOLOR</i>	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		<i>CARTHAGINENSE</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>		<i>CAVENDISHIANUM</i>	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		<i>CEBOLLETA</i>	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>*C</i>		<i>CHEIOPHORUM</i>	Ecuador	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		<i>CHRYSOMORPHIUM</i>	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		<i>CONCOLOR</i>	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		<i>CORNIOERUM</i>	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>CRISPUM</i>	Brazil	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>		— <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>CRUENTUM (PELICANUM)</i>	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>*C</i>		<i>CUCULLATUM</i>	South America	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>		— <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	South America	
<i>*C</i>		— <i>MACULOSUM</i>	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>		— <i>PUNCTATUM</i>	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>		— <i>PURPUREUM</i>	South America	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>		<i>CURTUM</i>	Brazil	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i>		<i>DASYTYLE</i>	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>DIADEMA, vide O. SERRATUM</i>		
<i>I</i>		<i>DIVARICATUM</i>	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>EXCAVATUM, vide O. AUROSUM</i>		
<i>C</i>		<i>FLEXUOSUM</i>	Brazil	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>		<i>FORBESII</i>	Brazil	5s., 7s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>		<i>FUSCATUM</i>	Colombia	5s., 7s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>GARDNERI</i>	Brazil	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		<i>GLOBULIFERUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>HARRISONIANUM</i>	Mexico	21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>HASTATUM, vide O. STELLIGERUM</i>		
<i>I</i>		<i>HYLEMATICUM (LEOPARDINUM)</i>	South America	
<i>C</i>		<i>INCURVUM</i>	Oaxaca	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>		<i>JANEIRENSE, vide O. LONGIPES</i>		
<i>I</i>		<i>JUNCIFOLIUM</i>	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>		<i>KRAMERIANUM</i>	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		<i>LANCEANUM</i>	Surinam	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		— <i>SUPERBUM</i>	Surinam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		<i>LEUCOCHILUM</i>	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		— <i>DAWSONIANUM</i>	Mexico	
<i>C</i>		— <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Mexico	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>		<i>LONCIPIES (JANEIRENSE)</i>	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>		<i>LURIDUM (GUTTATUM)</i>	West Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>		<i>MACRANTHUM</i>	Ecuador	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>		— <i>GRANDIFLORUM</i>	Ecuador	
<i>C</i>		— <i>HASTIFERUM</i>	Ecuador	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>		<i>MARSHALLIANUM</i>	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 42s.
<i>I</i>		<i>MELIOSMUM</i>	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		<i>NUBIOENUM (PHALENOPSIS)</i>	Ecuador	
<i>C</i>		<i>OBRYZATUM</i>	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>		<i>ORNITHORRHYNCHUM</i>	Guatemala	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>		— <i>ALBUM</i>	Guatemala	
<i>*C</i>		— <i>MAJUS</i>	Guatemala	
<i>*C</i>		— <i>RUBRUM</i>	Guatemala	
<i>S</i>		<i>PAPILIO</i>	Panama	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>		— <i>MAJUS</i>	Panama	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>		<i>PELICANUM, vide O. CRUENTUM</i>		
<i>C</i>		<i>PHALENOPSIS, vide O. NUBIOENUM</i>		
<i>I</i>		<i>PHILIPSIIANUM</i>	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>		<i>PHYLLOGLOSSUM</i>	South America	
<i>C</i>		<i>PHYMATOCHILUM</i>	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>		<i>PLACIANTHUM</i>	Colombia	
<i>C</i>		<i>PRETEXTUM</i>	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

<i>C</i>	ONCIDIUM PRETEXTUM MACULOSUM	Brazil	
<i>I</i>	PUBES	Brazil	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	PULVINATUM	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	PUMILUM	Brazil	42s.
<i>I</i>	REFLEXUM	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	REICHENBACHII	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	ROSEUM	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	SARCODES	Brazil	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	SCHILLERIANUM	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	SCHLIMII	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	SERRATUM (DIADEMA)	Peru	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	SESSILE	Santa Martha	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	SPIRACELATUM	Mexico	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	SPHOCIFERUM	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	STELLIGERUM (DIATATUM)	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— PICTUM	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	SUPERBIENS (ÆMULUM)	Colombia	
<i>I</i>	SUTTONI	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	TECTUM	South America	15s.
<i>C</i>	TETRACOPIS	Colombia	
<i>S</i>	TETRAPETALUM	West Indies	21s.
<i>I</i>	TIORATUM	South America	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i>	TIGRINUM (BARKERI)	Mexico	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i>	TRILINGUE	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	TRIQUETRUM	West Indies	10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	TRULLIFERUM	South America	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i>	UNGUICULATUM	Mexico	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i>	UNICORNE	Brazil	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	VARICOSUM	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— ROGERSII	Brazil	
<i>I</i>	VIRULATUM	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	WARNERI	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	WELTONI (MILTONIA WARSCEWICZII)	Colombia	5s., 7s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i>	WENTWORTHIANUM	Guatemala	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i>	ZEBRINUM	Colombia	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	PALUMBINA CANDIDA	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	PAPHINIA CRISTATA	West Indies	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	CRISTATA GRANDIS	West Indies	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i>	PERISTERIA ELATA (The Dove Flower)	Panama	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>El Spirito Santo (Holy Ghost Flower) of the</i>			Spaniards. The centre of each blossom bears a
<i>striking resemblance to a waxen dove, hence its name.</i>			
<i>I</i>	PESCATORIA (HUNTLEYA) CERINA	South America	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	DAYANA	South America	
<i>I</i>	KLABOCHORA	South America	
<i>I</i>	ROEZLII	Ecuador	
<i>I</i>	PHAIUS ALBUS, <i>vide</i> THUNIA ALBA		
<i>S</i>	BENSONIÆ, <i>vide</i> THUNIA BENSONIÆ		
<i>I</i>	BLUMEI	Assam	
* <i>I</i>	GRANDIFOLIUS (BLETIA TANKERVILLIÆ)	Hong Kong	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	HUMBLOTII	Madagascar	
<i>I</i>	MACULATUS	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	MARSHALLIANUS, <i>vide</i> THUNIA MARSHALLIANA		
<i>S</i>	TUBERCULOSUS	Madagascar	
<i>I</i>	WALLICHI	Sylhet	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	WOODFORDII	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	PHALÆNOPSIS AMABILIS	Sunda Islands	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>S</i>	AMABILIS DAYANA	Sunda Islands	
<i>S</i>	ESMERALDA	Cochin China	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	GRANDIFLORA	Borneo	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>S</i>	LÜDDEMANNIANA	Philippino Islands	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	ROSEA	East Indies	21s.
<i>S</i>	SANDERIANA	East Indies	21s., 42s. and 63s.
* <i>S</i>	SCHILLENIANA	Manilla	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
* <i>S</i>	— SUPERBA	Manilla	
<i>S</i>	STUARTIANA	East Indies	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	TETRASPIS	East Indies	84s. and 105s.
<i>S</i>	VIOLACEA	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	PHOLIDOTA IMBRICATA	East Indies	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	PILUMNA (TRICHOPILO) FRAORANS	Merida	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	NOBILIS	South America	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i>	PLEIONE BIRMANICA	Burmah	10s. 6d. and 15s.

*C	PLEIONE HUMILIS (HOOKER)	East Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*C	HUMILIS TRICOLOR	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C	LAGENARIA	Khasya	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
*C	MACULATA	Assam, Khasya	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
C	PRECOX TENERA	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C	REICHENBACHIANA	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
*C	WALLICHIANA	Arracan Mountains	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
I	PLEUROTHALLIS INCOMPTA	South America	15s.
I	SCAPHIA	South America	105s.
S	PROMONÆA CITRINA	Brazil	
S	RENANTHERA COCCINEA	Cochin China	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	LOWII, vide VANDA LOWII		
C	RESTREPIA ANTENNIFERA	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	ELEOANS	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	OPHIOCEPHALA	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
S	RODRIGUEZIA PLANIFOLIA	South America	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	SECUNDA	West Indies	10s. 6d. and 15s.
S	SACCOLABIUM AMPULLACEUM	Rangoon	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
S	BELLINUM	East Indies	
S	BIGIBBUM	East Indies	63s.
S	BLUMEI	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
S	— DAYI	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
S	— JAVANENSE	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	— MAJUS	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
S	— ROSEUM	East Indies	
S	— SPLENDENS	East Indies	42s. and 63s.
S	CURVIFOLIUM	Nepal, Ceylon	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*S	OIOANTEUM (VANDA DENSIFLORA)	East Indies	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
*S	— EXCELLENS	East Indies	
*S	— ILLUSTRIS	East Indies	
S	GUTTATUM	East Indies	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	— OIOANTEUM	East Indies	
S	— SUPERBUM	Ceylon	63s. and 84s.
S	HARRISONIANUM	Pulo, Copang	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	HENDERSONIANUM	Borneo	105s.
S	PLEMORSUM	Java	42s. and 63s.
S	RETUSUM	Java	42s. and 63s.
S	RINGENS		
S	VIOLACEUM	Manilla	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	SARCANTHUS LAXUS	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	SARCOCHILUS HARTMANNI	Anstralia	42s. and 63s.
S	UNOICULATUS	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	SARCOPODIUM DEAREI	East Indies	
S	LOBBII	East Indies	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	SCHOMBURGKIA CARINATA	West Indies	
I	CRISPA	Guiana	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
S	LYONSII	West Indies	
I	TIBICINA	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	UNDULATA	La Guayra	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
SELENIPEDIUM, vide CYPRIPEDIUM.			
I	SOBRALIA MACRANTHA	Guatemala	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	MACRANTHA MAGNIFICA	Guatemala	
I	— NANA	Guatemala	42s. and 63s.
I	— ROSEA	Guatemala	
I	— RUBRA	Guatemala	
I	— SPLENDENS	Guatemala	42s. and 63s.
C	SOPHRONITES CERNUA	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
*C	ORANDIFLORA	Organ Mountains	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
*C	— COCCINEA	Organ Mountains	
*C	— SUPERBA	Brazil	
C	VIOLACEA	Brazil	
S	SPATHOGLOTTIS FORTUNEI	Hong Kong	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	LOBBII	Borneo	84s. and 105s.
S	PACIFICA	Pacific Islands	
I	STANHOPEA AUREA	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	BUCEPHALUS	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	ECORNUTA	South America	
I	ORANDIFLORA	South America	
I	ORATEOLENS	South America	10s. 6d.
I	OUTTULATA	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	INSONIS	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.

<i>C</i>	<i>STANTHOPEA MARTIANA</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	<i>OCULATA</i>	Xalapa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	<i>PUNCTATA</i>	South America	10s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	<i>SHUTTLEWORTHII</i>	Colombia	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	<i>TIORINA</i>	Xalapa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>SUPERBA</i>	Xalapa	21s.
<i>I</i>	<i>WARDII</i>	La Guayra	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	<i>THRIXSPERMUM MURICULATUM</i>	Andaman Islands	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	<i>THUNIA (PHAIUS) ALBA</i>	India	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	<i>ALBA STRIATA</i>	India	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	<i>(PHAIUS) BENSONIÆ</i>	Moulmein	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	<i>MARSHALLIANA</i>	India	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	<i>PULCHRA</i>	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	<i>TRICHOPILIA AUREOPHYLAX</i>	Mexico	
<i>C</i>	<i>COCCINEA</i>	Costa Rica	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	<i>CRISPA (OLOXINLEFLORA)</i>	Costa Rica	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>MARONATA</i>	Costa Rica	
<i>I</i>	<i>FRAORANS, vide PILUMNA FRAGRANS.</i>		
<i>I</i>	<i>GALEOTTIANA (PICTA)</i>	Costa Rica	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	<i>HYMENANTHIA</i>	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	<i>(PILUMNA) LAXA</i>	South America	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	<i>SUAVIS</i>	Costa Rica	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>SUPERBA</i>	Costa Rica	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	<i>TORTILIS</i>	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>ALBA</i>	Mexico	
<i>I</i>	<i>TURIALVÆ</i>	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>*C</i>	<i>TRICHOSMA SUAVIS</i>	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	<i>TRIGONIDIUM RHOENS</i>	Assam	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	<i>UROPEDIUM LINDENI</i>	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	<i>VANDA BATEMANNI</i>	Moluccas	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	<i>BENSONI</i>	Burmah	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	<i>BOXALLII</i>	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	<i>CATICARTII</i>	Sikkim	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	<i>CÆRULEA</i>	Khasya	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	<i>CÆRULESCENS</i>	Burmah	
<i>I</i>	— <i>BOXALLII</i>	Burmah	
<i>S</i>	<i>CONCOLOR</i>	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	<i>CRISTATA</i>	Assam	
<i>*S</i>	<i>DENISONIANA</i>	India	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>*S</i>	<i>DENSIFLORA, vide SACCOLABIUM OIGANTEUM</i>		
<i>S</i>	<i>OIGANTEA</i>	Moulmein and Rangoon	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	<i>HOOKERI</i>	Borneo	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i>	<i>INSIONIS</i>	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	<i>LIMBATA</i>	East Indies	
<i>S</i>	<i>LOWII</i>	Borneo	
<i>S</i>	<i>PARISIII</i>	Burmah	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	— <i>MARROTTIANA</i>	Burmah	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i>	<i>ROXBURGHII</i>	Bengal	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <i>CÆRULEA</i>	Bengal	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	<i>SANDERIANA</i>	Eastern Archipelago	
<i>S</i>	<i>SUAVIS</i>	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	— <i>(CHATSORTH VARIETY)</i>	Java	
<i>S</i>	— <i>MAXIMA</i>	Java	
<i>S</i>	<i>TERES</i>	Sylhet	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	— <i>ANDERSONI</i>	Sylhet	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	<i>TESTACEA</i>	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	<i>TRICOLOR</i>	Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <i>AUREA</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>CHELSONIENSIS</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>FORMOSA</i>	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>OUTTATA</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>INSIONIS</i>	Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <i>LIMBATA</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>MARGINATA</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>MELEAORIS</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>MULTIFLORA</i>	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>NEBULOSA</i>	Java	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>PLANILABRIS</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>SPLENDENS</i>	Java	
<i>I</i>	— <i>SUPERBA</i>	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	<i>VANILLA AROMATICA</i>	Brazil	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

<i>S</i> VANILLA PLANIFOLIA	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> WARREA LINDENIANA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> WARSCEWICZELLA DISCOLOR	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> VELATA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> ZYGOPETALUM CRINITUM	Brazil	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> CRINITUM CÆRULEUM	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> ——— SUPERBUM	Brazil	
<i>I</i> GAUTIERI	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> INTERMEDIUM	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> MACKAYI	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> ——— MAJUS	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> MAXILLARE	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> ROSTRATUM	South America	21s.

CHOICE ORCHIDS.

EAST INDIAN
MEXICAN

WEST INDIAN
PERUVIAN

COLOMBIAN
BRAZILIAN.

Collections made at 3, 4, 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.

ORCHIDS FOR COOL HOUSES.

It being well known that many Orchids can be easily and successfully cultivated in a cool temperature, with scarcely any artificial heat during a great part of the year, Mr. W. B. has devoted several houses to this beautiful and desirable class, and will be pleased to make good selections of them at
3, 4, 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.

SPHAGNUM MOSS FOR ORCHIDS.

3s. 6d. per bushel; 12s. per sack.

BEST FIBROUS PEAT FOR ORCHIDS.

10s. per sack.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES.

VIOLETTA, a very pretty and free-flowering new variety of vigorous growth, producing an abundance of rich violet-purple flowers, the centre of each lobe and the mouth of the throat being very darkly veined. 5s.

Good selections made at 6s., 9s. and 12s. per dozen, according to sorts.

New and choice sorts, 18s. and 30s. per dozen, according to sorts.

ADMIRATION [FELT
AMBROISE VERSCHAFF-
AROUS
AURORA
BELLE GRACOVienne
CARL WOLFARTH
CARMINATA ELEGANS
CHARM
CHERUB
CHIRITA
DAZZLE
DENTONIANA
DIADEM
ECLIPSE
EDWARD BOISSIER
EVELINE
EXCELSIOR
FIREFLY
FRANCOIS CARDINAUX
GEORGIANA
GRANDIFLORA
—— FLORE PLENO
GRANDIS
HARRY WILLIAMS
HENDERSONI
LADY LYTLETON
LEOPARD
LONOIFLORA
—— ALBA
—— MACRANTHA



LOUIS VAN HOUTTE
LOVELINESS
MAGNET
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MARVEL
MAUVE PERFECTION
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MASTERPIECE
METEOR
MINIATA
M. MEILLEZ
NESIDA
NINA
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PARSONSII
PURPUREA ELEGANS
—— MULTIFLORA
RIENZII
RIVAL
ROLLISSONI
ROSEA ELEGANS
—— MAGNIFICA
SCARLET PERFECTION
SIR TREHERNE THOMAS
SKINNERI
SPARKLER
UNIQUE
VENUSTA
VIVICANS
WILLIAMSHII

LONOIFLORA MAJOR
—— ROSEA

EUCODONIAS.

A free-flowering and dwarf growing section of Gesneraceous plants, with attractive flowers intermediate between Tydæas and Gloxinias. 1s. and 1s. 6d. each.

EHRENBERGII
NEOELIOIDES

NEOELIOIDES DIAMANTINA
— LILACINELLA

NEOELIOIDES NANA MULTIFLORA
VAN HOUTTEI.

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS).

The value of Gesneras as decorative plants can scarcely be over estimated. Most of them have rich velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson. If only grown for the foliage they are very attractive, but they produce splendid pyramidal spikes of blossom, which are extremely handsome. Originally, however, the principal colour was orange-scarlet; now, as the result of fertilisation, there are various colours and shades, added to which the spotting on the flowers of some of the varieties is extremely pretty. Selections of good varieties at 30s. and 42s. per dozen, according to sorts.

GESNERAS, see also page 45.

NEW SEMI-DOUBLE GESNERA.

MADAME HEINE, a distinct and beautiful variety with handsome foliage; the flowers are of large size and perfect shape, freely produced in fine pyramidal branching racemes, the tube and outside lobes being of a rich violet-purple colour, the centre white shaded with rose and spotted with purple, while the interior of the throat is orange-yellow with crimson spots. The plant is of free growth and good habit, and is remarkable on account of the lower flowers often producing a number of petaloid segments, thus giving to the blooms a semi-double appearance. 7s. 6d.

NEW HYBRID GESNERAS.

The following new hybrid varieties are the result of a cross between a Gesnera and an Achimenes, inheriting the handsome foliage of the former with the showy flowers of the latter.

MADAME JEHENNE, a variety of vigorous growth, producing clusters of large showy flowers of a dark rosy-violet colour, resembling in shape those of an Achimenes. 7s. 6d.

SOUVENIR DE MADAME JOIGNOT, this variety has handsome bronze-green leaves, the Achimenes-like flowers, which are abundantly produced, being of a rich carmine-purple colour. 7s. 6d.

The two following varieties differ from the preceding in more nearly approaching a true Achimenes in general character, and the great length of time during which they remain in bloom; they are also very free-flowering.

LE PRODIGE, a distinct variety with handsome foliage; the flowers which are fringed, being of a rose colour shaded with purple, fading towards the edge into rosy-salmon. 7s. 6d.

PYRAMIDAL, a vigorous growing variety, freely developing numerous lateral branches, which become covered with rose coloured flowers, shaded with purple; the throat is golden-yellow with small crimson spots. 7s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.

Choice selections made by Mr. W. B. at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen, according to sorts.

For New Varieties, offered for the first time, *vide* page 16.

ACTIVE, *vide* page 16
ALBERT MAROUSE
AMETHYST, *vide* page 16
ANNA DE CONDEIXA
ARIADNE
AUGUSTE SIREAUX
AURELIA
BIJOU
CABELLO

CECILE MICHAUX
CHATEAUBRIAND
CHAUCER
CLIO
COMTE BALSCHÉ
COMTE DE MONTESQUIOU
COMTESSE HORACE DE CHOISEUL
CONQUEST
CORDON LAVANDE

COWPER
CYONET, *vide* page 16
DANTE
DARING
DIADÈME
DIAMANT
DRYDEN
DUC DE SUTHENHAM
EDEN

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—continued.

ELFIN	MDLLE. JEANNE MEURET	PRINCE DE GALLES
FANTOME	MDLLE. MARIE MOREAU	ROMEO
FLORIAN	MALABAR, <i>vide</i> page 16	ROMOLA
GEORGES SAND	MENTOR	ROSE AZURÉE
GLITTER	MILTON	RUBENS
HORTENSE	MOGUL	SABRINA, <i>vide</i> page 16
HYDRA, <i>vide</i> page 16	MON CAPRICE	TAMAR
JEANNE D'ARC	MONSIEUR A. BLANC	TEMPLAR
JUPITER	MONSIEUR BERGMAN	TENNYSON
LA BOËTIE	MONSIEUR HIT	TOPAZE
LA FRANCE	M. MAXIME DE LA ROCHETERIE	TRICOLORE
LAURE	NEPTUNE	TRITON
LEONORA	NOIROT	URANIE
MAD. BOYD	ODIN	VARIABILIS
MAD. PH. HÉBERT	PHYLLIS	VELINDRA
MDLLE. ANOELINA MARTIN	PLINE	VICOMTESSE DE BELLEVAL
MDLLE. BLANCHE BACHELOT	PORTEND	

GLOXINIA INSIONIS, this distinct variety produces its flowers during the autumn and winter; colour bluish lilac, marked with a large crimson blotch at the base of the tube. 2s. 6d.

MACULATA SCEPTRUM, a magnificent hybrid, with extra large erect cordate foliage; it produces a rigid terminal inflorescence, exceeding 20 inches in height, which bears majestically its large, clear lilac, well-formed blooms. 2s. 6d.

TYDÆAS.

These can be cultivated so as to produce an abundance of bloom throughout the winter, their flowering season principally depending on the time of year their tubers are started into growth. With a little management a succession of blooming plants can be had nearly throughout the year. 18s., 24s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen, according to sorts.

AILSA	DUCHESS	OPHIR
ALARM	ELAINE	PAREPA
ALEXANDRE	EUTERPE	PELOPIDAS
AMARANTE ET CANNELLE	GIGANTEA	PERONILLA
AMAZON	HOTSPUR, <i>vide</i> page 15	PHYLLIS
BELLONA	ITACULUMI	PLUTON
BOMB	JULIETTE	PORTIA
CALYPSO	LEON DUVAL	SABINA
CECILIA	LÉONIDAS	THALIE
CÉRÈS	LIEFFEN	THERA
CHAMALIÈRES	LORENZO	TRICOLORE
CLOVIS	MADAME HALPHEN	UKARA
COQUETTE	MANCINUS	VIOLET ET MARRON
CYNTHIA	MINERVE	WONDER
DAFINE	MIRANA	XENOPHON
DORIS		

NEW AND CHOICE REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

This name is applied to that magnificent group of Pelargoniums, the flowers of which are of large size, with very rich and showy colours, and which, although they are not really double, yet have the appearance of being so from their full and crispy form, and the extra number of their frilled petals.

ALEXANDRE DE NAPADIEWICZ, a fine flower of a salmon-carmine colour, widely margined with white; upper petals blotched with maroon; large white centre. 3s. 6d.

BEAUTY OF OXTON, upper petals rich maroon, darkly blotched; under petals dark crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre, tinted with rose; all the petals regularly margined white, and beautifully fringed. 1s. 6d.

CAPTAIN RAIKES, a fine large full flower; upper petals deep fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black, and bordered with carmine; lower petals clear bright fiery crimson. 2s. 6d.

COUNTESS OF ROSEBERRY, a desirable variety, producing large trusses of pure white flowers, with a spot of delicate rose in the upper petals, the margin of the flower being prettily fringed. 2s. 6d.

DR. MASTERS, the upper petals have large black blotches in the centre, with a narrow margin of rich crimson; the lower petals have a smaller blotch, with a broader margin of the same colour as the upper. 1s. 6d.

DUCHESS OF BEDFORD, a very useful and charming variety; its blossoms are of the purest white, prettily fringed, with feathered spot of delicate rose on upper petals. 1s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE REGAL PELARGONIUMS—continued.

- DUKE OF ALBANY**, deep rich crimson-maroon, margined with rosy lake; light centre surrounded with violet-rose shading; all the petals beautifully undulated and fringed; a very fine full flower; extremely showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- KARL KLEIN**, a splendid variety, producing very bright red flowers, darkly spotted; extremely showy. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME EVERARD**, very full flower, with beautiful crispy petals of bright purplish crimson colour, spotted with dark maroon. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME THIBAUT**, white blotched and marbled with rose; upper petals marked with crimson maroon; large white centre. 1s. 6d.
- MAID OF KENT**, an attractive variety, of neat dwarf habit and extremely free blooming; the flowers are pure white, with bright rose-coloured spots on all the petals, which are beautifully undulated and fringed. 2s. 6d.
- PRINCE OF PELARGONIUMS**, large flowers with elegantly fringed margins; brilliant vermilion-scarlet ground colour, finely relieved by a blush-white centre, with violet veins; the upper petals flushed with rich crimson. 2s. 6d.
- MISS LILY CANNELL**, a very pretty flower; crimson-scarlet petals shaded with rosy-purple and edged with white; light centre. 7s. 6d.
- PRINCE OF TECK**, rich deep crimson, shaded with violet; upper petals blotched and feathered with dark blackish maroon; centre shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.
- PRINCE OF WALES**, an exceedingly handsome variety, freely producing good trusses of flowers of a bright vermilion colour, with light centre and light edge to the petals, the superior ones being marked with light crimson, and darkly blotched. 1s. 6d.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE**, upper petals crimson-lake blotched with maroon and margined with white, under petals blush white; a large and full flower, the petals being beautifully undulated and fringed. 10s. 6d.
- PRINCESS OF WALES**, an extremely beautiful variety, with very large and effective flowers of a rosy lake colour, marbled and reticulated with white; large, clear, and distinct white centre; all the petals margined with white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon; an exceedingly attractive flower. 3s. 6d.
- QUEEN VICTORIA**, the flowers of this handsome and distinct variety have peculiarly crispy petals of a rich vermilion colour, broadly margined with pure white, the upper ones blotched with maroon; extremely attractive. 2s. 6d.
- SULTAN**, carmine-lake; the upper petals blotched with maroon; light centre, shaded with soft violet-rose; all the petals slightly undulated; a very pretty flower. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE ATTRACTIVE COLOURED AND SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

For New Varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 16.

- AGATHA**, a fine flower of good form; upper petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon and margined with white; under petals blush-white, spotted with bright crimson. 5s.
- ALFONSO**, a very pure white free-blooming variety, upper petals marked with a feathered blotch of rich rosy crimson, under petals faintly feathered with rose; a large finely formed flower. 10s. 6d.
- ANGUS**, delicate rose; upper petals blotched with dark crimson and shaded with bright rose; under petals spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.
- ARBACES**, a very attractive flower of a bright rosy purple colour, with light margin; the upper petals blotched and feathered with dark crimson. 3s. 6d.
- ARVON**, upper petals bright crimson, blotched with blackish maroon and edged with rose; under petals soft rose, spotted crimson. 2s. 6d.
- ATRATO**, vide page 16
- CATRINA**, upper petals dark maroon, margined with rosy crimson; under petals rosy crimson, blotched with maroon. 3s. 6d.
- CHARGER**, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with crimson and edged rose; under petals deep rose, blotched with maroon. 2s. 6d.
- CYMBA**, upper petals dark crimson, surrounded with bright crimson and edged with rose; under petals rose, blotched and feathered with crimson; light centre; a fine, large well-formed flower. 5s.
- CYPRIA**, a fine flower of a rich rosy crimson colour; upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted dark crimson. 2s. 6d.
- DACIA**, upper petals dark maroon shaded with bright crimson, margined with rose; under petals rosy pink, cleanly spotted with dark crimson. 5s.
- DAMON**, upper petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon; under petals rosy crimson, white centre; all the petals edged white. 2s. 6d.
- DAURUS**, flower rich crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre, shaded rosy purple. 5s.
- DINORAH**, upper petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with bright rosy purple, and edged with rose; under petals light rose, spotted with bright rosy purple. 3s. 6d.
- DOLPHIN**, flower salmon-pink, upper petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson; under petals spotted with bright crimson. 10s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—continued.

EBOR, *vide* page 16

ECLIPSE, upper petals blackish maroon, edged with fiery crimson; under petals deep crimson, shaded with scarlet, and blotched with dark maroon; light centre. 2s. 6d.

ELVINA, upper petals rich bright crimson, blotched with maroon and margined with white; under petals blush, tinted rose and spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

ENSGN, all the petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose. 2s. 6d.

FIREFLY, fiery crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted crimson, light centre, shaded violet. 2s. 6d.

FORWARD, upper petals maroon edged with soft rose; under petals rosy crimson, heavily spotted with maroon. 5s.

GASTON MALET, bright purple, upper petals blotched with black; lower petals spotted with black; white centre. 2s. 6d.

GIDOUR, upper petals deep maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson, and margined with deep rose; under petals bright rosy pink, spotted with dark crimson; a splendid flower. 5s.

GRANTA, maroon upper petals, surrounded with rosy crimson, and edged with lavender; under petals rich rose, spotted with dark crimson; white centre. 2s. 6d.

GRISON, light rosy pink, all the petals blotched with very dark blackish maroon, and shaded with crimson; a very fine flower. 2s. 6d.

HECLA, light rosy purple, veined with deep purple, upper petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose; under petals spotted with maroon. 5s.

HIAWATHA, upper petals very dark maroon, margined with crimson and edged with white; under petals rosy crimson, margined with blush and blotched with maroon. 2s. 6d.

JESSICA, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with crimson, and margined with rose; under petals rosy pink, spotted dark crimson. 3s. 6d.

KENNETH, upper petals purplish crimson, margined violet-crimson and feathered crimson-maroon; under petals violet-crimson, edged with rosy lavender; white centre. 2s. 6d.

LEONARD, a beautiful flesh-coloured flower, the upper petals being blotched with dark crimson, surrounded with bright crimson; under petals cleanly spotted with bright rosy crimson. 10s. 6d.

LEONIS, flower soft rosy purple, surrounded with pale rose, the upper petals blotched with maroon. 3s. 6d.

LUCULLUS, fiery crimson; upper petals blotched with blackish maroon; under petals spotted crimson-maroon; light centre. 2s. 6d.

MALCOLM, upper petals rosy pink, blotched with maroon; under petals soft rosy pink, spotted with deep crimson. 3s. 6d.

MARSUS, upper petals white, blotched with crimson and surrounded with rose; under petals blush white, spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

MEDINA, upper petals maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with rose; under petals rose, blotched with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.

MINARET, upper petals crimson, with maroon blotch; under petals rosy crimson marked and spotted with maroon. 2s. 6d.

MRS. POTTEN, a fine round flower, with undulated blush white petals; the upper petals blotched with velvety purple. 2s. 6d.

NEPTUNE, *vide* page 16

NIZZA, flower bright rosy purple; upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 5s.

ONDINE, upper petals dark crimson, surrounded with fiery crimson, edged with pink; under petals rose suffused with crimson, and spotted with dark crimson. 10s. 6d.

ORISSA, upper petals light purplish crimson, feathered and blotched with maroon; under petals soft violet-rose, marked with crimson; a rich-looking and attractive flower. 5s.

OSCAR, upper petals crimson, margined with rose and blotched with maroon; under petals rose, spotted crimson; light centre. 2s. 6d.

PEERLESS, the upper petals blackish maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson; under petals rich crimson, with maroon spot. 2s. 6d.

PHENIX, deep rosy purple, upper petals blotched and feathered with dark crimson; under petals edged with white, light centre. 5s.

PINNACE, light scarlet-crimson; upper petals blotched with maroon and edged with rose; under petals rosy carmine, spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.

PIONEER, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals slightly spotted with crimson; light centre. 2s. 6d.

PLATEAU, upper petals rich bright crimson, blotched maroon; under petals bright crimson, shaded dark crimson; light centre. 2s. 6d.

RENDIGO, upper petals nearly black, with crimson edge; under petals crimson, blotched with maroon. 2s. 6d.

RUMOUR, upper petals carmine-crimson, blotched with maroon and margined with rose; under petals rose-pink, spotted dark crimson. 2s. 6d.

SABINE, upper petals dark crimson-maroon, edged with bright crimson; under petals rosy crimson, blotched with maroon. 3s. 6d.

SERENA, rosy lake, with slight purplish shade; upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with deep crimson. 2s. 6d.

SPORTSMAN, a deep rosy purple flower, light centre, the upper petals marked and feathered with maroon edged with rose. 10s. 6d.

SYLVIA, upper petals rosy carmine, blotched with maroon and shaded bright crimson; under petals soft rosy pink, spotted crimson. 3s. 6d.

TELAMON, upper petals blackish maroon, margined with fiery crimson; under petals light red, slightly shaded with orange and spotted with dark maroon; a very fine flower. 2s. 6d.

TENNYSON, upper petals dark maroon, margined with rose and edged with white; under petals pure clear white, with a small blotch of bright lake in the centre of each. 2s. 6d.

TREASURE, upper petals violet-purple, blotched with maroon and edged with lavender; under petals light rosy purple, spotted with maroon. 10s. 6d.

TRIUMPHANS, rich violet-crimson, margined with violet-rose, upper petals feathered with dark crimson; light rosy violet centre. 1s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—continued.

TYRANT, upper petals dark crimson-maroon, edged with rose; under petals salmon-rose, spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.

UKRAIN, upper petals bright crimson, blotched maroon and edged white; under petals deep rose, edged white; white centre, shaded violet; the petals slightly fringed. 2s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 18s., 24s. and 30s. per dozen, according to sorts.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

For New Varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 16.

ADALIA, upper petals maroon, edged with crimson; under petals deep rose, slightly shaded with crimson; white centre. 3s. 6d.

ADVENTURER, maroon spot on top petals; narrow rose edge; rose lower petals; white centre, large and fine form. 2s. 6d.

AMPHION, vide page 16

ANATINA, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rosy crimson; under petals rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 2s. 6d.

ARISBA, upper petals rich maroon, edged with bright rose; under petals deep crimson edged with rose; light centre. 10s. 6d.

ATALANTA, upper petals maroon, edged with bright rose; under petals deep rose; white centre. 7s. 6d.

BANQUET, upper petals crimson-maroon, edged with rose; under petals bright rose. 2s. 6d.

BECERRA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with bright crimson; under petals light rose; large white centre. 2s. 6d.

BRILLIANT, fine scarlet with black spot, dwarf habit; very fine and bright. 2s. 6d.

CECILIA, upper petals dark velvety maroon, surrounded bright crimson and edged rose; under petals rosy pink; white centre. 2s. 6d.

CHARTER, rich maroon upper petals margined with violet-rose; under petals violet-rose; shaded crimson; large white centre. 2s. 6d.

COMUS, upper petals dark crimson, margined with bright crimson; lower petals bright pink shaded with crimson. 7s. 6d.

CONDUCTOR, dark crimson upper petals margined with bright rose; under petals delicate rose; pure white centre. 2s. 6d.

CONFESSOR, upper petals black, with narrow rose margin; rose lower petals; white centre; large flower of fine form. 2s. 6d.

COSSACK, upper petals very dark maroon, surrounded with bright crimson; under petals bright rose; large white centre. 2s. 6d.

CREUSA, light rose; the upper petals blotched with dark crimson; light centre. 2s. 6d.

DARDAN, upper petals black-maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals light bright rose; large white centre. 2s. 6d.

DONCASTER, upper petals maroon, orange-rose lower petals and edges; white centre; large, and of good form. 2s. 6d.

EMBASSY, pure white, the two upper petals blotched with deep violet maroon. 2s. 6d.

EMBLEM, bright rose, shaded with violet; upper petals blotched with dark crimson; light centre. 2s. 6d.

VINCENT, upper petals maroon, edged with rosy crimson; under petals rich rosy crimson; the centre shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.

ZENOBI, vide page 16

ZORA, upper petals bright rosy carmine, blotched with dark crimson, and widely margined with white; under petals blush white. 2s. 6d.

EXCHEQUER, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose; under petals rose; white centre. 2s. 6d.

FALCON, upper petals blackish maroon, shaded bright crimson and edged pale rose; under petals soft rosy pink; light centre. 3s. 6d.

FILLE DE L'AIR, a new and charming variety, small black spot on top petals, shaded with orange, bright rose spots on lower petals; white centre and edges. 2s. 6d.

GARNET, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with violet-rose; bright rose under petals; light centre. 2s. 6d.

HECTOR, bright orange, with dark spot on upper petals, and bright crimson edge; white centre; very attractive. 2s. 6d.

HUMPHREY, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose; under petals bright rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 2s. 6d.

INSTANCE, upper petals violet crimson, shaded with maroon and edged with white; under petals blush-white; very pretty. 2s. 6d.

INVENTOR, upper petals maroon, shaded with bright crimson and margined with rose; under petals salmon-pink; white centre. 3s. 6d.

IRIS, vide page 16

ISIDORUS, rich crimson; the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon and edged with rose; light centre, shaded violet. 2s. 6d.

JOVIAL, a rosy purple flower, upper petals blotched with maroon, the entire flower having a pretty edging of white; light centre. 10s. 6d.

KESTREL, upper petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson and edged with rose; lower petals deep rosy pink; light centre. 7s. 6d.

LAURETTA, upper petals bright crimson blotched with blackish maroon and edged with pale rose; under petals soft rose; light centre; a splendid variety. 5s.

LEANDER, vide page 16

LESSEE, a magnificent flower of a bright fiery crimson colour, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson; petals slightly edged rose; light centre, shaded with violet. 5s.

LORA, upper petals maroon, margined with scarlet and edged with rose, under petals rosy pink, white eye. 2s. 6d.

MADELINA, upper petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson and edged with bright rose; under petals rosy lake; pure white centre; a fine flower. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—continued.

- MAJESTIC**, rosy crimson, with dark maroon spot on upper petals, and white centre. 2s. 6d.
- MATHON**, upper petals blackish maroon, surrounded with rosy crimson; under petals white, feathered with soft purple. 3s. 6d.
- MORVEN**, a white flower, the upper petals marked with a small blotch of bright rosy purple, a few small purple dots being scattered irregularly over the flower. 3s. 6d.
- MURILLO**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose; under petals bright rose; pure white centre. 2s. 6d.
- NABOB**, fiery crimson, the upper petals shaded with dark crimson and blotched with fiery maroon; light centre. 10s. 6d.
- NEPTUNE**, rich scarlet, small black spot, fine quality and free. 10s. 6d.
- PALATINE**, upper petals rich maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson and edged rose; under petals soft pink; light centre. 3s. 6d.
- PAULINE**, upper petals dark crimson, blotched with maroon and margined with white; under petals white, suffused with rose. 5s.
- PENSION**, rich deep crimson; the upper petals marked with velvety maroon; large light centre; a fine flower. 2s. 6d.
- PERIM**, upper petals blackish maroon, margined with lavender-rose; under petals deep rose, shaded with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- PILOT**, bright rosy pink, blotched with dark velvety crimson on the upper petals; light centre. 2s. 6d.
- PIONEER**, orange-scarlet, maroon spot, white centre, free and effective. 2s. 6d.
- RETREAT**, deep rose, maroon spot, white centre, free bloomer. 2s. 6d.
- RITUALIST**, a very large flower of a rosy pink colour, with small maroon spot on the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
- RUSTIC**, a fine flower; upper petals rich crimson, shaded maroon; under petals rich crimson; light centre, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.
- RUTULIA**, upper petals crimson-maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals scarlet-crimson; light centre, shaded violet. 2s. 6d.
- SIR WALTER SCOTT**, under petals crimson; upper petals maroon with narrow crimson edge; white eye. 2s. 6d.
- SPHINX**, *vide* page 16
- SPLENDENT**, upper petals maroon, surrounded with scarlet and edged with pink; under petals salmon-rose; white centre. 2s. 6d.
- SUBLIME**, upper petals violet-crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with lavender; under petals lavender bluish. 2s. 6d.
- THEODOSIA**, upper petals velvety crimson, blotched with blackish maroon and edged with rose; under petals bright rose, slightly shaded with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- TROJAN**, under petals rosy purple; upper petals dark maroon; white eye. 2s. 6d.
- URBINO**, upper petals blackish maroon, edged with crimson; under petals deep crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 24s. and 30s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

Selections made by Mr. W. B. at 18s., 24s., 30s., 42s., & 60s. per doz., according to sorts.
For New Varieties, offered for the first time, *vide* page 16.

CAPE SPECIES, HYBRID, SELF-COLOURED,
STRIPED AND PERPETUAL-FLOWERING
PELARGONIUMS.

Selections made by Mr. W. B. at 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

Selections made by Mr. W. B. at 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen, according to sorts.

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

This section is admirably adapted for bedding, as the flowers are borne in the greatest profusion and in immense trusses, and hence produce great effect.

Selections made by Mr. W. B. at 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per doz., according to sorts.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

For New Varieties, vide page 16.

- ABEL CARRIÈRE, crimson, with violet shade; fine flowers; dwarf habit and free. 1s.
 ABONDANCE, fine trusses of beautiful violet-lilac undulated flowers. 1s.
 ALBERT CROUSSE, a fine flower of a bright carmine colour, darker towards the centre. 1s.
 ALGERINE, white, slightly feathered in the upper petals with rosy crimson. 3s. 6d.
 ALPHONSE FAILLE, dark cerise, shaded with carmine and amaranth. 5s.
 CHARM, a large flower of bright pink colour, with rich crimson markings on upper petals. 1s. 6d.
 CLEOPATRA, rich soft rose-pink, feathered with crimson on the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
 COMTE HORACE DE CHOISEUL, a fine large full flower of an orange-salmon colour. 1s.
 COMTESSE HORACE DE CHOISEUL, soft satiny rose colour, paler towards the edges. 1s.
 CONGO, a fine, large, full, well-formed flower of a beautiful bright rosy lilac colour. 1s.
 CRÉPUSCULE, bright rosy salmon flowers, very large and double. 2s. 6d.
 DE BRAZZA, fine trusses of large full soft rose flowers, brighter towards the centre. 1s.
 EDMOND ABOUT, fine double flowers, rose, shaded with violet, centre salmon. 3s. 6d.
 EMILE LEMOINE, enormous trusses of dazzling carmine-cerise flowers; quite a new colour, very fine. 2s. 6d.
 FINETTE, blush-white, the upper petals flushed with rose and feathered with dark crimson. 1s.
 FRANCISQUE SARCEY, very large and full brilliant rosy-crimson flowers of good shape. 1s. 6d.
 FRANÇOIS PEETERS, cerise rose, blotched and feathered with maroon on upper petals. 1s. 6d.
 GÉNÉRAL BRIÈRE DE L'ISLE, beautiful carmine double flowers, shaded with gold. 7s. 6d.
 GÉNÉRAL DE NÉGRER, large rosy-magenta semi-double flowers, the superior petals maculated. 7s. 6d.
 GENERAL GORDON, very fine rich orange-red flowers of perfect shape. 1s. 6d.
 GLOIRE DE NANCY, bright cerise-red colour, shaded with amaranth on the upper petals. 1s.
 HUMBER, vide page 16
 ISABEL, soft pink, with crimson marking on the upper petals; a fine showy flower. 1s. 6d.
 ISIDORE FÉRAL, soft rose, with silvery reflections, the reverse of the petals white. 1s.
 JACINTO, pale rose-pink; a very pretty shade of colour. 1s. 6d.
 JEANNE D'ARC, robust-growing, producing large trusses of full milky white flowers. 1s.
 LA ROSIÈRE, a very large full flower of a satiny lilac-rose colour. 1s.
 LOUIS THIBAUT, fine large flower of a deep red colour. 1s. 6d.
 MADAME BOUCHARLAT, a large full well-formed flower of a bright rosy cerise shade; very floriferous. 5s.
 MADAME COCHIN, a dwarf-growing and free-blooming white variety, shaded with lilac. 1s.
 MADAME JULES MENOEAU, a large full flower of a beautiful clear rosy cerise colour. 1s.
 MADAME LEMOINE, a splendid flower of a bright rose colour, shaded with orange. 2s. 6d.
 MADAME MONNIER, bright salmon-rose colour, blotched with carmine; light centre. 1s. 6d.
 MADAME PAGES, lilac-azure, reticulated and blotched with amaranth. 1s.
 MADAME THIBAUT, fine full flower, large soft rose petals; dark centre. 3s. 6d.
 MADAME THOUVENIN, rich rosy carmine, shaded with reddish carmine; trusses immense. 1s.
 MDLLE. GAUTHIER, a fine well-formed flower, with large petals of a beautiful bright satiny rose colour, shaded with salmon. 5s.
 MDLLE. LAURE DAIX, fine reddish-crimson flowers of perfect shape. 1s.
 MARGUERITE JACQUOT, silvery rose, with salmon centre. 1s.
 MARINER, vide page 16
 MARTHA, blush, with crimson feathering in the upper petals; a very beautiful flower. 1s.
 M. BARRAL, free blooming, producing fine trusses of large full rich rose flowers. 1s.
 M. PASTEUR, a very fine full flower of dark reddish crimson colour, with rose centre. 1s.
 PLUTUS, this splendid variety produces fine large rosette-like flowers of a violet-rose colour. 1s. 6d.
 PSYCHE, deep rosy pink, with crimson marking on the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
 SATELLITE, vide page 16
 SIDONIE, a free-blooming variety, producing fine full flowers of a deep mauve-pink colour. 1s.
 SOURCE TOULOUSAIN, a large full flower of a bright carmine-rose shade, with salmon centre; reverse of petals silvery white. 3s. 6d.
 STEPHENSON, a well-formed flower of a carmine-rose colour, shaded with bright rosy red. 1s. 6d.
 THALIA, pale rosy pink, the upper petals marked with crimson; pretty and effective. 1s. 6d.
 VICE-PRESIDENT JOLY, a beautiful variety, clear rosy lilac flowers; very fine. 1s.
 WRANGLER, vide page 16

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

"PELARGONIUM LATERIPES."

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums, on account of their graceful drooping growth, are extremely useful for vases, and rustic or suspended baskets; the rich wax-like foliage alone is ornamental, but added to that, they have pretty flowers, and the different varieties present a contrast and charm obtained by few other plants.

AGLAIA, soft light mauve-pink, feathered with violet-crimson on the upper petals; very free flowering. 1s. 6d.

BEAUTE DE LYON, a beautiful variety; flowers of a bright scarlet colour with purple shade. 1s.

BUTTERFLY, bright rose, striped with crimson on upper petals, and blotched with rosy violet. 1s.

CAPTIVE, rose, marked with pink on the upper petals, and feathered with carmine. 1s.

CASSIDY, rose-pink, with white centre; blotched on upper petals with purplish crimson. 1s.

CEDARO, deep rose, shaded with purple; upper petals feathered with crimson and white. 1s.

COLONEL ROUDAIRE, large fiery-red flowers. 1s. 6d.

DUCHESSE, violet-pink, feathered with bright red on the upper petals. 1s.

ESPOIR, rosy pink; upper petals barred with dark crimson, large flower. 3s. 6d.

FLORINDA, delicate pink, with white centre; upper petals marked with purplish crimson. 1s.

FUTURE FAME. This handsome hybrid forms quite a new break in the Ivy-leaved section. Its flowers are borne in immense trusses, being individually of very large size and of a most pleasing brilliant amaranth-purple colour. It was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee in recognition of its superior merit. 7s. 6d.

GARIBALDI, large bright reddish-crimson flowers; fine truss. 3s. 6d.

MASTERPIECE, a very large and fine flower of a beautiful rich magenta-crimson colour. 1s.

MEDINA, bright rosy lavender, with white centre; the upper petals marked with violet-rose. 1s.

MORA, a large flower of a soft pink colour, with crimson marking on the upper petals. 1s.

MULTIFLORE, fine trusses of large flowers of a beautiful bright rose colour. 1s.

PERA, delicate blush; the upper petals blotched and feathered with rich purplish crimson. 1s.

RUPERT, rosy carmine, shaded with magenta; upper petals barred with dark crimson. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

AMI HOSTE, very large compact trusses of fine full flowers of a dark purplish red. 1s. 6d.

ADMIRAL SEYMOUR, dark amaranth-purple colour, marked with red in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.

ARETUSA, a magnificent variety, producing fine flowers of a rich crimson-scarlet colour. 1s. 6d.

ARISTOPHANES, a fine large well-formed flower of a deep violet-rose colour. 2s. 6d.

BANQUISE, well formed pure white flowers, fine truss. 3s. 6d.

BARILLET, large rosy carmine flower, shaded violet; trusses enormous. 1s. 6d.

BARTHELEMY SAINT HILAIRE, very pretty clear salmon rose flowers. 1s.

BASTIEN-LEPAGE, flowers brilliant salmon, suffused with orange, of perfect shape. 3s. 6d.

BELLE NANCEIENNE, enormous trusses of large well-formed soft rose flowers, the centre marked and shaded with salmon-carmine; distinct and free. 2s. 6d.

BRONGNIART, central petals bright scarlet, and outer petals violet-carmine. 1s.

CAPTIVATION, bright scarlet shaded with crimson; a large flower borne in immense trusses. 2s. 6d.

CELLA, soft rosy purple, upper petals shaded with scarlet, quite a novel and distinct flower. 1s. 6d.

CHELSEA GEM, of compact and free growth, a most profuse bloomer, and an excellent bedder: the foliage is bright green, with a broad marginal variegation of pure white; large trusses of full double flowers of a charming rose-pink colour. 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.; 12s. & 18s. per dozen.

CRATINUS, bright cerise-scarlet, a very fine flower; trusses immense. 1s.

DR. PHINNEY, a splendid variety, intense scarlet, shaded very deep crimson. 1s.

ELATHEUS, a large full flower of a bright crimson colour, shaded with purple. 1s. 6d.

EURIPIDES, bright cerise-scarlet, a large flower; very showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.

FRIANT, fine large yellow cinnabar flowers, a beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

GIL BLAS, fine compact truss of bright cherry-coloured flowers, brightened with fiery crimson. 3s. 6d.

GORDIUS, bright salmon-pink, the colour becoming deeper towards the centre of the flower. 1s. 6d.

GOTT, fine large trusses of flowers of a marbled chamois colour; novel and distinct. 1s.

HARMONIA, a very large full flower of a light cerise colour, shaded with vermilion. 1s.

HOMER, a splendid variety of dwarf habit, and extremely floriferous, producing fine full flowers of a rich soft magenta-crimson colour, some of the petals shaded with scarlet. 2s. 6d.

KHEDIVE, a fine full flower of a soft rose colour; a remarkably dwarf and free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d.

L'ABBE GRÉGOIRE, a fine full flower of a dark crimson colour, marked with bright reddish amaranth in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.

L'ANDALOUSE, large trusses of creamy white flowers, very free. 5s.

LA JEANNETTE, dwarf and free; large full flowers of the most pure snowy whiteness. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—continued.

- LAKANAL, violet-amaranth, upper petals very bright; dwarf and floriferous. 1s.
 LA PERLE, enormous trusses of rosy lilac flowers, bordered with deep rose, very fine. 5s.
 LE CYGNE, a pure white variety with perfect double flowers. 3s. 6d.
 LYSIAS, large trusses of flowers of a deep salmon colour, flushed with vermilion. 2s. 6d.
 MADAME DE NAUROIS, very fine trusses of large rosy carmine flowers, maculated with pure white, light centre, very distinct and free. 5s.
 MARIE TALLANDIER, of dwarf vigorous habit, fine full pure white flowers. 1s. 6d.
 M. J. DELAUX, a remarkably large flower of a rosy purple colour, shaded with carmine, the upper petals marked with white. 5s.
 MRS. E. G. HILL, pale blush, shaded with delicate lavender; flowers large, trusses immense. 1s.
 ODYSSEUS, a magnificent flower of a deep magenta-erimson colour, with purplish shade, the upper petals marked with scarlet; a showy variety, producing immense trusses. 2s. 6d.
 PANAMA, large trusses of rosy salmon flowers, the centre being salmon-vermilion. 5s.
 PAUL DE SAINT VICTOR, enormous trusses of fine large flowers of a carmine-rose colour. 1s.
 PETER HENDERSON, a showy variety, with finely-formed double flowers of a bright orange-scarlet colour, the base of the petals white; of good habit and free blooming. 1s.
 PETIT JEAN, enormous trusses of Solferino coloured flowers, the upper petals fiery red. 3s. 6d.
 PICCO, light pink, a fine large showy semi-double flower. 1s. 6d.
 PROUVÉ, very large trusses of bright cerise flowers, darkly blotched on the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
 REMARKABLE, rich deep violet-crimson flowers of very fine shape; trusses immense. 1s. 6d.
 RICHARD BRETT, immense trusses of fine full flowers of a very bright orange colour. 1s.
 ROBERT GEORGE, deep crimson-scarlet, flowers of great size and freely produced. 1s.
 SIRÈNE, immense trusses of fine double flowers with large petals, a remarkably pure white. 3s. 6d.
 SIR GARNET WOLSELEY, enormous trusses of rich salmon-red flowers. 1s.
 SOLEILLET, rich violet-lake, with bright scarlet marking in the upper petals. 1s.
 SOPHOCLES, rosy carmine, shaded with scarlet, fine large flowers, borne in immense trusses. 2s. 6d.
 STENYO, remarkably attractive, huge trusses of fine large flowers of a soft rosy carmine colour. 2s. 6d.
 THE BLONDE, salmon, shaded with orange, base of petals white, with a distinct margin of white around each; fine large flowers and immense trusses. 1s.
 TOSILOS, a fine full flower of a rich magenta-crimson colour, shaded with scarlet. 1s.
 TRITON, soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the flower; trusses large and fine. 1s.
 TRIOMPHE DE FRANCE, enormous trusses of carmine-amaranth flowers, shading to rose. 5s.
 TYNDARUS, a large full flower of an exceedingly rich shade of magenta-crimson colour. 1s.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED, GOLD AND SILVER TRICOLOR PELARGONIUMS.

Selections made by Mr. W. B. at 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen, according to sorts.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS.

Selections made by Mr. W. B. at 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen, according to sorts.

TREE FERNS.

Of those majestic plants the stock is very large. They have stems varying in height from one foot to twelve feet, and having been imported from Australia and New Zealand, they are such as will succeed well in any ordinary greenhouse. Their fine graceful habit and singularly distinct appearance render them peculiarly adapted for the decoration of conservatories. They range in price according to sorts, sizes, and strength of the specimens. It may, however, be as well to remark that they are not merely newly imported trunks, but well established plants with fine heads, many of them having been grown in this country several years. The measurements of some of the plants are given below :—

Prices on application, or an inspection invited.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.			DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.		
No.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	No.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
1	2 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	45	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft.
2	2 ft.	1 ft.	46	7 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
3	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	47	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
4	3 ft.	2 ft.	48	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
5	4 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.	49	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
6	5 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	50	7 ft.	4 ft.
7	4 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.	51	6 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
8	7 ft.	2 ft. 10 in.	52	5 ft. 4 in.	2 ft.
9	4 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	53	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
10	3 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	54	3 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.
11	4 ft. 6 in.	1 ft. 10 in.	55	5 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
12	5 ft.	3 ft.	56	4 ft. 5 in.	3 ft.
13	2 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.	57	7 ft. 10 in.	5 ft.
14	4 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	58	5 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.
15	7 ft. 6 in.	4 ft.	59	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
16	9 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	60	9 ft. 8 in.	4 ft.
17	1 ft. 6 in.	1 ft.	61	6 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
18	5 ft. 2 in.	2 ft.	62	7 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
19	2 ft. 8 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	63	2 ft.	2 ft.
20	2 ft. 8 in.	1 ft.	64	4 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
21	2 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.	65	7 ft. 8 in.	4 ft.
22	2 ft.	1 ft.	66	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
23	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	67	6 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
24	5 ft.	3 ft.	CYATHEA DEALBATA.		
25	5 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	68	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
26	1 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.	69	2 ft.	2 ft.
27	7 ft. 6 in.	5 ft.	70	5 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
28	5 ft.	2 ft.	71	2 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
29	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	72	2 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
30	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	73	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
31	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft.	74	2 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
32	7 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.	75	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
33	1 ft. 8 in.	1 ft.	76	3 ft.	2 ft.
34	1 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	77	5 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
35	2 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	78	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
36	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	79	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
37	4 ft. 5 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	80	4 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
38	6 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	CYATHEA MEDULLARIS.		
39	6 ft.	3 ft.	81	8 ft. 6 in.	6 ft.
40	7 ft.	5 ft.			
41	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft.			
42	8 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.			
43	12 ft.	4 ft.			
44	9 ft. 10 in.	4 ft.			



CYATHEA SMITHII.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.

TREE FERNS—continued.

CYATHEA BURKEI.			CYATHEA DREGEL.		
No.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	No.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
82	4 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	92	4 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
83	7 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	93	4 ft.	2 ft.
84	6 ft.	2 ft.	CYATHEA SMITHII.		
85	7 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	94	4 ft.	2 ft.
86	5 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.	95	8 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.
87	5 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	96	5 ft.	1 ft.
88	8 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	97	3 ft. 6 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
89	5 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	98	4 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
90	8 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	99	3 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
91	7 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.			

CHOICE STOVE FERNS.

MR. WILLIAM BULL'S general collection of these elegant decorative plants is of considerable extent, and comprises kinds that are moderate in price, as well as many that are extremely rare and unique.

Selections for the Stove can be supplied at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM AMABILE, 2s. 6d.
ANEITENSE, *vide* page 133
BAUSEI, 3s. 6d.
BELLUM, 3s. 6d.
CARDIOCHLÆNA, 3s. 6d.
CILLIATUM, 3s. 6d.
CONCINNUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 — **LATUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
CURVATUM, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM DOLABRIFORMIS, 3s. 6d.
FARLEYENSE, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 — **ALCICORNE**, 5s.
GHIESBREGHTII (SCUTUM), 3s. 6d.
LATHOMII, 3s. 6d.
LEGRANDII, 3s. 6d.
LUNULATUM, 3s. 6d.
MACROPHYLLUM, 3s. 6d.
PENTADACTYLON, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM OBLIQUUM MINUS.

An elegant dwarf evergreen Stove Fern from the United States of Colombia. It has a creeping rhizome, thickly furnished with pinnate fronds, which have blackish stipæ, and a lamina composed of shortly-stalked pinnae, curved upwards at the point, which is acuminate. In the sterile fronds the pinnae are inciso-dentate, the fertile ones bear close set, but distinct oblong sori. 10s. 6d.

ADIANTUM PERUVIANUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PRIONOPHYLLUM, 3s. 6d.
RUBELLUM, 3s. 6d.
SANCTÆ CATHARINÆ, 3s. 6d.
EFECIOSUM, 5s.
TENERUM, 2s. 6d.
TETRAPHYLLUM GRACILE, 7s. 6d.
TINCTUM, 3s. 6d.
TRAPEZIFORME, 3s. 6d.
VICTORIÆ, 3s. 6d.
ANEMEDICTYON PHYLITIDIS, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
PHYLITIDIS TESSELLATA, 5s.
ANGIOPTERIS ERECTA.

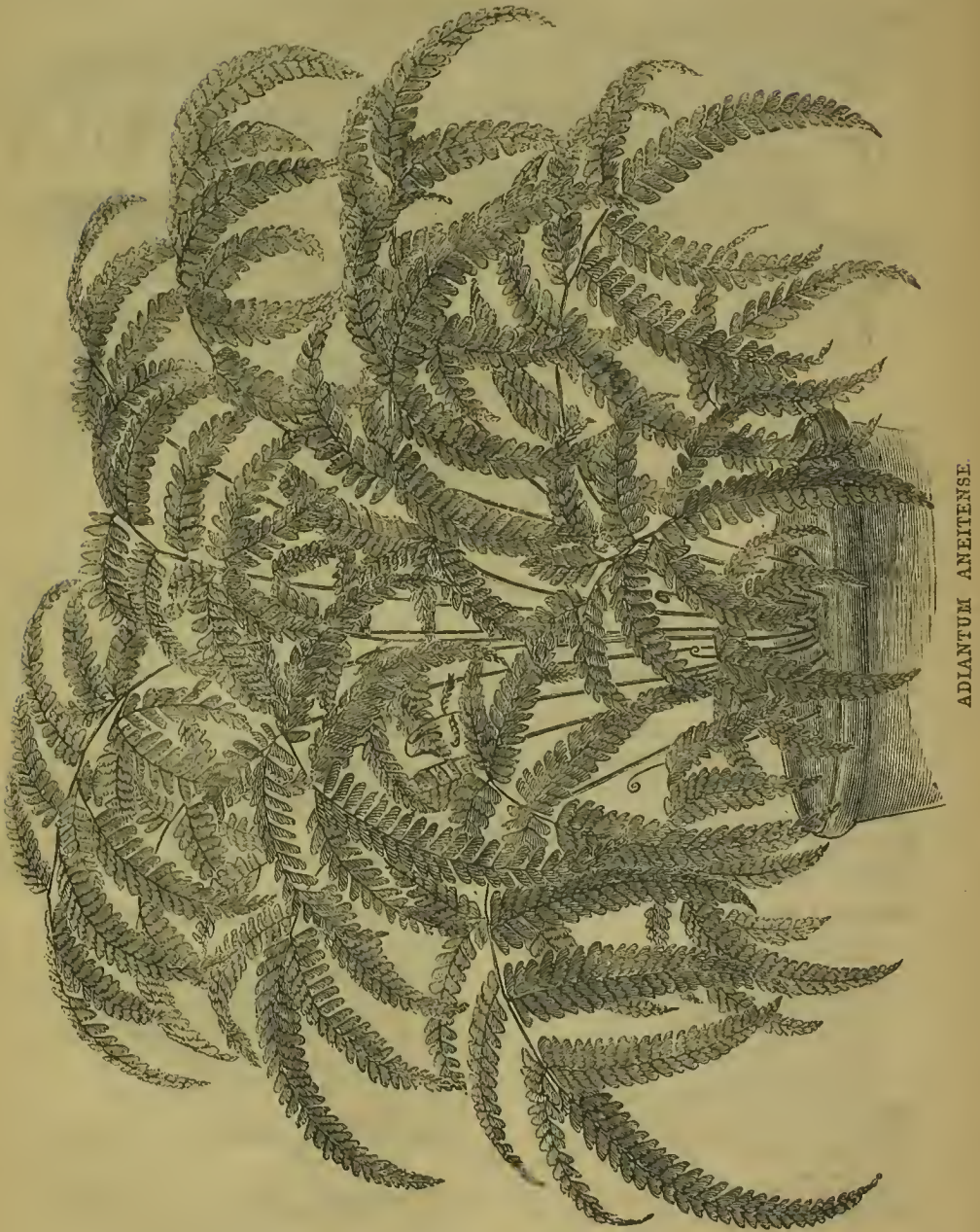
ANTIGRAMMA BRASILIENSIS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
ASPIDIUM TRIFOLIATUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
ASPLENIUM BELANGERI, 2s. 6d.
CICUTARIUM, 2s. 6d.
FERNANDEZIANUM, 3s. 6d.
HETEROCHROUM, 5s.
HOOKEIANUM, 3s. 6d.
PROLONGATUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
ASPLENIUM SHEPHERDII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
VIVIPARUM, 3s. 6d.
BLECHNUM BRASILIENSE, 3s. 6d.
INTERMEDIUM, 3s. 6d.
POLYPODIOIDES, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHEILANTHES CHLOROPHYLLA.

A free-growing cool Stove Fern, imported from Brazil. The fronds are ovate lanceolate tripinnatifid, the pinnae distant lanceolate, the pinnaules lanceolate, and the lobes entire linear oblong. The stipæ are dark chestnut-brown and polished. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CHEILANTHES ELEGANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
HIRTA ELISIANA, 3s. 6d.

CIBOTIUM SCHIEDEL, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
CYATHEA (CIBOTIUM) **PRINCERS**, *vide* page 135

**ADIANTUM ANEITENSE.**

A very elegant free-growing species of Maiden-hair Fern, introduced from the Island of Aneiteum. It has a creeping rhizome clothed with dark coloured scales, and divided deltoid fronds. The numerous segments of which the fronds are made up are rhomboidal, nearly sessile, firm in texture, with a glabrous surface, subglanous beneath, and shallowly lobed along the upper and outer edges, where the roundish reniform sori are borne in the centre of the lobes. It is a distinct and ornamental ever-green Stove Fern, and was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1880. 3s. 6d. and 5s.



DAVALLIA FIJIENSIS.

A charmingly elegant evergreen Fern, free in growth, firm and durable in texture, and bright green in colour, introduced from the Fiji Islands. The fronds grow two or three feet in height, and have a deltoid outline, the points of the fronds and of the pinne being gracefully deflexed; they are compoundly divided, the whole frond being split up into lanceolate pinnules and pinnulets, and finally cut into narrow linear bifid divisions. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent, and at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Kensington in 1880. 5s.

DAVALLIA FIJIENSIS PLUMOSA.

This is certainly one of the most charming forms of a remarkably ornamental species. It has creeping rhizomes, from which spring up at intervals the gracefully-drooping, feathery plumose fronds growing on stalks a foot or more in length. It will be a grand subject for all decorative purposes, especially useful for cutting, and a noble Fern for exhibition. In speaking of the best novelties, the *Gardeners' Chronicle* (Jan. 7th, 1882, page 10), remarks: "The *Davallia fijiensis plumosa* is, perhaps, one of the most elegant of all known Ferns." It has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 7s. 6d.

DAVALLIA BULLATA, 2s. 6d.

CHÆROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.

HEMIPTERA, 5s.

LORRAINII, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

MOOREANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PENTAPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.

POLYANTHA, 3s. 6d.

SOLIDA, 3s. 6d.

TENUIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

TYERMANNI (HUMATA), 3s. 6d.

DIPLAZIUM ARNOTTII, 7s. 6d.

DORYOPTERIS PALMATA, 3s. 6d.

ELAPHOGLOSSUM HERMINIERI, 15s. and 1 guinea.

GLEICHENIAS, vide page 135

GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYLLUM, 5s.

SUBAURICULATUM, 3s. 6d.

GYMNOGRAMMA CALOMELANOS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHRYSOPHYLLA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DECOMPOSITA, 3s. 6d.

LAUCHEANA, 3s. 6d.

— OIGANTEA, 5s.

MERTENSII DOBROYDENSIS, 5s.

PERUVIANA AROXYROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.

ECHIZOPHYLLA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

WETENHALLIANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

GYMNOPTERIS QUERCIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

GYMNOTHECA RADDIANA, 2 and 3 guineas

HEMIONITIS PALMATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

HYMENODIUM CRINTUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LASTREA QUINQUANOUULARIS, 3s. 6d.

RICHARDSII MULTIFIDA, 3s. 6d.

LOMARIA OIBBA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

LYGODIUM SCANDENS, 3s. 6d.

MENISCIUM RETICULATUM, 5s.

MICROLEPIA HIRTA CRISTATA, 3s. 6d.

NEPHRODIUM TRUNCATUM, 7s. 6d.

NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ENSIFOLIA, 5s.

PECTINATA, 3s. 6d.

PHLEBODIUM OLAUCUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PLATYCERIUM GRANDE

STEMMARIA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PLEOPELTIS XIPHIAS, 5s.

POLYSTICHUM LENTUM, 5s.

VIVIPARUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

POLYPODIUM PECTINATUM, 3s. 6d.

PLUMOSUM, 5s.

VENOSUM, 3s. 6d.

PTERIS TRICOLOR, 3s. 6d.

of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS MAONIFICUM, 3s. 6d.
CAPILLUS-VENERIS PACOTTI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
CUNEATUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 — **DISSECTUM**, 5s.
 — **GRANDICEPS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
DECORUM, 3s. 6d.
FORMOSUM, 1s. 6d.
GRACILLIMUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM MUNDULUM, 3s. 6d.
PEDATUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
WILLIAMSHI, 3s. 6d.
ALSOPIHILA AUSTRALIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 REBECCÆ, *vide* page 136
ASPLENIUM BULBIFERUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
FALCATUM, 7s. 6d.
CIBOTIUM REGALE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 132

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

The Silver Fern of New Zealand, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. For large plants, *vide* page 130

CYATHEA DREGEI.

A very fine South African greenhouse Fern, with bipinnate fronds of stoutish texture, and having the pinnules lanceolate, with oblong-ovate falcate segments, bluntnish at the point, and the sori in the lower half immersed in rufous wool. 5s. and 7s. 6d. For large plants, *vide* page 132

CYATHEA SPINULOSA.

A fine Tree Fern, found throughout India and in Japan. The stipes are dark brown, strongly aculeated, the rachis being muricated. The fronds are large, glabrous, and bipinnate, the lobes of the pinnules oblong acute and serrulate. An ornamental and desirable species. 10s. 6d.

CYATHEA MEDULLARIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
vide also page 130
 (CIBOTIUM) **PRINCERS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SMITHII, *vide* page 132
CYRTOMIUM CARYOTIDEUM, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
FALCATUM, 2s. 6d.
FORTUNEI, 2s. 6d.
DAVALLIA DISSECTA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DAVALLIA, of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 For large plants, *vide* page 130
 (BALANTIUM) **CULCITA**, 5s.
FIBROSA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SQUARROSA, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
DIDYMOCHLENA TRUNCATULA, 3s. 6d.
DORYOPTERIS PALMATA, *vide* page 134

DOODIA ASPERA MULTIFIDA.

A handsome crested Fern, of neat dwarf evergreen habit, with prettily arched fronds rendered drooping by the dense tassel at the apex; the young fronds are prettily tinted with pink. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston. 5s.

GLEICHENIA DICARPA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
DICARPA LONCOPINNATA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
DICHOTOMA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
FLABELLATA, 10s. 6d.
MENDELI, 1 guinea.
MICROPHYLLA, 10s. 6d.
RUPESTRIS GLAUCESCENS, 10s. 6d.
SEMIVESTITA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
HYMENOPHYLLUM DEMISSUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
OLABELLA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
LITOBROCHIA VESPERTILIONIS, 3s. 6d.
LOMARIA CILIATA, 3s. 6d.
CYCADEFOLIA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
GIBBA, *vide* page 134
DALGAINSLÆ, 1½ and 2 guineas.
DISCOLOR BIPINNATIFIDA.
ZAMLEFOLIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
MICROLEPIA ANTHRISCFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

NEPHRODIUM MOLLE CRISTATUM, 3s. 6d.
MOLLE RAMOSUM, 3s. 6d.
ONYCHIUM JAPONICUM, 1s. 6d.
OSMUNDA JAPONICA CORYMBIFERUM, 5s. & 7s. 6d.
PALUSTRIS, 3s. 6d.
PLATYCERIUM ALICORNE, 3s. 6d.
ALICORNE MAJUS, 7s. 6d.
POLYPODIUM TRICHODES (LASTREA TENERICAULIS), 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
PTERIS AROYREIA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
CRETICA ALBO-LINEATA, 1s. 6d.
SERRULATA CRISTATA, 2s. 6d.
 — **VARIEGATA**, 3s. 6d.
 — **FIMBRIATA**, 5s.
 — **LEVI**, 2s. 6d.
TREMULA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 — **CRISPA**, 5s.
TRICOLOR, *vide* page 134
TODEA AFRICANA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) HYMENOPHYLLOIDES.

This pretty New Zealand Filmy Fern, commonly called *Todea pellucida*, can be supplied in nice plants at 3s. 6d. and 5s.



ALSOPHILA REBECCE.

ALSOPHILA REBECCE.

An elegant Tree Fern introduced from Queensland. The stem is very slender; the fronds are elliptic, bipinnate, the larger pinnae bearing on each side numerous pinnules, which are stalked, linear acuminate, with an unequal subcordate base and an inciso-crenate margin. The texture of the frond is firm, the surface glabrous; the rachis clothed on the upper surface with black fibrillose scales. It is very distinct from all other Australian Tree Ferns, and a very elegant addition to the group. Handsome specimens, 2 and 3 guineas; young plants. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA.**

Any attempt at description must fall far short of conveying an adequate notion of the exquisite beauty of this lovely Fern, which is unquestionably one of the most handsome yet known. It should be seen to be justly appreciated. The fronds which are fifteen to eighteen inches in length, are of a bright green, of transparent texture and of a lanceolate outline, spreading, beautifully arching and feathered down to the very base; the pinnae are crowded and cut into narrow segments, which, instead of lying flat, as in *Todea hymenophylloides*, are turned upwards, giving the fronds a frilled surface, and producing an effect distinct from that of any Fern in cultivation. This is probably the most beautiful of all the dwarf-growing New Zealand Ferns. 3s. 6d. and 5s. Fine strong plants, 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

TRICHOMANES RADICANS.

(THE KILLARNEY OR IRISH BRISTLE FERN).

This is a British species, but it must, as far as culture is concerned, be included among the greenhouse kinds, as it is almost impossible to succeed with it if treated as an ordinary hardy Fern. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

WOODWARDIA ORIENTALIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NEW HARDY FERNS.**LASTREA PROLIFICA.**

A most interesting hardy evergreen Fern, introduced from Japan; and described by Mr. T. Moore, in the *Gardeners' Chronicle*, December 9th, 1882, where a letter of Mr. Lafosse is quoted in which the plant is highly eulogised for its beauty. It has triangular, bipinnate, coriaceous, shining green fronds, with the pinnules narrow, often pointed, usually with a lobe or two at the base, but in different plants and parts of the same plant extremely variable in their actual form and character. The sori are large, and cover the narrow segments, and these sori are themselves covered by large persistent indusia, which are red in the centre and lead-coloured at the margin. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. & 5s.

POLYSTICHUM POLYBLEPHARUM.

A fine hardy evergreen Fern from Japan. The fronds are of moderate size, ovate-lanceolate, bipinnate, with the lower pinnae deflexed, the pinnules marginate, trapezio-ovate or oblong, with a few coarse deep teeth. The lower anterior pinnules are considerably larger than the rest, narrow oblong, and deeply inciso-lobate. The sori are numerous, and covered with thick rufescent indusia. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. & 5s.

CHOICE HARDY FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLA VICTORIÆ. For description and price, *vide* page 140.

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS).

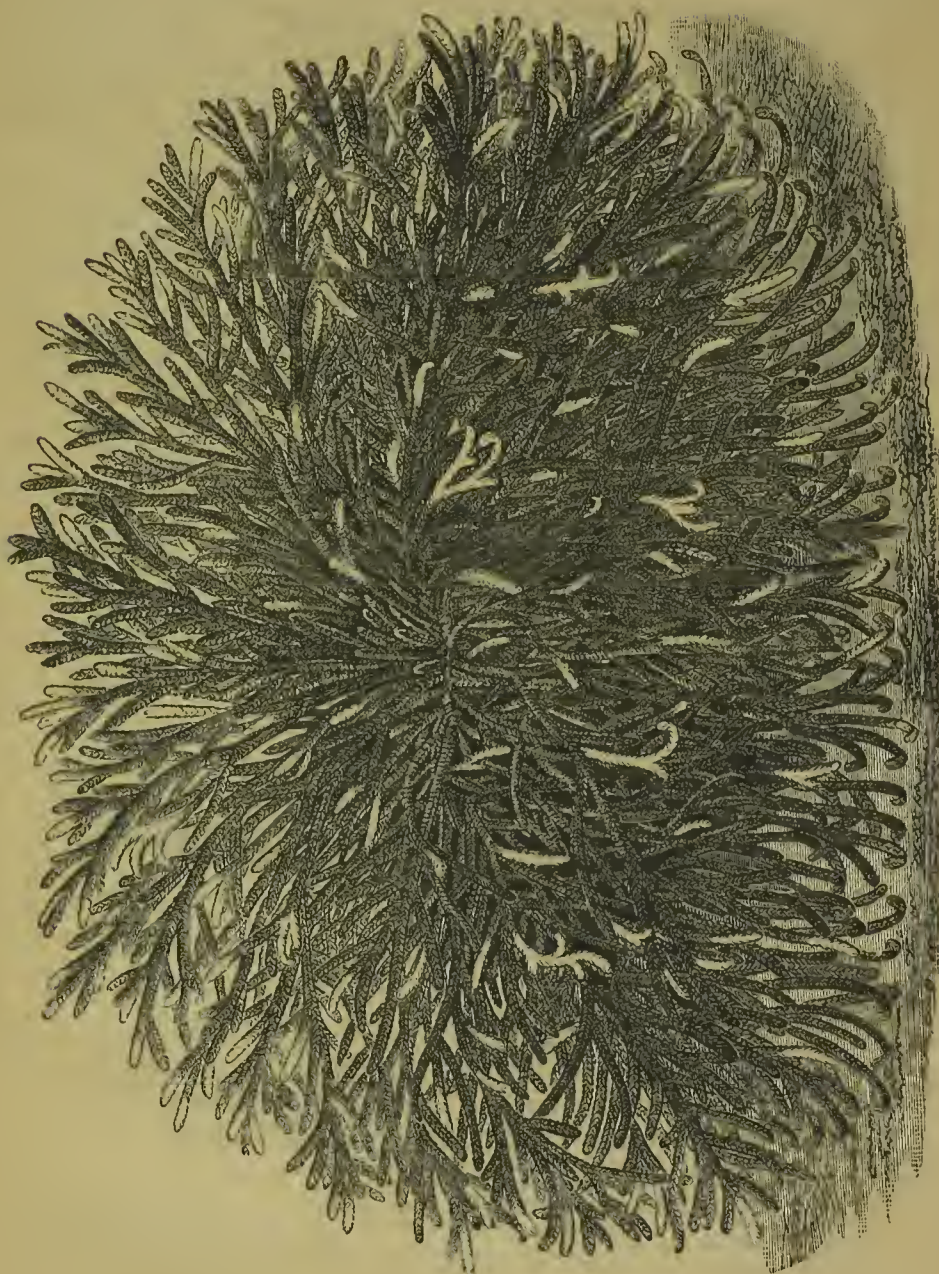
G, greenhouse; *H*, hardy; *S*, stove.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>		<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> AFRICANA	2	6	<i>H</i> JAPONICA	3	6
<i>S</i> ALBO-SPICA	3	6	<i>G</i> KRAUSSIANA (DENTICULATA)	0	9
<i>S</i> AMÆNA, <i>vide</i> below			<i>G</i> — AUREA	1s.	6d. &
<i>S</i> APUS (APODA)	1	6	<i>G</i> — VARIEGATA	2	6
<i>S</i> ATROVIRIDIS	2	6	<i>S</i> LEVIGATA (CÆSIA ARBOREA)	3	6
<i>S</i> BROWNII	2	6	<i>S</i> LEPIDOPHYLLA	3s.	6d. &
<i>S</i> CANALICULATA, <i>vide</i> page 140			<i>S</i> LOBBII	2	6
<i>S</i> CAULESCENS GRACILIS, <i>vide</i> page 140			<i>S</i> LYALLII	3	6
<i>S</i> COGNATA, <i>vide</i> page 140			<i>S</i> MARTENSII	1	6
<i>S</i> CONFERTA	2	6	<i>S</i> — ALBO-VARIEGATA	2	6
<i>S</i> CONVOLUTA (PARADOXA)	2	6	<i>S</i> POULTERI	2	6
<i>S</i> CUSPIDATA	2	6	<i>S</i> RUBRICAULIS	2	6
<i>S</i> ERYTHROPUS (UMBROSA)	2	6	<i>S</i> SERPENS (MUTABILIS and VARIABILIS) ..	1	6
<i>S</i> FILICINA (DICHROUS)	2	6	<i>S</i> SETOSA	3	6
<i>S</i> GALEOTTII (SCHOTTII)	2	6	<i>S</i> VOGELLII VARIEGATA	5	0
<i>S</i> GRANDIS	3s.	6d. &	<i>S</i> UNCINATA (CÆSIA)	1	6
<i>S</i> INÆQUALIFOLIA	1s.	6d. &	<i>S</i> WALLICHII	3	6
<i>G</i> INVOLVENS VARIEGATA, <i>vide</i> page 139			<i>G</i> WILDENOVII (PUBESCENS)	2	6

Selection of good kinds can be supplied at 18s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLA AMÆNA.

A beautiful new Club-Moss, belonging to the caulescent group. It grows about a foot high, the erect stem being furnished with small ovate-acuminate scattered leaves; the upper portion is triangular and pinnately branched, the branches themselves, which are set on horizontally, being bipinnate, and the whole plant of a bright and cheerful green. The upper part of the stem and the branches have spreading distant acuminate leaves, with smaller and narrower intermediaries. It has been introduced from Mexico, and, from its neat and elegant form, will be a charming addition to the genus. 5s. and 7s. 6d.



SELAGINELLA INVOLVENS VARIEGATA.

SELAGINELLA INVOLVENS VARIEGATA.

A dwarf dense-growing variegated form of greenhouse Club-Moss, introduced from Japan ; some of the branchlets are creamy white, and these, being mixed in freely with the green branchlets, produce an elegant variegation. The plant forms a pretty dwarf tuft, consisting of an overlapping series of branches, surrounding the central axis. A well-grown specimen is a very pleasing object amongst the dwarf forms of the Club-Moss family. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibitions, in 1880, 1881, and 1882. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

SELAGINELLA CANALICULATA.

A remarkable handsome species of Club-Moss, introduced from the Islands of the South Pacific. It is of scandent habit, the tetragonal sulcate stems, rooting freely from the base, tinted with pale brownish red, and furnished with scattered appressed ovate-oblong unequal-sided leaves; the branches are tripinnate; the larger leaves are distant semi-ovate, while the leaves of the alternate divisions are close set, ovate-oblong acute, with the smaller intermediate ones acuminate. 3s. 6d. & 5s.

SELAGINELLA CAULESCENS GRACILIS.

A remarkably neat and pretty Indian Club-Moss. It has ereeping rhizomes from which the erect arching stems spring up; these are distinctly branched, the branches ovate with about six or seven divisions, each of which is three or four times parted. Its bright green colour and elegant dwarf growth combine to give a most pleasing character. 5s.

SELAGINELLA COGNATA.

A very fine species, of sub-climbing habit, named provisionally as above. It has stoutish erect rooting stems, which are furnished with obliquely-ovate spreading leaves, set on at about half an inch apart. The branches are ovate, eight to ten inches long, alternately pinnate, the primary branchlets ovate, about three inches long, with six or eight alternating secondary branchlets. The leaves become gradually smaller on the successive series of branchlets, the small intermediate ones converging with the point upcurved, which gives the surface a somewhat bristly appearance. It has been introduced from the Isles of the South Pacific Ocean. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

SELAGINELLA VICTORIÆ.

An elegant sub-scandent species, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has erect stems, which produce alternate lateral branches of an ovate outline, flat and closely pinnate, like the frond of a Fern. The colour is a dark green, the spikelets and young growth being of a paler hue. It is allied to *S. Wallikii*, but is a still more elegant plant, and differs essentially in having a long terminal pinnulet to each branch, instead of diminishing gradually to the end. For Illustration, vide page 138. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS,

Including **ENCEPHALARTOS, MACROZAMIA, &c.**

The Palms constitute the most noble family in the vegetable kingdom, and afford sufficient diversity of aspect to allow of selections being made from them for the greenhouse, stove, or conservatory, to either of which Palms impart a richer tropical character than any other plants. Some of the miniature dwarf-growing kinds are, from their light and graceful forms, admirably adapted for table decoration, for vases, and for almost every purpose in which ornamentation is desired. The more hardy and larger kinds can be used for sub-tropical gardening, to which they impart a most luxuriant grandeur, evidence of which has been given in Battersea Park, and in other places where Palms have been thus used.

Selections of Stove Palms, 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.

Selections for the Greenhouse, at 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.

Larger specimens, from 2, 3, 4 and 5 to 10 guineas each.

Those marked with an asterisk * are kinds that will succeed in a greenhouse.

- ACANTHOPHŒNIX CRINITA** (ARECA CRINITA) 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
ACANTHORRHIZA ACULEATA (CHAMAROPS STAURACANTHA) 15s. and 1 guinea
***ARCHONTOPHŒNIX ALEXANDRÆ** (PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ) 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. & 5s.
*** CUNNINGHAMIANA** (SEALFORTHIA ELEGANS, PTYCHOSPERMA CUNNINGHAMIANA) a most useful conservatory or cool greenhouse plant, possessing a highly decorative character; scarcely anything can equal the effect of a large plant of this noble Palm.
 In all sizes..... 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. to 1, 1½ & 2 guineas
ARECA ALICEÆ, this name has been given by Dr. Mueller to a North-east Australian Palm, found in Trinity Bay by Mr. Walter Hill, and commemorates the late Grand Duchess of Hesse—Princess Alice. The leaves are pinnatisect, the pinna-like segments sessile. Its comparatively dwarf habit will render this pinnate Palm, a valuable one for decorative purposes 1 guinea.
AUREA, vide **DICTYOSPERMA AUREUM**.
BAUERI vide **RHOPALOSTYLIS BAUERI**.
CRINITA, vide **ACANTHOPHŒNIX CRINITA**.

- ARECA DICKSONI**, *vide* **BENTINCKIA CONDAPANNA**
ERTHIPODA, *vide* **CYRTOSTACHIYS RENDA**
LUTESCENS, *vide* **CHIRYSALIDOCARPUS LUTESCENS**
MADAGASCARIENSIS 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
MONOSTACHYA, *vide* **BACULARIA MONOSTACHYA**
RUBRA, *vide* **DICTYOSPERMA RUBRUM**
SAPIDA, *vide* **RHOPALOSTYLIS SAPIDA**
TRIANDRA 10s. 6d. and 15s.
VERSCHAFFELTII, *vide* **HYOPHORBE VERSCHAFFELTII**
ARENCA SACCHARIFERA "Gomuti Palm" 10s. 6d. and 15s.
*** WIOHTII** 1 guinea.
ASTROCARYUM GRANATENSE 10s. 6d.
MALYBO (**A. ARGENTEUM**) 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.
BACULARIA MONOSTACHYA, "Walking Stick Palm," (**ARECA MONOSTACHYA**,
LINOSPADIX MONOSTACHYA) 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
BENTINCKIA CONDAPANNA, (**ARECA DICKSONI**) 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
BISMARCKIA NOBILIS 3 and 4 guineas.
BOWENIA SPECTABILIS SERRULATA, a distinct and remarkable Australian Plant, *Bowenia* being the only known Cycad with bipinnate fronds. It has a short thick caudex, from the crowns of which are developed its large and handsome leaves, which differ materially from the typical and only other known *Bowenia* in having the margins distinctly toothed or serrated. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition at Carlisle, and the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition at Ghent 5s. and 7s. 6d.
CALAMUS CILIARIS 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.
(DEMONOROPS) FISSUS 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
(—) MELANOCHLETES 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
MICRANTHUS 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
(DEMONOROPS) PALEMBANICUS, *vide* page 142
(—) PERIACANTHUS 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
(—) PLUMOSUS 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
SIKKIMENSIS, an elegant Palm, introduced from Sikkim. The leaves are ovate in outline, pinnate, with many narrow lanceolate segments, supported by spiny leaf-stalks. The young leaves are of a pleasing cinnamon-brown colour, contrasting in a very marked manner with the deep green of the mature leaves. This handsome Palm will be exceedingly valuable for all decorative purposes 1½ guinea.
TRINERVIS, a thoroughly distinct-looking stove Palm from the East Indies. Its leaf-stalks are thorny and clothed with brown scale-like tomentum, the petiolar sheath being continued up the stem, and ending in a fringe of pointed brown scales. The leaves are pinnate, with alternate leaflets, which are sessile, lanceolate, with an acuminate apex, and having three prominent nerves, hairy on the upper surface 5 guineas.
CALYPTROGYNE SARAPIGUENSIS (**GEONOMA SARAPIGUENSIS**) 15s. and 1 guinea
SWARTZII "Mountain Thatch Palm" (**CALYPTRONOMA SWARTZII**) 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 21s.
TERES, a useful and ornamental stove Palm, imported from British Guiana. It has smooth terete green petioles, and spreading or drooping leaves, which in the young plants consist of two pairs of linear-oblong tapered leaflets about two inches wide, bright green, and having the principal ribs raised on both surfaces 1 and 1½ guinea
CALYPTRONOMA SWARTZII, *vide* **CALYPTROGYNE SWARTZII**
CARLUDOVICA DRUDEI, a noble and decorative stove Cycanth, introduced from the United States of Colombia. In habit it somewhat resembles a Fan Palm, with handsome and effective deep green lustrous leaves. The flowers are borne on a stalked erect spadix of cylindrical form and of ivory-white colour, and resemble a bottle brush by reason of the long stamens which project horizontally from the female flowers 10s. 6d. and 15s.
PALMATA 10s. 6d. and 15s.
PLUMIERI, a remarkably interesting plant. It has an erect waving caudex, with alternate leaves. The leaf blades are bipartite, the divisions lanceolate, plicate, with the ribs raised on the upper surface, bright green above, paler beneath. The pendulous spadices are four inches long, axillary, pedunculate, and covered with twisted threads 10s. 6d.
WALLISII, a Palm-like stove plant. It has erect semi-terete petioles, which support the spreading ovate blade of the leaf, which is two-lobed and plicate. Each division of the leaf is about a foot long and six or eight inches broad. Flowers white, remarkably sweet-scented. Introduced from the United States of Colombia 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
CARYOTA URENS "Wino Palm" 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
CATAKIDZAMIA HOPEI
DENISONI, *vide* **LEPIDOZAMIA**
CERATOZAMIA FUSCO-VIRIDIS, a noble species, introduced from Mexico, and belonging to the Cycads. The leaves are broadly pinnate, and of arching habit, the pinne deep green, sessile, lanceolate, and tapering to a longish point. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy-chocolate colour, gradually changing to olive-green, and ultimately developing into deep green 3 and 4 guineas.



CALAMUS (DÆMONOROPS) PALEMBANICUS.

One of the most elegant of Palms, exceedingly appropriate for table decoration and other ornamental purposes. The leaves are broadly ovate, pinnate, consisting of many narrow elongated segments, and are supported by leaf-stalks bearing numerous deflexed spines, which are thickened at the base. The young leaves are of a bright cinnamon-brown, and the contrast between this warm colour and the deep green of the matured leaves renders the plants exceedingly beautiful at the time they are in course of development. It is a native of Java. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

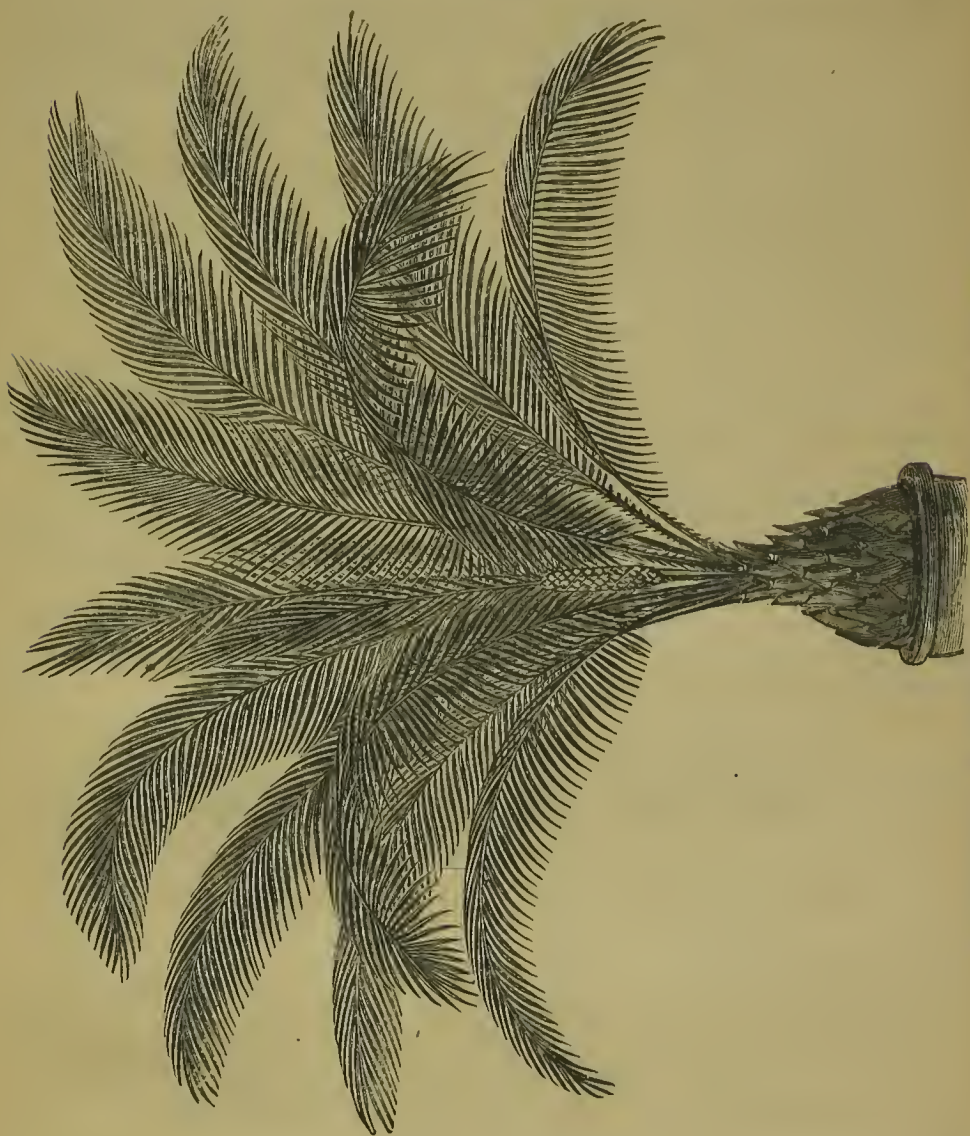
- CEROXYLON NIVEUM**, *vide* **DIPLOTHEMIUM CAUDESCENS**
- CHAMÆDorea** **ELEGANTISSIMA** 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- FORMOSA** 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- GRAMINIFOLIA** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- * **POLITA**, a neat-habited greenhouse Palm. The stems are quite smooth, as also are the petioles, which are terete, the leaves being bifid, or when a stage more advanced breaking up into two pairs of green pinnæ, with the terminal leaflet larger than the others. It has been imported from Mexico 10s. 6d.
- * **CHAMÆROPS** **EXCELSA**, *vide* **TRACHYCARPUS EXCELSUS**
- * **FORTUNEI**, *vide* **TRACHYCARPUS FORTUNEI**
- * **HUMILIS**, this useful decorative Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea to 2, 3 and 4 guineas each.
- * — **GRACILIS** 15s. and 1 guinea.
- * — **ROBUSTA** 15s. and 1 guinea.
- * — **TOMENTOSA** 15s. and 1 guinea.
- STAUACANTHA**, *vide* **ACANTHORRHIZA ACULEATA**

**COCOS WEDDELLIANA.**For description and price, *vide* page 144.

- CHRYSLIDOCARPUS LUTESCENS** (*ARECA LUTESCENS*, *HYOPHORBE INDICA*, II. *COMMERSONTIANA*), in all sizes 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 5s. to 1 guinea.
- * **COCOS AUSTRALIS** (*DIPLOTHEMIUM CAMPESTRE*) 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * **CHILENSIS**, *vide JUREA SPECTABILIS*
- * **INSIGNIS** (*GLAZIOVA INSIGNIS*) 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- * **PLUMOSA** 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- * **WEDDELLIANA** (*GLAZIOVA ELEGANTISSIMA*, *LEOPOLDINA PULCHRA*), perhaps the most elegant of all the smaller Palms, of which so many charming species are now to be found in cultivation. Its slender erect stem is not of rapid growth, but is freely furnished with its gracefully arching leaves, made up of innumerable long narrow pinnae or segments, of a rich green colour, *vide* Illustration, page 143. In all sizes 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 5s. to 1 guinea.
- * **CORYPHA AUSTRALIS**, *vide LIVISTONA AUSTRALIS*
- CYCAS ARMSTRONGII** 1½ and 2 guineas.
- CIRCINALIS** 1½ and 2 guineas.
- MEDIA**, a noble form of Cycad introduced from intertropical New Holland. The trunk is both stout and tall, cylindrical, and tolerably even in outline, the surface closely dotted by the scar-like marks which indicate the places whence leaf-stalks have been removed. This stem produces a grand head of leaves, which are of a large size, and somewhat variable in form and character in different specimens. Trunks in various sizes. Prices on application.
- NORMANBYANA** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- PLUMA** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- REVOLUTA**, in all sizes, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.
- RUMPHII** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- SIAMENSIS** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- CYCLANTHUS DISCOLOR** 1 guinea.
- CYPHOKENTIA GRACILIS**, *vide KENTIOPSIS OLIVEFORMIS*
- MACROCARPA**, *vide KENTIOPSIS MACROCARPA*
- ROBUSTA**, *vide CYPHOSPERMA VIEILLARDI*
- CYPHOSPERMA VIEILLARDI** (*CYPHOKENTIA ROBUSTA*, *KENTIA ROBUSTA*, *K. VIEILLARDI*) 1 guinea.
- CYRTOSTACHYS RENDA** (*ARECA ERYTHROPODA*, *PTYCHOSPERMA COCCINEA*)..
- DÆMONOROPS**, *vide CALAMUS*
- DESMONCUS MAJOR** 15s. and 1 guinea.
- DICTYOSPERMA AUREUM** (*ARECA AUREA*) a fine and graceful Palm, with yellowish stems 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- RUBRUM** (*ARECA RUBRA*) 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- DIOON EDULE** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- DIPLOTHEMIUM CAMPESTRE**, *vide COCOS AUSTRALIS*
- CAUDESCENS** (*CEROXYLON NIVEUM*) 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- DRYMOPHLEUS SINGAPORENSIS** (*PTYCHOSPERMA SINGAPORENSIS*). Truly a "most elegant" Palm. It has slender stems, and rich green leaves on smooth green petioles. The leaves are elegantly drooping in habit and ovate in form, consisting of numerous narrow leaflets, tapering to a long slender point. It has been introduced from Singapore.
- * **ENCEPHALARTOS ALTENSTEINII** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * (*Zamia*) **BRACHYPHYLLUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * **CAFFRA** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * (*Zamia*) **CYCADÆFOLIUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * **FRIDERICI-GUILIELMI**, this is a very distinct-looking South African species; the leaves are oblong-obtuse, arching and conduplicate; the petiole and rachis are terete and somewhat flattened on the upper surface, destitute of spines but covered with woolly down, the segments closely crowded, nearly opposite, linear-oblong, and of glaucous hue. At first sight this distinct Cycad would give the impression of being an intermediate species between *Dioon edule* and *Cycas revoluta* 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * **GHELINCKII** (*GRACILIS*) 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * **HILDEBRANDII**, this fine Cycadaceous plant has been introduced from Eastern Africa.
- * **HORRIDUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * **MULTIFLEXUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * (*Zamia*) **LEHMANNI** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * () **GLAUCUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * () **SPINOSUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * () **VILLOSUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * () **AMPLIATUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * () **DENTICULATUS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * () **GRACILIS** 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- * () **VROOMII** 4 and 5 guineas.
- EUTERPE EDULIS** "ASSAI PALM" (*ORBOPOXA SANCONA*) 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- GEONOMA CARDERI** 15s. and 1 guinea.
- GRACILIS** 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 5s. to 10s. 6d.

- GEONOMA LATIFOLIA** 3s. 6d. and 5s.
PRINCEPS 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
SARAPEQUENSIS, *vide* **CALYPTROOYNE SARAPEQUENSIS**
SPECIOSA 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
SPIXIANA 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
GLAZIOVA ELEGANTISSIMA, *vide* **COCOS WEDDELLIANA**
INSIGNIS, *vide* **COCOS INSIGNIS**
GRISEBACHIA BELMOREANA, *vide* **HOWEA BELMOREANA**
FORSTERIANA, *vide* **HOWEA FORSTERIANA**
HEDYSCEPE CANTERBURYANA "Umbrella Palm" (**KENTIA CANTERBURYANA**) 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
HETEROSPATHE ELATA (**METROXYLON ELATUM**), a very elegant smooth-stemmed Palm from Java, remarkable for the length of the tapered segments of its pinnate fronds. The leaflets are half an inch broad, with somewhat wider intervals between them, bright green on both the surfaces, narrowing upwards into a long slender tapering point. The plant has a naturally graceful spreading habit, and ranks among the most ornamental of the pinnate-leaved series 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea.
***HOWEA BELMOREANA**, "Curley Palm," (**KENTIA BELMOREANA**, **GRISEBACHIA BELMOREANA**), in all sizes 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 5s. to 1 guinea.
***FORSTERIANA**, "Flat or Thatch-Leaf Palm," (**KENTIA FORSTERIANA**, **GRISEBACHIA FORSTERIANA**) 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
HYDRIASTELE WENDLANDIANA (**KENTIA WENDLANDIANA**), a noble Palm, belonging to the pinnate-leaved series, introduced from Queensland. The leaves have numerous unequal segments, usually toothed at the apex. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition at Ghent.
HYOPHORBE COMMERSONIANA, *vide* **CHIRYSALIDOCARPUS LUTESCENS**
INDICA, *vide* **CHIRYSALIDOCARPUS LUTESCENS**
(ARECA) VERSCHAFFELTII 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
***JUBÆA SPECTABILIS**, "Coquito Nut Palm," (**COCOS CHILENSIS**, **MOLINIA CHILENSIS**) 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
***KENTIA AUSTRALIS**
***BELMOREANA**, *vide* **HOWEA BELMOREANA**
***CANTERBURYANA**, *vide* **HEDYSCEPE CANTERBURYANA**
***FORSTERIANA**, *vide* **HOWEA FORSTERIANA**
ORACILIS, *vide* **KENTIOPSIS OLIVIFORMIS**
LINDENI, *vide* **KENTIOPSIS MACROCARPA**
LUCIANI
MACARTHURII, *vide* **PTYCHOSPERMA MACARTHURII**
MONOSTACHYA, *vide* **ARECA MONOSTACHYA**
ROBUSTA, *vide* **CYPHOSPERMA VIEILLARDII**
***RUPICOLA**
SAPIDA, *vide* **RHOPALOSTYLIS SAPIDA**
WENDLANDIANA, *vide* **HYDRIASTELE WENDLANDIANA**
KENTIOPSIS MACROCARPA (**CYPHOKENTIA MACROCARPA**, **KENTIA LINDENI**) ..
OLIVIFORMIS (**KENTIA ORACILIS**, **CYPHOKENTIA ORACILIS**)
LATANIA AUREA, *vide* **L. VERSCHAFFELTII**
***BORBONICA**, *vide* **LIVISTONA CHINENSIS**
***COMMERSONI** (**L. RUBRA**) 1 and 1½ guinea
***VERSCHAFFELTII** (**L. AUREA**) 15s. and 1 guinea
LEOPOLDINA PULCHRA, *vide* **COCOS WEDDELLIANA**
LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA (**MACROZAMIA DENISONI**)
LICUALA GRANDIS (**PRITHARDIA GRANDIS**). As a new introduction, scarcely any plant has made a greater sensation than this remarkable Palm. When exhibited by Mr. W. B. at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Brussels, it won the First Prize for a new Palm not in commerce. At the same time another specimen was also shown in the six New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize. Again at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent, it was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. won the First Prize. It was discovered in the South Sea Islands by one of Mr. W. B.'s Plant Collectors, and takes rank amongst the most distinct and attractive Palms ever introduced 4 and 5 guineas.
PELTATA 5s. and 7s. 6d.
LINOSPADIX MONOSTACHYA, *vide* **BACULARIA MONOSTACHYA**
LIVISTONA ALTISSIMA 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
***AUSTRALIS** (**CORYPHA AUSTRALIS**) 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.
***CHINENSIS** (**LATANIA BORBONICA**, **L. SINENSIS**, **L. MAURITIANA**) in all sizes, from 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.
HOOGENDORPHEI, a fine Stove Palm, of spreading habit; the leaves, which are nearly three feet broad, are palmately divided, the segments being broad, and giving the leaves a bold and distinctive character 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
***MAURITIANA**, *vide* **L. CHINENSIS**
***ROTUNDIFOLIA** (**SUBLOBOSA**)
***SINENSIS**, *vide* **L. CHINENSIS**

- LOXOCOCCUS RUPICOLA** (PTYCHOSPERMA RUPICOLA) 1 and 1½ guinea
- * **MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES**
- * **CYLINDRICA**, a distinct and well-marked Cycad, introduced from Queensland. It has a long-necked stem, and dark green coriaceous leaves; the pinnae are glossy on the surface, each being marked at the base with a large ivory white patch, which strongly contrasts with the dark green mid-rib which lies between the two rows of ivory markings.
- * **DENISONI**, *vide* **LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA**
- * **FRASERI**
- * **MACKENZII**, a handsome and ornamental Cycad from Queensland. The leaves are ovate in outline, with numerous pairs of narrow tapering segments of a dark green colour, and nine to ten inches in length. The rachis is strongly convex behind, slightly so in front, with the segments of the central portion set on at about half an inch apart, the upper ones being more closely, the lower ones more distantly placed. For Illustration, *vide* page 147 3, 4 and 5 guineas
- * **PLUMOSA**, this beautiful Cycadaceous plant has been imported from Queensland. From a small ovate stem, the scales of which are woolly, rise the erect spirally-twisted leaves, which have a flattened petiole. These leaves are furnished nearly to the base with narrow linear leaflets, which are set on at intervals of about a quarter of an inch, and are from six to eight inches long. The plant is remarkable for its distinct and elegant character. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 2, 3 and 4 guineas
- * **SPIRALIS**
- MARTINEZIA EROSA** 2 and 3 guineas
- GRANATENSIS** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- MAXIMILIANA REGIA** 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- METROXYLON ELATUM**, *vide* **HETEROSPATHE ELATA**
- * **MOLINIA OHILENSIS**, *vide* **JUBEA SPECTABILIS**
- GENOCARPUS BACABA** 31s. 6d.
- EDULIS** 31s. 6d. and 42s.
- ORANIA MACROCLADUS** 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- OREODOXA GRANATENSIS**, a very ornamental pinnate-leaved Palm, introduced by one of its collectors from the United States of Colombia. The stem is smooth, and the leaf pinnate, with long narrow leaflets, which are more or less drooping. It is a very elegant plant, and in the young state is admirably adapted for table decoration 1 guinea
- SANCONA**, *vide* **EUTERPE EDULIS**
- PHENICOPHORUM SECHELLARUM**, *vide* **STEVENSANIA GRANDIFOLIA**
- * **PHŒNIX COMPACTA**, a dwarf-growing hybrid, the result of a cross between *P. æquinoctialis* and *P. leonensis*; its dense compact habit of growth will render it extremely useful for decorative purposes 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- * **DACTYLIFERA** (THE DATE PALM) 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
- * **HYBRIDA**, this elegant Palm is a hybrid between *P. dactylifera* and *P. farinifera*. It has a short stout stem, somewhat similar to *P. dactylifera*, but with the more slender and less rigid fronds of *P. farinifera*. The fruits are not much larger than the last named, and are of a glaucous red colour when mature 15s.
- * **INTERMEDIA**, an interesting hybrid between *P. sylvestris* and *P. æquinoctialis*. It is of dwarf compact habit, and will be found a useful and effective Palm for the decoration of the greenhouse and conservatory 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- * **RECLINATA** 3s. 6d., 5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
- * **RUPICOLA**, this is one of the most exquisitely graceful among the smaller Palms, and in elegance takes a similar place among *Phœnices* to that of *Cocos Weddelliana* among *Cocoses*. It is of acaulescent habit, with wide-spreading arching pinnate leaves, broadly lance-shaped in outline, with long narrow pinnae, the lower of which become gradually reduced to spines. It comes from India, and is a most valuable acquisition 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.; fine plants, 21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
- * **SYLVESTRIS**, a Sugar-yielding Palm 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. & 5s.
- PHYTELPHAS MACROCARPA**, this Palm yields the Vegetable Ivory of commerce. 1 and 1½ guinea
- PINANGA MACULATA** 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea
- SANDERIANA**, *vide* page 15.
- PRITCHARDIA AUREA** 1½, 2 and 3 guineas
- * **GRANDIS**, *vide* **LICUALA GRANDIS**
- PACIFICA** 1 and 1½ guinea
- * **PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ**, *vide* **ARCHONTOPHŒNIX ALEXANDRÆ**
- COCINEA**, *vide* **CYTOSTACHYS RENDA**
- * **CUNNINGHAMIANA**, *vide* **ARCHONTOPHŒNIX CUNNINGHAMIANA**
- LEVIGATA** 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
- MACARTHURII** (KENTIA MACARTHURII) 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- RUPICOLA**, *vide* **LOXOCOCCUS RUPICOLA**
- SINGAPORENSIS**, *vide* **DRYNOPHLEUS SINGAPORENSIS**
- REGELIA PRINCEPS**, *vide* **VEISCHAFTELIA SPLENDIDA**
- * **RHOPALOSTYLIS BAUERI** (ARECA BAUERI, SEAFORTHIA ROBUSTA) 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- SAPIDA**, "NIKAU PALM" (ARECA SAPIDA, KENTIA SAPIDA) 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.



MACROZAMIA MACKENZII. For description and price, vide page 146.

- *RHAPIS FLABELLIFORMIS 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea
 ROSCHERIA MELANOCHÆTES (VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES) 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 SABAL ADANSONI "DWARF PALMETTO" 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 CÆRULESCENS, a remarkably bold and handsome Palm introduced from the United States of
 Colombia. The leaves are palmately divided, the segments broad, with a plicate surface, and
 having a bluish or glaucous tinge of green, which is very strongly marked on the under
 surface 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 GRANATENSIS 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 TENUIS 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 UMBRACULIFERA (BLACKBURNIANA), noble and very distinct 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 *SEAFORTHIA ELEOANS, vide ARCHONTOPHENIX CUNNINGHAMIANA
 * ROBUSTA, vide RHOPALOSTYLIS BAUERI
 STANGERIA PARADOXA small plants, 10s. 6d.; strong specimeus, 1½, 2 and 3 guineas
 STEVENSONIA GRANDIFOLIA (PHENICOPHORUM SECHELLARUM), ... 1, 1½, 2 to 5 guineas
 THRIXINAX ARGENTEA, "SILVER THATCH PALM" 5s. and 7s. 6d.

- THRINAX BARBADENSIS**, this is a very elegant and neat-growing Fan Palm. The petiole terminates in a digitately multipartite blade, the numerous segments of which are of a stonish texture, three-nerved, and of a lively green colour. It is, as its name implies, a native of the Island of Barbadoes. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, at Kensington, 1½ and 2 guineas. ELEOANS, very handsome for exhibition purposes 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. ELEGANTISSIMA, an exceedingly elegant and graceful miniature-growing Palm 15s. and 1 guinea
- * **PARVIFLORA** 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- TRACHYCARPUS EXCELSUS** (*CHAMEROPS EXCELSA*), in all sizes, from 3s. 6d., 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s. to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each
- FORTUNEI** (*CHAMEROPS FORTUNEI*), in all sizes, from 3s. 6d., 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s. to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each
- VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES**, *vide* *ROSCHERIA MELANOCHÆTES*
- SPLENDIDA** (*REOELIA PRINCEPS*), a magnificent and very distinct Palm from the Island of Seychelles 1½ and 2 guineas
- * **ZAMIA BRACHYPHYLLUS**, *vide* *ENCEPHALARTOS BRACHYPHYLLUS*
- * **BREVIFRONS** 1½ and 2 guineas
- * **CYCADEFOLIA**, *vide* *ENCEPHALARTOS CYCADEFOLIUS*
- * **FURFURACEA** 2 and 3 guineas
- * **INTEGRIFOLIA** 2 and 3 guineas
- * **LEHMANNI**, *vide* *ENCEPHALARTOS LEHMANNI*
- * **LINDENI** 1½ guinea
- * **MIQUELII**, this species has been imported from Queensland. It has a short stout stem, spindle-shaped below, and producing from the crown remarkably elegant fronds, which are erect and somewhat spirally twisted, the smooth bright green pinnae being of an ivory white colour at their point of juncture with the rachis. It is known in some collections as *Z. Fraseri* and *Z. tenuifolia* 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- OBLIQUA** 1½ guinea
- * **PRASINA** 1½ guinea
- * **ROEZLII** 1½ guinea
- * **SKINNERI** 1½ guinea
- * **VILLOSA**, *vide* *ENCEPHALARTOS VILLOSUM*
- * **VROOMII**, *vide* *ENCEPHALARTOS VROOMII*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Selection of Twelve Varieties, 24s., 30s. and 42s.

New and Choice Varieties 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s. each.

- ADOLPHE ADAMS**, green, densely speckled with white; rose-coloured mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- ADOLPHE ANDRIEN**, a very attractive variety with large richly coloured foliage. 3s. 6d.
- AGRIPPINE DIMITRY**, white ground, green margin and veins, pink centre. 5s.
- AIDA**, transparent ruddy rose tissue with a network of green ribs. 10s. 6d.
- ALBO-LUTEUM**, yellowish white with green tint, very long leaves. 10s. 6d.
- ALCIBIADE**, crimson-rayed centre, surrounded with pale green and blotched with pure white; green margin. 5s.
- ALFRED BLEU**, green, with white spots and flesh-coloured centre. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- ALFRED MAME**, earmine-red, bordered with white and spotted with rose. 7s. 6d.
- ALPHAND**, green, spotted with red; crimson centre. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- ALPHONSE KARR**, earmine centre and red spots. 2s. 6d.
- ALZIRE**, 21s.
- AMENUM**, transparent rose, with red ribs, violet-rose veins and green margin. 15s.
- ANNA DE CONDEIXA**, rose centre, with clear green margin, and white, yellow and dark green zone. 10s. 6d.
- ANNIBAL**, 7s. 6d.
- ARGYRITES**, pale green with white spots. 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.
- ARISTIDE**, light green; crimson centre. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- ARSINOË**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- ARTÉMISE**, silvery white with rosy-crimson ribs. 7s. 6d.
- AUBER**, green ground, marked with white spots and central pink ones. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- AUGUSTE CARPENTIER**, carmine-red centre, surrounded with reddish-maroon and margined with golden green; very effective. 15s.
- AUGUSTE LEMOINIER**, soft green centre and rosy-crimson rib and veins. 3s. 6d.
- AUGUSTE REVIÈRE**, green with white centre and rays, and crimson spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- AURORE BORÉALE**, dark red, spotted with bronzy-green, reddish earmine ribs. 10s. 6d.
- BARAQUINII**, crimson centre, dark green margin. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BARAQUINII SUPERBUM**, 5s.
- BARILET**, green, bright rosy crimson centre and ribs. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- BARON DE ROTHSCHILD**, rich blood-red centre and spots, on mottled green leaf-ground. 3s. 6d.

- BARONNE JAMES DE ROTH-SCHILD**, young leaves of a bright rose colour; the more matured foliage soft rose, with red veins. 15s.
- BARRAL**, bright green, with a fine red centre, and large spots of rose. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- BEETHOVEN**, ground colour white, intersected and veined with green, centre rib delicate rose. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BELLEMEI**, white variegated leaves. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BELLINI**, mottled pale green ground, with rosy centre and spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BELLONE**, centre carmine-rose, shading off to reddish maroon and metallic brown. 15s.
- BEROSE**. 7s. 6d.
- BICOLOR**. 2s. 6d.
- BICOLOR FULGENS**. 5s.
- BICOLOR SPLENDENS**. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BLANQUERTI**, dark green, grey veins, white spots. 5s.
- BOIELDIEU**, like *Bicolor splendens*, but superior. 5s.
- BRONGIARTII**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
- BUREL**, dark bluish green veined bright rose, marked with rosy violet and spotted orange-red. 3s. 6d.
- CALYPSO**, dark green margin, bright crimson centre and veins and pink spots. 7s. 6d.
- CANDIDUM**, clear white ground with strongly marked ribs. 10s. 6d.
- CANNERTII**, leaves flushed with salmon-red, and spotted white. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- CARDINALE**, brilliant red, dotted with golden yellow and greenish yellow. 15s.
- CERES**, rich green with rosy salmon centre. 5s.
- CHANTINII**, reddish ground, spotted with white. 2s. 6d.
- CHANTINII FULGENS**, rich metallic green, with crimson centre and white spots. 5s.
- CHARLES VERDIER**, fine green, with bluish-pink centre and spots. 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
- CHELSONI**, bright glossy green, suffused with brilliant red, and blotched with crimson. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- CLIO**, ground colour deep rose shaded white; green ribs, and narrow green margin. 10s. 6d.
- COMTESSE DE CONDEIXA**, white ground shaded rose; carmine red veins; narrow green margin. 7s. 6d.
- COMTESSE DE MAILLÉ**, white ground, veined with bright rosy red and green. 10s. 6d.
- COMTESSE DU BERTHIER**. 7s. 6d.
- DE CANDOLLE**, rich green, rose-coloured spots and creamy white centre rays. 3s. 6d.
- DE HUMBOLDT**, glossy green, spotted with scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- DEVINCK**, leaves heart-shaped; delicate pink centre ribs, with white spots. 3s. 6d.
- DONIZETTI**, rich red centre, green border, rose spots. 3s. 6d.
- DR. BOISDUVAL**, centre rayed crimson; snow-white blotches on a green ground. 3s. 6d.
- DR. LINDLEY**, crimson centre, the green ground marked with rose blotches. 3s. 6d.
- DUC DE CLEVELAND**, red centre, surrounded with pea-green; red spots. 3s. 6d.
- DUC DE MORNAY**, deep green leaf borders with large crimson-rayed centre. 3s. 6d.
- DUC DE NASSAU**, brilliant red centre and ribs, white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DUC DE RATIBOR**, green with red mid-ribs and white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DUCHARTRE**, leaf ground white, flushed rose, green veins and red spots. 3s. 6d.
- EDOUARD ANDRE**, crimson centre, rose blotches. 3s. 6d.
- EDOUARD MOREAUX**, mottled green ground, with lake centre. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- EDOUARD RODRIGUES**, deep carmine, margined with light green, and spotted with rose. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- E. G. HENDERSON**, green, with transparent rose spots and mottled crimson rays and centre. 3s. 6d.
- ELVINA**, bright green, blotched with red; grey centre and veins. 3s. 6d.
- EMILIE VERDIER**, leaves of a light transparent rose colour, spotted with red. 3s. 6d.
- ETOILE D'ARGENT**, green, mid-ribs and veins creamy white, shaded grey. 5s.
- EUCCHARIS**, rose centre with violet reflections margined with bright green. 10s. 6d.
- EUTERPE**. 5s.
- FAUST**. 15s.
- FELICIEN DAVID**, dark carmine centre, surrounded white, and veined with red on green ground. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- FERDINAND DE LESSEPS**, dark carmine-red ground with violet-rose ribs, and deep green spots. 15s.
- FLORE**. 5s.
- GERARD DOW**, pale yellow ground, carmine mid-rib, deep red veins, narrow green margin. 10s. 6d.
- GOLDEN QUEEN**, pale golden yellow. 5s.
- GLUCK**. 15s.
- GRATIOSUM**. 7s. 6d.
- GRÉTRY**, carmine centre, with white spots. 3s. 6d.
- HELEVY**, white mid-ribs and crimson blotches. 3s. 6d.
- HEROLD**, dark carmine veins, surrounded by light green, blotched pure white. 3s. 6d.
- HOULLETTII**, green with white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- IBIS ROSE**, a magnificent variety, with beautiful rich rose-coloured foliage. 15s.
- IMPÉRATRICE EUGENIE**, light green with greyish pink centre, and rose-coloured veins. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- ISADORA LEROY**, rich metallic green, with crimson-red centre rays. 3s. 6d.
- JOHN R. BOX**, red and greenish maroon ground; carmine-red veins; soft violet-rose centre. 15s.
- JULES DUPLESSIS**, bright rose centre, shaded with red and bordered with green. 10s. 6d.
- JULES PUTZEYS**, rich green with crimson mid-rib and veins, and red spots; centre mottled grey. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- JUNON**. 1s. 6d.
- JUPITER**. 5s.
- KETELEER**, spotted white, upon emerald-green; large crimson centre. 3s. 6d.
- LAINGII**, reddish carmine centre; the whole of the leaf sprinkled with white. 3s. 6d.
- L'ALBANE**. 7s. 6d.
- LAMARTINE**, crimson centre with white and red spots. 3s. 6d.
- LA PERLE DU BRÉSIL**, white, delicately tinted with rose, mid-rib and veins dark green. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- LAVINIA**, bright green with grey centre and veins. 3s. 6d.
- LEOPOLDII**, green, with rich crimson-rayed centre. 3s. 6d.
- LEOPOLD ROBERT**, rosy white ground shaded green; carmine-red veins shaded with reddish-brown; blue-green margin. 7s. 6d.
- LEPESCHKINEI**, leaves marked with rich rose spots; bright red centre. 3s. 6d.
- LEPLAY**, leaves marked with white, and beautifully veined with rosy violet. 3s. 6d.
- LE TITIEN**, ground network of red and rich green, pure magenta ribs. 15s.
- LOUISE DUPLESSIS**, red rays and veins on a white ground; green margin. 3s. 6d.
- LOWII**, *vide* *ALOCASIA LOWII*.

- LUCY**, pea-green; crimson centre; white spots. 3s. 6d.
- LUDDMANNI**, deep crimson ribs; the leaf blotched with magenta and white. 7s. 6d.
- LULLI**. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MADAME ALFRED BLEU**, deep green, with large white blotches, and broad crimson-scarlet veins. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MADAME ALFRED MAME**, light green, covered with large white spots; rosy carmine centre. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MADAME DE LA DEVAN-SAYE**, leaves white, shaded rose, and veined with red and green. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MADAME DOMBRAIN**, centre and ribs pale yellowish green, shaded rose, and spotted with white and rose. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME FRITZ KECHELIN**, white ground, violet-rose ribs, green veins. 5s.
- MADAME HEINE**, silvery white, stained and edged with pale green; distinct. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME HOULLET**, large leaves, with clustering bluish-white blotches. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME HUNNEBELLE**, leaves veined with garnet on white ground, and margined with green. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MADAME JULES MENO-REAU**, white centre, tinted rose, veined rich bright rose, margined green. 10s. 6d.
- MADAME LAFORGE**, centre and ribs reddish crimson, with green margin. 5s.
- MADAME LEMOINIER**, pale rose with darker ribs; veins and centre encircled with creamy white. 10s. 6d.
- MADAME MARJOLIN SCHEFFER**, white foliage, charmingly veined and netted with rosy lake. 5s.
- MADAME MITJANA**, transparent reddish-crimson rose centre. 10s. 6d.
- MADAME WILLAUME**, delicate salmon-rose-coloured transparent leaves. 10s. 6d.
- MARCHANDII**, 5s.
- MARQUIS DE CAUX**, red centre and veins, with rose blotches on margins. 3s. 6d.
- MARS**, clouded crimson centre, the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- MARTERSTYGINUM**, crimson centre and white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MAXIME DUVAL**, fine broad crimson centre and ribs, green margin. 3s. 6d.
- MAX KOLB**, light green ground with pale centre; distinct. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MERCADANTE**, pale copper-coloured centre and veins, bordered with green. 3s. 6d.
- MEYERBEER**, white leaf ground, green veins and red mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MINERVE**, silvery white mid-rib and rays, surrounded with greyish white; green margin, with snowy white spots. 7s. 6d.
- MITHRIDATE**, crimson-lake with darker ribs, and dark bronze-green margin. 7s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR A. HARDY**, rich reddish carmine veinson white ground, tinted with rose and spotted with green. 5s.
- MONSIEUR J. LINDEN**, a fine large whitish leaf, with metallic reflections, coral-rose veins and reticulated green border. 10s. 6d.
- MOZART**, rose centre and veins on green ground. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. LAING**, white ground; deep rose centre and veins; green margin. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- NAPOLÉON III**, flamed crimson centre, with forked rays, and carmine-red spots. 3s. 6d.
- ONslow**, deep rosy crimson centre with broad green margin, spotted with rose. 3s. 6d.
- ORNATUM**, golden yellow ground; carmine ribs encircled with rosy lake; red-violet veins. 10s. 6d.
- PAUL VERONESE**, pinkish white centre, deep scarlet ribs and green margin. 7s. 6d.
- PETROPOLIS**, 7s. 6d.
- PETSCHKAUI**, 5s.
- PHILIPPE HERBERT**, deep mottled crimson rays and clear green margin, spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- PHILIPPE SCHULTZ**, 7s. 6d.
- PICTUM**, green, blotched and spotted with white. 3s. 6d.
- PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD**, dark emerald green, rich crimson radiating mid-rib, and white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- PRINCE OF WALES**, large golden yellow leaves. 5s.
- PRINCESS ALEXANDRA**, rosy salmon leaf, green centre rib, bordered with magenta-crimson; green margin with light pink chain. 3s. 6d.
- PRINCESS OF TECK**, bright orange-yellow, veins suffused with deep red. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS OF WALES**, golden yellow, spotted with crimson. 5s.
- PRINCESS ROYAL**, leaves of a golden ground colour, with crimson centre. 5s.
- PROSERPINE**, 3s. 6d.
- PYRRHUS**, centre and ribs deep crimson, pea-green margin. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- QUADRICOLOR**, centre of leaf pale yellowish green, ribs white, edged rosy crimson, and margined green. 3s. 6d.
- RAMEAU**, centre and ribs deep reddish crimson, surface covered with white blotches, shaded red. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- RAOUL PUGNO**, very transparent, pale flesh colour, margin dark green. 15s.
- RAULINII**, rich red centre and veins, finely spotted with white. 3s. 6d.
- REGALE**, silvery grey centre, rosy red ribs, vermilion-red spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- REINE MARIE DE PORTUGAL**, violet-rose centre with red veins, dark maroon zone and green border. 10s. 6d.
- REINE VICTORIA**, green veins and margins, spotted with white and rich crimson. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- ROSSINI**, pale centre, pink mid-ribs, red blotches. 3s. 6d.
- ROUILLARD**, green margin, pale green centre, mid-rib and rays violet-plum; whole of leaf spotted crimson. 3s. 6d.
- RUBENS**, golden green ground, shaded bright red and veined with dark brown. 10s. 6d.
- SALVATOR ROSA**, bright red centre tinted with rosy violet; light green margin; dwarf. 10s. 6d.
- SANCHONIATHON**, crimson centre; deep crimson ribs and pea-green margin. 10s. 6d.
- SANGUIOLENTUM**, green with white mid-rib and red spots. 3s. 6d.
- SIEBOLDII**, rich green, with fiery red crimson-rayed centre and claret-red spots. 3s. 6d.
- SIRIUS**, centre scarlet-red, spotted with rosy red and golden green. 10s. 6d.
- SIR WALTER SCOTT**, 5s.
- SOUVENIR DE MADAME BERNARD**, bright red centre, dotted with golden yellow, green and white; light green border. 10s. 6d.
- SOUVENIR DE MADAME E. ANDRE**, deep green marbled with pure white, and veined with rosy crimson. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- SOUVENIR DES TOUCHES**, carmine-red shaded violet; red veins, rose spots surrounded with white. 15s.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—continued.

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <p>SOUVENIR DU DOCTEUR BLEU, reddish scarlet centre; pale green border shaded with rich red. 15s.</p> <p>SPONTINI, pea-green, with white spots and rosy pink ribs and veins. 5s. and 7s. 6d.</p> <p>TRICOLOR, grey-green with red-lake centre and carmine mid-ribs. 5s. and 7s. 6d.</p> <p>TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION, crimson centre, red ribs, green border. 3s. 6d.</p> | <p>URANUS, 3s. 6d.</p> <p>VAN DYCK, transparent rosy-lake, pale rose centre, grey green margin. 10s. 6d.</p> <p>VELLEDA, 3s. 6d.</p> <p>VERDI, crimson-lake centre, with small green zono and apple-green margin. 10s. 6d.</p> <p>VESTA, greenish white veins, surrounded with crimson; leaf spotted rose. 3s. 6d.</p> | <p>VICOMTESSE DE LA ROQUE-ORDAN, red mid-rib and rays bordered white; green margin. 3s. 6d.</p> <p>VILLE DE MULHOUSE, greenish white, shaded with rose; rich green centre. 10s. 6d.</p> <p>VIRGILE, 7s. 6d.</p> <p>VIRGINALE, shining white, veined with bark bluish green; a magnificent variety. 10s. 6d.</p> |
|--|---|---|

BEGONIAS.

HANDSOME-FLOWERED, TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

Those marked () are double-flowered varieties.*

- ALFONSO**, a fine flower; colour cinnamon, shaded with salmon. 2s. 6d.
- AURELIA**, a very fine large flower of a cinnamon-rose colour; very distinct. 2s. 6d.
- BERTHA**, a splendid flower with broad petals, of a soft salmon-pink colour. 5s.
- BRILLIANT**, rich bright orange, a dazzling colour; flowers large and fine; very showy. 3s. 6d.
- CALYPSO**, a fine flower with very broad petals of a bright rose colour, shaded with magenta. 3s. 6d.
- CARDINAL**, a magnificent variety, producing large flowers of a deep rich magenta-rose colour. 3s. 6d.
- CAROLINE**, deep rosy pink, a very fine showy flower with broad petals. 2s. 6d.
- CHELSEA GIANT**, light carmine-scarlet; a huge flower. 5s.
- CLEOPATRA**, rosy lake, shaded with magenta; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 3s. 6d.
- CORSAIR**, rosy salmon; a most profuse blooming variety. 2s. 6d.
- ***CLOVIS**, a fine large flower, with frimbriated petals of a bright orange-red colour. 3s. 6d.
- CORONET**, rich rosy carmine; a large flower with broad petals. 3s. 6d.
- DAPHNE**, a fine large flower of a pretty pink colour, with purple shade. 5s.
- DAVISII**, a very dwarf growing species, freely producing attractive bright scarlet flowers. 1s. 6d.
- DEFIANCE**, a showy variety, producing fine large flowers of a light orange-scarlet colour. 5s.
- DELICATA**, a charming variety, with beautiful bluish-white flowers. 2s. 6d.
- ***DINAH FELIX**, a very large flower of a beautiful reddish shade with white centre. 5s.
- DRAGON**, a beautiful flower, with fine long petals; colour rich bright rose; very effective. 3s. 6d.
- DR. MASTERS**, an effective variety, with very rich carmine-crimson flowers. 2s. 6d.
- ***DUCHESSE DE CAMBACÈRES**, of a clear amaranth colour, with large outer petals. 3s. 6d.
- ***DUCHESSE DE GALLIERA**, large red flower, inside petals striated with carmine. 5s.
- ***ECLAT**, an extremely floriferous variety of excellent habit, producing fine large showy flowers of a reddish orange colour. 3s. 6d.
- EMBLEM**, a large flower with broad petals, of a deep rose colour, shaded with magenta. 2s. 6d.
- EMPEROR**, a splendid large flower of a brilliant orange-scarlet colour. 1s. 6d.
- ENSIGN**, bright pink; a beautiful shade of colour; flowers large; a very elegant variety. 2s. 6d.
- ***ESTHER**, carmine-crimson, a pretty and distinct variety. 3s. 6d.
- ETHEL**, a beautiful flower of a light salmon-pink colour. 5s.
- FIREFLY**, an exceedingly attractive variety, producing fine flowers of a bright scarlet colour. 5s.
- FLAMBEAU**, bright crimson, shaded with rose, fine round flower. 5s.
- FLAMMETTA**, bright orange-scarlet; a remarkably large and fine flower. 3s. 6d.
- FRÈBELL**, a splendid species from Ecuador, producing brilliant scarlet flowers. 1s.
- FRÈBELL INCOMPARABILIS**, a magnificent variety with large brilliant scarlet flowers. 1s. 6d.
- ***FULGURANT**, a magnificent variety producing in the greatest profusion its beautiful double flowers which are of an exceedingly rich reddish crimson colour. 5s.
- GEM**, light cream colour, the reverse of petals light pink; extremely distinct and attractive. 3s. 6d.
- ***GILBERT**, fine magenta-red flowers. 5s.
- GLITTER**, vivid orange-scarlet; an extremely bright and showy colour; a fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- ***GLOIRE DE NANCY**, exterior petals rich vermilion, centre bright scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- ***GRAND VILLE**, clear rose, a very beautiful variety. 10s. 6d.
- HERMINE**, light orange-cinnamon, a very distinct and attractive shade of colour. 2s. 6d.
- ICABUS**, a very fine large flower of a bright salmon colour. 3s. 6d.
- IMPERIALIS**, splendid flower, dark rosy crimson. 7s. 6d.
- ***KENILWORTH**, rosy magenta, a fine variety of good habit. 7s. 6d.
- LUCINDA**, a large and fine flower, with remarkably long petals of a deep rose colour. 3s. 6d.
- MABEL**, delicate salmon-pink; a fine flower of good shape. 5s.



HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS.

- *MADAME COMESSE, enormous Camellia-like flowers, rosy orange-salmon. 5s.
- MAGENTA QUEEN, a beautiful variety, with large pendent flowers of rich deep rose colour. 2s. 6d.
- *MADAME THIBAUT, large flower, sulphur yellow. 7s. 6d.
- MAGNET, beautiful light pink, the reverse of the petals deep pink; a charming variety. 2s. 6d.
- MARATHON, deep crimson; a very fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- *MARIE BOUCHET, this variety produces immense double flowers of a dark reddish scarlet. 7s. 6d.
- MARTHA, soft delicate rose-pink; a beautiful flower. 5s.
- MASTERPIECE, a magnificent flower of an intensely bright vermilion-scarlet colour. 5s.
- MAZEPPA, very light cream colour, the reverse of the petals tinted with orange-pink. 2s. 6d.
- MINIATA, a fine showy variety, producing flowers of a bright rosy carmine colour. 2s. 6d.
- MODIOLA, bright rose, shaded with salmon; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 3s. 6d.
- MONT BLANC, white, slightly tinted, very pretty. 3s. 6d.
- OBERON, bright crimson, shaded with orange-scarlet; a splendid variety. 3s. 6d.
- ORESTES, deep rosy carmine; a magnificent flower with fine large petals. 3s. 6d.
- PEARCEI, flowers large, bright yellow, and borne on slender stems well above the foliage. 1s. 6d.
- PEARCEI GRANDIFLORA, fine large flowers, of a bright golden-yellow colour. 2s. 6d.
- PHYLLIS, a beautiful variety, with blossoms of a delicate sulphur colour, tinted with pink. 2s. 6d.
- PINK BEAUTY, fine large bright rosy pink flowers, beautiful shape. 7s. 6d.
- QUEEN OF WHITES, a desirable variety, with lustrous leaves, and pure white flowers. 3s. 6d.
- REGALIS, a beautiful salmon-rose flower, of good form and substance. 7s. 6d.

- RUBESCENS**, a fine variety, giving a profusion of large rich salmon-tinted red blossoms. 3s. 6d.
SERAPH, a fine flower of a soft pink colour; the two outer petals suffused with rose. 2s. 6d.
SPARKLER, a splendid flower with fine broad petals of a bright crimson colour. 3s. 6d.
STARLIGHT, a beautiful variety, with large flowers of a pretty shade of blush-pink. 3s. 6d.
SUNRISE, a magnificent variety, producing large flowers of a bright rosy scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.
SUNSET, rich crimson; a fine large showy flower. 3s. 6d.
SURPRISE, a beautiful variety, producing pretty bright pink flowers in great profusion. 2s. 6d.
TEMLAR, a fine flower, with broad petals of a rosy pink colour. 3s. 6d.
TROJAN, an effective variety, freely producing fine flowers of a light rosy pink colour. 2s. 6d.
VEITCHII, this species produces blooms of a vivid vermilion or cinnabar red colour. 2s. 6d.
VERONA, bright rosy pink; a very pretty variety. 3s. 6d.
VESTA, pure white; very large flower. 7s. 6d.
VESUVIUS, a fine variety, producing very large flowers of a rich orange-scarlet colour. 1s.
VICTORY, a magnificent flower, with broad petals of a dazzling vermilion-scarlet colour. 7s. 6d.
VIVICANS, a very graceful plant, with brilliant orange-scarlet bell-shaped flowers. 2s. 6d.
WHITE QUEEN, a beautiful variety, producing ivory-white flowers tinted with rose. 2s. 6d.

Selections of good single-flowering Varieties can be made by Mr. W. B. at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen. Unnamed Seedlings raised from the best varieties, when dormant, 6s. and 9s. per dozen, 2 and 3 guineas per 100.

BEGONIA BALMISIANA.

This very distinct Begonia has been imported from Mexico. It is a handsome flowering bulbous species and freely produces quantities of large and attractive flesh-coloured flowers of good substance. The succulent stems are dark-red in colour, the leaves being thick and fleshy, with dentate margins. 3s. 6d.

BEGONIAS.

VARIEGATED-FOLIAGED SECTION.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully coloured ornamental foliage.

- ANTONA**, dark centre, surrounded with silver-grey and margined with bronze. 5s.
BARANA, leaves a beautiful silver, marked in the centre and at intervals round the margin with olive-green. 5s.
LEDA, leaf bright silver, marked in centre with bronzy-green, and prettily margined with bronze. 5s.
PSYCHE, leaf bronzy green, prettily blotched and mottled with silver. 5s.
SYLVIA, silver-grey leaves, beautifully marked in centre and round the margins with bright-bronzy green veuations. 5s.
VESTAL, bright green, blotched and spotted with silver and margined with bronze; centre bright bronze. 5s.
VIRGINIA, silver-grey, dark green venation in centre, the marginal venation of a bronzy-green. 5s.

ABBÉ DELAHAYE, 2s. 6d.
ACUMINATA SPLENDIDA, 2s. 6d.

ADRIEN ROBINE, 2s. 6d.
ALEXANDRINE OLSOUFIEFF, 5s.

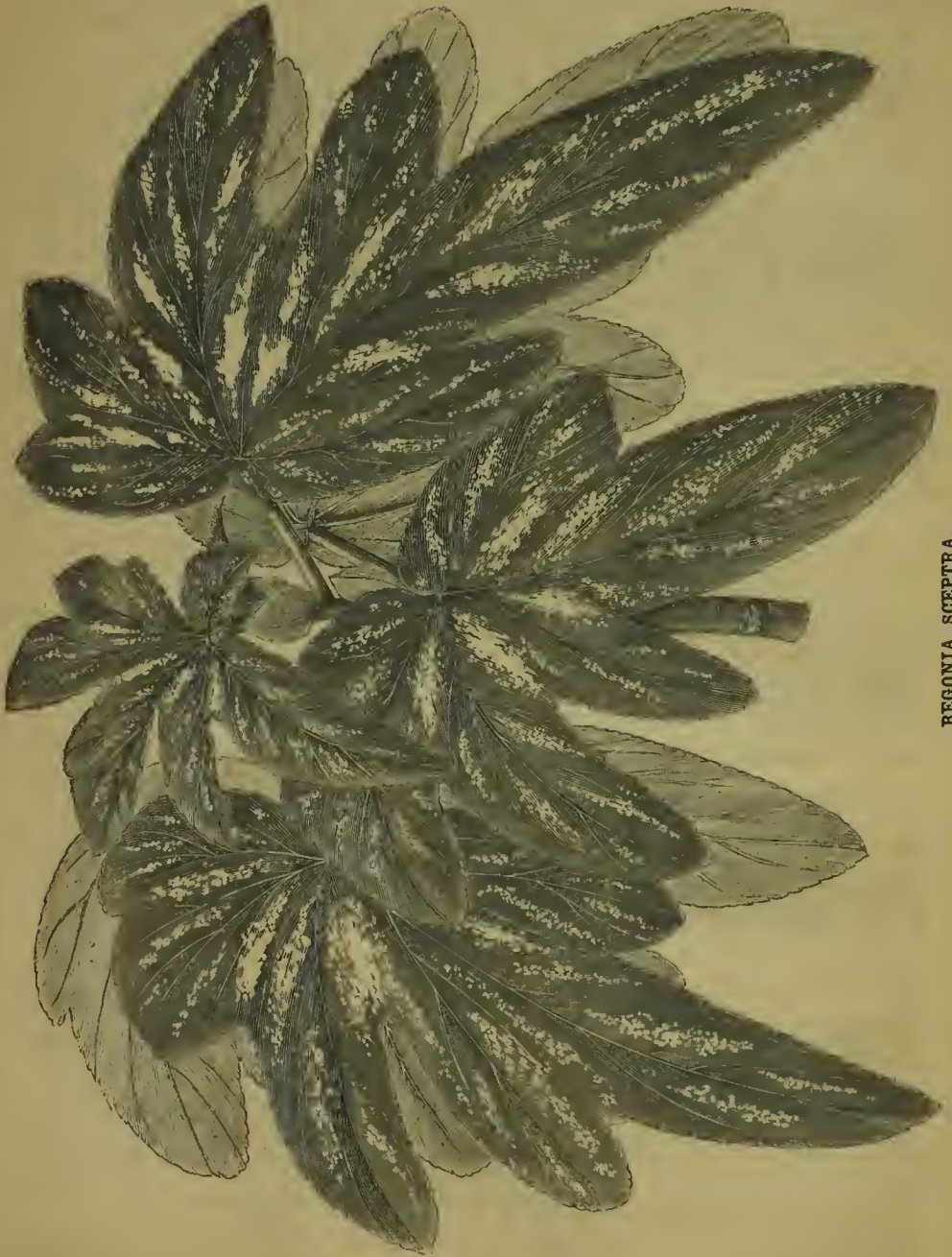
AMAZON, 3s. 6d.
ANDALOUSIE, 2s. 6d.
ANNETTE, 2s. 6d.
ANNICA, 2s. 6d.
ARCTURUS, 2s. 6d.
ARGENTEA HIRSUTA, 2s. 6d.
— ZEBRINA, 3s. 6d.

ARGUS, 3s. 6d.
ARIADNE, 5s.
BERENICE, 2s. 6d.
BRONGIART, 5s.
CALLIOPE, 2s. 6d.
CASILDA, 2s. 6d.
COMTESSE DE THELUSSON, 2s. 6d.

CONSTELLATA, 2s. 6d.
CORSAIR, 3s. 6d.
COUNTESS, 3s. 6d.
CRYSTALLINA, 2s. 6d.
DELIGHTFUL, 2s. 6d.
DESFONTAINES, 5s.
DIADEMA, 5s.

DIANA, 3s. 6d.
DUCHESS, 1s.
EDOUARD ANDRÉ, 3s. 6d.
— LESTEUR, 3s. 6d.
ED. PYNAERT, 5s.
ELAINE, 5s.
EMILE CHATÉ, 2s. 6d.
EUGENIA, 2s. 6d.
FINETTE, 5s.
GLOIRE DE MONTEREAU, 2s. 6d.
GRAZIELLA, 5s.
HENRIETTE LUSSEAU, 5s.
IONA, 5s.
JACKSONI, 2s. 6d.
JEANNE D'ARC, 5s.
JULES DEHAUSSY, 3s. 6d.
— DUPLESSIS MAJOR, 2s. 6d.
LA PERLE DE PARIS, 2s. 6d.
LEBRUN, 2s. 6d.
LE SAGE, 5s.
LE SCHAH, 3s. 6d.
LINNÉ, 7s. 6d.
LOVELY, 3s. 6d.
MADAME DE CAUVILLE, 2s. 6d.
— D'HALLOY, 5s.
— FRISTOT, 5s.

MADAME HACHETTE, 3s. 6d.
— JULES LECOCQ, 2s. 6d.
— PATÉ, 5s.
— RAMBERT, 5s.
— TAUBER, 2s. 6d.
— ZIEGLER, 5s.
MADAMOISELLE A. BLEU, 3s. 6d.
— BERTHE PROUTIERE, 3s. 6d.
— HENRIETTE GRAUX, 3s. 6d.
MALETTA, 2s. 6d.
MARGARITACEA, 2s. 6d.
MARIE FREEMAN, 5s.
MARMION, 3s. 6d.
MARQUIS DE NADAILLAC, 2s. 6d.
MAYA, 5s.
MAZEPPA, 3s. 6d.
MENTOR, 2s. 6d.
META, 2s. 6d.
MONA, 2s. 6d.
MONSIEUR BIENAIMÉ, 2s. 6d.
— CHRÉTIEN, 2s. 6d.
— LEFEBVRE, 2s. 6d.
ONDINE, 2s. 6d.
OTTO FORSTER, 2s. 6d.



BEGONIA SCEPTRUM.

BEGONIA SCEPTRUM.

This is a very handsome and distinct species, a native of Brazil. The leaves are obliquely ovate in outline, deeply lobed on one side, the lobes oblong obtuse, the veins sunk, and the raised spaces between marked with large silvery blotches, and numerous smaller dots of silvery grey. The leaf-stalks are red, this colour passing up the ribs of the under surface. 10s. 6d.

PEARL, 3s. 6d.
 PICTURATA, 2s. 6d.
 PRINCE OF WALES, 2s. 6d.
 PROFESSOR GASPARINI,
 2s. 6d.
 PROGNE, 5s.
 QUADRIZONALIS ORNATA,
 2s. 6d.

ROSALIE, 5s.
 ROSALIND, 2s. 6d.
 SATIN BLANC, 2s. 6d.
 SECRÉTAIRE DELAMARRE,
 2s. 6d.
 SERAPH, 3s. 6d.
 SOVEREIGN, 3s. 6d.
 STARLIGHT, 5s.

THEODORA, 5s.
 TOURNEFORT, 5s.
 VICOMTE DE CONDEIXA,
 2s. 6d.
 VICTOR BLEU, 2s. 6d.
 VOIE LACTÉE, 3s. 6d.
 ZENOBIÉ, 5s.

BEGONIA BEDDOMEI (ASSAMICA).

A neat-growing species, introduced from Assam. It has short fleshy stems, short pale green softly hairy leaf-stalks, and oblique ovate olive-green leaves, marbled with silvery blotches above, and of a pale purplish pink beneath. The flowers are of a pinkish flesh-colour. 3s. 6d.

BEGONIA GLOIRE DE SCEAUX.

A new hybrid winter-flowering bulbous variety, raised between *B. socotrana* and *B. subpetala*. The plant is of compact habit and most prolific, the flowers being well shaped and of a beautiful bright rose colour. The glabrous leaves are cordiform and of a dark metallic green. Flowering as this does from the beginning of January to the end of April, it will be found a very desirable acquisition to our winter-flowering plants. 10s. 6d.

BEGONIA HYBRIDA COCCINEA.

A pretty and desirable hybrid variety, belonging to the winter-flowering section. It is of dwarf compact habit, bearing in the greatest profusion its beautiful bright scarlet flowers, making it admirably adapted for the decoration of greenhouses and conservatories during the dull winter months. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BEGONIA RUBELLA.

A very ornamental Indian species, with stout decumbent stems; the leaves are numerous and freely covered with deflexed red scales on a pallid ground, which gives to them a reddish appearance. The leaf blades are obliquely-ovate, lobate, the margins toothed and fringed with hairs; the upper surface is of a bronzy green with a broad pale green band down the principal costa, and smaller bands of the same along the course of the other main ribs, the whole dotted over with oblong blotches of purplish brown; the under surface is red. 5s.

BEGONIA ALBO-PICTA, *vide* page 13.

BALMISIANA, *vide* page 153.

IMPERIALIS, 3s. 6d.

BEGONIA OLBLA, 3s. 6d.

SCPECTRA, *vide* page 154.

SMARAGDINA, 3s. 6d.

The following are useful flowering species and varieties, and highly effective for decoration; the majority of them are winter-blooming; except those priced, 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

ARGYROSTIGMA ELEGAN-
 TISSIMA
 ASCOTIENSIS
 BARBATA VARIEGATA
 CARRIERI
 DESIDERATA
 DIGSWELLIANA
 HYBRIDA FLORIBUNDA
 INGRAMII
 INSIGNIS
 KNOWSLEYANA

LYNCHEANA (ROEZLII)
 MANICATA
 — AUREO-VARIEGATA,
 3s. 6d.
 MARTIANA GRANDIFLORA,
 7s. 6d.
 MARGARITÆ, 3s. 6d.
 METALLICA
 MOONLIGHT
 NITIDA
 RUBRO-VENIA
 RICHARDSIANA

RICHARDSIANA VASTISSIMA
 SEMPERFLORENS
 — GIGANTEA ROSEA, 3s. 6d.
 — CARMINEA, 3s. 6d.
 — ROSEA
 ROEZLII
 SAUNDERSIANA
 SOCOTRANA, 5s.
 SUTHERLANDI
 VALIDA
 WELTONIENSIS.

NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS OF 1884.

JAPANESE.

ANNA DÉLAUX, brilliant orange-crimson, shaded with velvety brown, each petal bordered with deep golden yellow; a very attractive flower.
 AURORE BORÉALE, bright orange-salmon, florets twisted and curled, golden centre; a novel colour and remarkable variety.
 BEAUTÉ DES JARDINS, very fine full flowers, petals amaranth shaded with violet; a most brilliant colour and very distinct.
 BELLE ALLIANCE, very large fine flower with long red quilled florets, shaded with chamois, golden centre.
 BRISE DU MATIN, flowers very double, large spiral rosy mauve reflexed florets, light centre, very distinct and beautiful.

- COLIBRI**, deep rich crimson, shaded with velvety brown, golden centre; a distinct and beautiful novelty.
- EMBLÈME**, florets curled and twisted, dark velvety crimson streaked with dark yellow; fine full flower, very distinct and beautiful.
- FERNAND FERAL**, very large rose florets, shaded with mauve and saffron; very novel and distinct; large flower.
- FLEUR DES BOIS**, a well-formed blood-red flower, centre shaded with gold.
- FRIZOU**, flower beautiful canary-yellow, very long petals twisted and curled.
- L'OR DE FRANCE**, large golden-yellow flowers marked and flamed with red; very fine.
- MADAME DE SEVIN**, very fine double flowers with long spiral petals of a rosy lilac, large white centre; very distinct.
- MADemoiselle ANTOINETTE BRUNEL**, long quilled rosy-lilac florets, the upper part being flat and of a beautiful rosy crimson; very distinct.
- MIGNON**, soft rose, shaded with violet, incurved centre silvery white.
- M. COCHET**, long silvery white florets, shaded with soft rose; very fine.
- M. COMTE**, brilliant amaranth-red, shaded with violet; very distinct and beautiful.
- M. JOHN LAING**, immense reddish crimson flower, golden centre; a magnificent variety.
- M. LEON BRUNEL**, dark golden petals quilled at the base, the upper portion being reddish brown, speckled with gold; very distinct.
- SOUVENIR DU CAIRE**, immense flowers, large red florets, shaded with violet-brown, golden-yellow centre; very distinct and showy.
- SOUVENIR DU JAPON**, lilac rose, flower of medium size, florets twisted and curled.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED.

- CARMEN**, large well-formed brilliant crimson flowers, golden-yellow centre; very distinct.
- MADAME FERAL**, immense very double imbricated flower of good shape, florets bright rose, very beautiful.

POMPON, &c.

- DIAMANT**, very double imbricated flower, fiery crimson, golden centre; fine.
- ELISE LAYELLON**, orange-rose, lit up with salmon, centre dark golden yellow.
- ETINCELANT**, reddish crimson, golden centre; well-formed double flower; very pretty.
- GUILLAUME DÉLAUX**, a well-formed fimbriated flower, deep rose; very fine.
- LA DÉSIRÉE**, a very pretty imbricated snow-white flower.
- M. DELEUIL**, pretty imbricated flower, white ground, petals tipped and shaded with rose.
- POMPON ROSE**, lacinated petals, soft rosy lilac, golden centre.

Selections from the above, 18s. per dozen.

NEW SINGLE-FLOWERED VARIETIES.

- ATTRACTION**, soft rosy lilac, quilled petals. 1s. 6d.
- BRUNETTE**, deep reddish chestnut, edged and tipped gold. 1s.
- COACHMAN**, pearly white, the yellow disc having a green centre, dwarf and free. 1s. 6d.
- DR. KELLOCK**, silvery white shaded lilac, with distinct white ring round the centre; very effective. 1s.
- GUS. HARRIS**, rosy lilac colour, with distinct yellow disc; very distinct and free. 1s.
- HENRY IRVING**, beautiful soft rose, clear yellow centre. 1s.
- MAGENTA KING**, intense magenta, deep orange centre. 1s. 6d.
- MISS CANNELL**, pure white, yellow centre; very distinct. 1s.
- MR. TOOLE**, well-formed clear yellow flowers; very free. 1s.
- MRS. KELLOCK**, large rosy lilac flowers, petals quilled at the base. 1s.
- MRS. LANGTRY**, charming silvery blush flowers; very free and effective. 1s.
- YELLOW GEM**, clear golden yellow, bright orange centre. 1s. 6d.

NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS OF 1885.

Price on Application.

JAPANESE.

- | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| BEAUTY OF SWANLEY | L'ADORABLE | M. PAUL FABRE |
| BELLE ÉTOILE | L'AUBE MATINALE | M.M. THIBAUT et KETELEER |
| CHRISTMAS EVE | LA TRAVIATA | M. RAOUX |
| CŒUR FIDÈLE | MADLE. MÉLANIE FABRE | M. VINTOUSKI |
| COQUETTE DE CASTILLE | MAID OF ATHENS | ROB-ROY |
| CULLINGFORDII | MARY SALTER | ROSE CELESTE |
| ENCHANTERESSE | MRS. VANNAMAN | SOUVENIR DE HAARLEM |
| EUGENE MÉZARD | M. A. VILMORIN | TUBIFLORUM |
| JUPITER | M. FREEMAN | WHITE DRAGON |
| LACINIATUM ROSEUM | M. GARNIER | WILLIAM ROBINSON |
| LAKMÉ | M. GHYS | W. L. SCHEFFER |
| | M. J. H. LAING | |

CHINESE OR LARGE FLOWERED.

ÉTOILE FLEURIE
M. VIVIAND MORELPRINCE OF ORANGE
TALFOURD SALTER

HYBRID POMPONS, &c.

BELLE NAVARRAISE
BLACK DOUGLAS
CŒUR-JOIE
EXPOSITION DE CHALONMAID OF KENT
NEATNESS
LA FAVORITEMAGENTA KING
NEW YORK
ORANGE QUILL

SUMMER FLOWERING.

BOUQUET ESTIVAL
ÉTÉ FLEURI
FLEUR D'ÉTÉLA BIEN-AIMÉE
MANDARIN
PETIT MIGNONPOMPONNIUM
ROI DES PRÉCOGES
SURPRISE

SINGLE VARIETIES.

CRUSHED STRAWBERRY
MARY ANDERSON
MISS ROSEMRS. CAPEL
QUEEN OF THE YELLOWS
SIMS REEVESTERRA COTTA
WHITE PERFECTION

NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS OF 1885.

SELECTED IN CHINA AND JAPAN.

Price on application.

JAPANESE.

BICOLOR
DELICATUM
FIMBRIATUM
F. L. HARRISGLORIOSUM
HON. JOHN WELSH
H. WATERER
J. COLLINSJESSICA
LORD BYRON
MINNIE MILLER
MRS. WM. MENCKEPRESIDENT ARTHUR
— GARFIELD
SNOWSTORM
SYRINGA

CHINESE OR LARGE FLOWERED.

DAVID ALLAN
DUCHESS
GOLDEN PRINCEGORGEOUS
J. LOVERING
MOONLIGHTMRS. C. W. WHEELER
MRS. GEO. W. CHILDS
W. K. HARRIS

NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS OF 1885.

FROM AMERICA.

Price on application.

JAPANESE.

AQUIDNECK
DR. WALCOTT
GEORGE WALCOTT
GOLD LACEGLOW
GOLDEN GLORY DE RAYON-
JULIUS CÆSAR
MANHATTANPRESIDENT CLEVELAND
ROSE LACE
WENONAH
WELCOME

CHINESE.

CAMBRIDGE
JOHN THORPEMRS. JAMES R. PITCHER
ROBERT WALCOTTSAMUEL HENSHAW
W. K. WOODCOCK

ANEMONE.

AGNES HAMILTON

CINCINNATI

MERRIMAC

WYOMING

SINGLE VARIETIES.

CASINO
CRIMSON AND GOLD
HELIANTHUSHINSDALE
IMOGEN
MARIGOLD
MRS. A. LE MOULTPURE GOLD
SADIE MARTINOT
THE VIRGIN

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Excepting those priced, all 6d. each, 4s. per dozen, or 28s. per 100.

- AGRÉMENTS DE LA NATURE, golden yellow shaded with reddish brown; very fine.
 ALBERT DE NURIOS, reddish crimson shaded with bright red and violet; an immense flower.
 ALEXANDRE DUFOUR, brilliant violet; flowers very double; dwarf habit. 1s. 6d.
 ALPHONSE XII.; a fine large flower of a rich reddish salmon colour; distinct and showy.
 AMARANTINA CARMINATA, bright amaranth tipped with white; a fine flower.
 ANGELE, rosy lilac twisted petals; a good full flower.
 ANNA DELAUX, *vide* page 155.
 ARLEQUIN, dark crimson tipped and blotched with gold; a very effective variety.
 AURORE BORÉALE, *vide* page 155.
 BEAUTÉ DES JARDINS, *vide* page 155.
 BEAUTÉ DE TOULOUSE, whitish rose; reverse florets silvery white.
 BELLE ALLIANCE, *vide* page 155.
 BELLE GABRIELLE, rosy violet, reverse of florets silvery and tipped with pure white.
 BEND OR, a very fine large flower, with broad florets of a bright sulphur-yellow colour.
 BERTIER RENDATLER, bright canary, the florets darkly tipped; a large showy flower.
 BISMARCK, bright orange shaded with amber.
 BOULE D'ARGENT, purple-amaranth, centre silvery white; a remarkable variety. 1s.
 BOULE D'OR, a fine large yellow flower; the florets tipped with bronze.
 BOUQUET FAIT, rich rose and silvery white, with golden centre; very fine.
 BRISE DU MATIN, *vide* page 155.
 CERES, a magnificent flower of a beautiful blush-pink colour.
 CHINAMAN, long violet-purple florets, marked with a central line of silvery white. 1s.
 COLIBRI, *vide* page 156.
 COMTE DE GERMINY, bright nankeen-yellow, striped with crimson, extremely distinct.
 COMTESSE DE BEAUREGARD, light rose; a beautiful flower.
 DAIJ GAKKO, reddish bronze colour; the reverse of the florets orange.
 DELICATUM, a fine large flower of a pale lilac colour suffused with white. 1s.
 DIAMOND, bronze mixed with orange; a fine large flower.
 DR. AUDIGUIER, rich amaranth-crimson, marbled white; reverse of florets silvery white.
 DR. MASTERS, bright red with yellow centre changing to red, the florets tipped with gold.
 DOLORES, a fine flower with very large florets of a rich dark violet colour.
 DUCHESSE DE GEROLSTEIN, large florets of a pure rose colour, with whitish reflections.
 DUCHESSE OF ALBANY, pure white, sometimes tinged with lilac.
 DUCHESSE OF ALBANY (DELAUX), long bright orange buff petals. 1s. 6d.
 DUCHESSE OF CONNAUGHT, a fine well-formed flower of a beautiful delicate blush colour.
 ELAINE, white, the reverse of the florets slightly tinted with carmine; a very fine large flower.
 ÉLÉGANCE, a very full flower with curled florets, of a dark violet colour; white centre.
 ELISE, delicate lilac, a large double flower with twisted and curled petals. 1s.
 EMBLÈME, *vide* page 156.
 ESPÉRANCE, a large flower with twisted florets of a rosy lilac colour lit up with white.
 ETHEL, pure white; a beautifully formed flower with broad florets; very fine.
 ÉTOILE DU MIDI, a large orange-red flower; the centre florets slightly curled.
 ÉTOILE TOULOUSAINE, a magnificent flower of a dark red colour with yellow centre. 1s.
 FAIR MAID OF GUERNSEY, pure white; a fine large flower.
 FÉE RAGEUSE, white shaded with lavender; very large fine flower.
 FERNAND FÉRAL, *vide* page 156.
 FLAMBEAU, rich orange-crimson; the reverse of the florets golden yellow.
 FLEUR DES BOIS, *vide* page 156.
 FRANÇOIS DELAUX, rich and brilliant reddish crimson, with yellow centre. 1s.
 FRIZOU, *vide* page 156.
 FULGARE, a large full flower, with long twisted florets of a rosy purple colour.
 FULTON, a large and fine flower, with long twisted florets of a clear bright yellow colour.
 GENERAL LARTIQUE, a large flower with drooping florets of a brilliant flame colour; golden yellow on the reverse side.
 GLOIRE DE TOULOUSE, rich amaranth-crimson; a very fine flower.
 GLOIRE RAYONNANTE, quilled florets of a clear satiny-rosy colour, with slight lilac shade.
 GOLD THREAD, a distinct variety with narrow florets of a golden bronze colour.
 GRANDIFLORUM, a fine large tasselled flower of a golden yellow colour.
 GUILLAUME DELAUX, rich orange-red; golden yellow on the reverse side.
 HELVETIE, carmine-amaranth; a fine flower. 1s.
 HIVER FLEURI, cream colour, tinted with rosy violet, centre of the flower buff-yellow.
 HOFGAERTNER LEBL, curled and twisted florets of a magenta-rose colour, striped white. 1s.
 ILE JAPONAISE, brilliant rosy violet; the reverse of the florets gold colour.
 ILLUSTRATION, a fine large flower of a shaded golden yellow colour.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

- ISODORE FERAL, a very fine delicate rosy lilac flower, golden centre; very beautiful. 1s. 6d.
 JAMES SALTER, clear lilac or mauve, shaded towards the centre; flower-heads very double.
 JANE SALTER, white, bordered and striped with rosy lilac; long broad curled florets.
 JAPON FLEURI, a very double flower; shaded velvety black, marked with flame colour and lightly streaked with gold; golden centre. 1s. 6d.
 J. DELAUX, dark crimson, reverse of petals gold, a fine full flower.
 KEMPFFER, bronzy yellow and red; a distinct variety producing fine large flowers. 1s.
 KATAKANA, brilliant orange, shaded saffron, and striped yellow; reverse of florets yellow.
 L'AFRICAIN, deep crimson, tipped with gold.
 LA BIENVENUE, long curled drooping florets of a rich amaranth colour, spotted with violet.
 LA CHARMEUSE, very large flowers of a rich bright amaranth colour.
 LADY SELBORNE, a magnificent variety, producing fine large white flowers.
 LA FRANCE, crimson-bronze lit up with flame colour and speckled with gold.
 LA FRISURE, curled florets of a soft rose colour, marked with white; under side of a silvery shadow.
 LA NYMPHE, a very pretty flower of a delicate peach colour shaded with white.
 LA PURETÉ, an immense flower with long quilled curled florets of a very pure white. 1s.
 LAURENCE, soft rose, with silvery reflections and violet-rose markings; golden centre. 1s.
 LE CHINOIS, long violet purple florets, marked with a central line of silvery white. 1s.
 LE NÈGRE, blackish maroon, tipped with fiery red; very fine.
 L'INCOMPARABLE, reddish brown spiral petals, shaded crimson. 1s.
 L'OR DE FRANCE, *vide* page 156.
 LORD BEACONSFIELD, salmon-red, shaded with amber-yellow; a fine globular flower.
 MADAME BERTIER RENDATLER, nankeen, shaded with rose; quite a novel colour.
 MADAME CLEMENCE AUDIGEUR, broad florets of a soft rosy lilac colour shaded, with mauve.
 MADAME DE REYDELLET, long twisted florets; colour, bright rose and white. 1s.
 MADAME DE SEVIN, *vide* page 156.
 MADAME DEVEILLE, creamy white, beautifully tinted and striped with rosy violet, broad petals; very fine.
 MADAME EMILE DUFOUR, rosy mauve with light back, a fine flower; very effective.
 MADEMOISELLE ANNA DELAUX, a fine large white flower, shaded with rosy violet.
 MADEMOISELLE ANTOINETTE BRUNEL, *vide* page 156.
 MADEMOISELLE AUGUSTINE GAUTHEUT, rose, brightened with gold and edged white, very long petals; extra fine. 1s.
 MADEMOISELLE LACROIX, a beautiful white variety. 1s. 6d.
 MADEMOISELLE LOUISE DE REYDELLET, an immense flower, with very long florets of a beautiful reddish amaranth colour, tipped with gold in the centre; very fine. 2s. 6d.
 MADEMOISELLE LOUISE SABATIE, a very large full flower, with long florets of a fresh rosy violet colour, shaded white; reverse of florets silvery.
 MADEMOISELLE TOULOUSE, fresh rose colour, with yellowish white centre.
 MAGNUM BONUM, rosy lilac, with lighter back; composed of broad flat fringed florets.
 MARGOT, rosy chamois, large full flower; very fine.
 MARQUIS OF LORNE, reddish carmine; reverse of florets nankeen yellow; large flower.
 MARY MAJOR, a very beautiful white flower of large size and globular form.
 MASTIC, light ochre coloured florets, large flower, very distinct and remarkable.
 MIGNON, *vide* page 156.
 M. ASTORG, fine large double silvery white flower, centre rosy violet; very pretty. 1s. 6d.
 M. BLANC, purple-amaranth, silver centre.
 M. BOYER, very long twisted petals, lilac-rose; an immense flower. 1s.
 M. BRUNET, a very large flower, with long florets of a lilac colour, tipped with white.
 M. CASTEL, rich bright crimson colour, the reverse of the florets golden yellow.
 M. CHARLES HUBERT, an enormous flower, with florets of a canary-yellow colour.
 M. COCHET, *vide* page 156.
 M. COMTE, *vide* page 156.
 M. CROUSSE, crimson, central florets incurved, and of a golden yellow colour.
 M. DELAUX, rich reddish crimson colour; golden yellow colour on the under side.
 M. DEVEILLÉ, dark brownish crimson, centre petals twisted, showing reverse of light gold. 1s.
 M. EUGENE POURQUIÉ, reddish salmon colour with golden shading; extremely attractive.
 M. HENRI JACOTOT, brilliant crimson, edged scarlet, and tipped with bright gold.
 M. H. FLAUVANT, emerald, spotted with pure white; reverse of florets white. 1s. 6d.
 M. JOHN LAING, *vide* page 156.
 M. JUAN CRUZ DE EGUILLEOR, long recurved florets of a bright reddish crimson colour.
 M. LEMOINE, reddish crimson tipped yellow; golden centre, reverse of florets buff-yellow.
 M. LEON BRUNEL, *vide* page 156.
 M. P. WOLKENSTEIN, long curled florets of a bright rose colour, flaked with white. 1s.
 M. RICHARD LARIOS, rich dark rose and brilliant violet colour, tipped with pure white.
 M. ROUX, dark reddish crimson, marked with white in the centre; a superb variety.
 NUIT D'AUTOMNE, a fine incurved flower of a fiery crimson-amaranth colour.
 NUIT D'HIVER, saffron bronze, tinted with brown and tipped with golden yellow; dwarf and free.
 PARASOL, a large incurved flower of a golden buff colour, shaded with rich salmon.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

- PÈRE DÉLAUX, an immenso flower of a rich velvety reddish brown colour.
 PETER THE GREAT, fine large flowers of a lemon-yellow colour; very free.
 PETIT NORBERT, carmine-rose, shaded silver; the florets bordered with pure nankeen-yellow; reverse golden-yellow; a well-formed flower.
 PLUIE D'OR, a well-formed full flower, with large florets of a beautiful jonquil-yellow colour.
 RED DRAGON, red-chestnut, tipped with yellow, and sometimes spotted with gold.
 REINE DES BEAUTÉS, brilliant crimson; the reverse of the florets golden yellow; very fine.
 REX RUBRORUM, deep red, shaded with crimson; reverse of petals pale nankeen.
 ROSA BONHEUR, immense flowers of a rich deep violet colour, shaded with carmine.
 ROSEUM SUPERBUM, lilac rose; tipped buff, a fine flower.
 ROSE SUPREME, delicate rose, slightly tinted with lilac in the centre.
 R. T. BIGGS, a very fine large showy flower of a rich crimson colour.
 RUBRUM STRIATUM, light golden-yellow striped and flaked with violet and reddish crimson.
 SARNIA, white, with a beautiful stripe down each floret; very novel and distinct.
 SIMON DELAUX, rich reddish crimson petals; a very handsome flower. 1s.
 SOLEIL LEVANT, an immense flower, of a clear pale yellow colour.
 SOURCE D'OR, a large full flower; orange, shaded with gold, suffused with red.
 SOURCE JAPONAISE, a very large flower with broad florets of a rich carmine-violet colour.
 SOUVENIR D'AMSTERDAM, large very rich violet-crimson flower; very distinct. 1s.
 SOUVENIR DE REINE MARIE, beautiful rosy violet, with silvery reflections; very pretty.
 SOUVENIR DU CAIRE, *vide* page 156.
 SOUVENIR DU JAPON, *vide* page 156.
 STRIATUM PERFECTUM, white, beautifully striped, and flaked with violet-rose.
 TENDRESSE, a large and very full flower of a soft chamois colour, bordered with rose.
 THE COSSACK, maroon and yellow; a showy and attractive flower.
 THUNBERG, a fine large flower of a soft primrose-yellow colour; very attractive.
 TISIPHONE, bright orange-red, reverse of the florets golden-yellow. 1s.
 TOKIO, rich deep bright crimson; a magnificent colour; reverse of florets gold colour.
 TRICOLOUR, rosy lilac, with whitish reflections, central florets dark crimson.
 TRIOMPHE DE LA RUE DU CHATELET, colour salmon, shaded rose, with golden centre.
 TRIOMPHE DE SAINT MARTIN, an enormous flower; colour silvery white shaded with violet-rose; golden centre bordered with rosy carmine; unique and attractive.
 VENUS, violet, the reverse of florets silvery white; blooms very full and double.
 VILLE D'HYÈRES, a fine flower; yellow, striped with brown.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Excepting those priced, all 6d. each, 4s. per dozen or 28s. per 100.

- ABBÉ PASSAGLIA, brassy amber, broad incurved florets; a beautiful show flower.
 AIMEE FERRIERE, silver white, beautifully tipped with rose pink, incurved and very fine.
 ALFONSO, a very large fine flower of a bright glowing crimson colour tipped with gold.
 ALFRED SALTER, delicate pink; a very large, fine and beautifully incurved flower.
 ARIADNE, cream and rose, a very pleasing colour; large and fine for specimens.
 AUREUM MULTIFLORUM, bright pure yellow, incurved, of medium size, dwarf and fine.
 BARBARA, an exceedingly fine variety, of a very rich and bright golden-yellow colour.
 BARON BEUST, red chestnut, with gold tips; florets smooth and finely incurved.
 BEAUTY, peach blush; a beautiful flower.
 BEETHOVEN, bronzed red, with slight golden tips; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved.
 BEVERLEY, large ivory white broad incurved florets of exquisite form; a splendid show flower.
 BOULE DE NEIGE, a splendid white flower of large size and good form. 1s.
 BRONZE JARDIN DES PLANTES, bronzed orange, with yellow centre; a very fine flower.
 CARMEN, *vide* page 156.
 CHERUB, golden amber, with rosy tint; a large and finely incurved flower.
 CHEVALIER DOMAGE, bright gold, a splendid colour.
 CLEOPATRA, blush, with rosy shade, beautifully incurved.
 DAPHNE, sulphur, incurved; a fine pot plant.
 DIANE, very pure white; a fine flower of excellent shape. 1s.
 DIDO, sulphur white, with stiff incurved florets, very double; dwarf compact habit and very fine.
 DR. LINDLEY, a large flower, dark orange, with amber centre; broad incurved florets.
 DR. ROZAS, rose-crimson, incurved and very fine.
 DR. SHARPE, a very fine flower of crimson-magenta colour.
 DUKE OF EDINBURGH, rose-lilac, with lighter centre, very large and finely incurved.
 EMBLEM, a fine large flower of a light rosy purple colour; very showy and effective.
 EMPRESS OF INDIA, ivory white, finely incurved.
 E. SANDERSON, a very fine flower of a bronzy red colour; show and attractive.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

- EVE, sulphur-yellow ; a delicate flower.
- EXQUISITE, bright golden yellow, the outer petals shaded orange and reflected salmon.
- FAUST, bronzo-crimson-purple, incurved and very full, extra fine dwarf habit and foliage.
- FINGAL, rose-violet with lighter back, double and symmetrical, florets wide and finely incurved.
- GARIBALDI, red-chestnut, very large attractive flower heads.
- GAZELLE, bright crimson tipped with yellow ; an exceedingly attractive variety, of dwarf growth.
- GEORGE PEABODY, pearl white, back of florets dark lilac-purple, beautifully incurved.
- GEORGE STEVENS, crimson chocolate, reverse of the petals gold.
- GLOBE WHITE (WHITE GLOBE), incurved and fine.
- GLORIA MUNDI, brilliant golden yellow, beautifully incurved, fine dwarf habit and very free.
- GOLDEN BEVERLEY, golden canary colour ; a beautifully incurved show flower.
- GOLDEN CHRISTINE, golden buff, large and fine for specimens.
- GOLDEN EMPRESS OF INDIA, a fine incurved flower, of a beautiful golden yellow colour.
- GOLDEN GEORGE GLENNY, fine rich golden yellow flower ; very attractive.
- GOLDEN JOHN SALTER, golden yellow changing to amber ; a very fine flower.
- GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND, golden canary ; very large and fine.
- GOLDEN TRILBY, clear yellow ; a finely incurved flower.
- HERCULES, large red-carmine, incurved ; this, when well grown, is the largest variety known.
- HERO OF STOKES NEWINGTON, rosy blush, shaded with purple.
- IONA, bright citron-yellow, beautifully incurved, high centre, and a model of form.
- JARDIN DES PLANTES, bright golden orange, a splendid colour ; flowers finely incurved.
- JEANNE D'ARC, a magnificent finely incurved flower, white, beautifully tinted with rosy purple ; very robust and free. 1s.
- JOHN SALTER, reddish crimson, shading off to orange in the centre ; a fine incurved flower.
- JULIE LAGRAVERE, dark velvety crimson ; an extremely attractive flower.
- KING OF DENMARK, bright rosy lilac ; incurved and fine.
- LA CANDEUR, very fine large white globular flower ; one of the best. 1s.
- LADY HARDINGE, delicate rosy pink, tipped with blush, large and finely incurved.
- LADY SLADE, delicate lilac-pink, with blush centre ; beautifully incurved.
- LADY TALFOURD, delicate rose lilac with silvery back, florets beautifully incurved.
- LEDA, large white ; a fine late-flowering variety.
- LE GRAND, delicate rosy peach, shading to fawn, the florets next the centre faintly striped.
- L'EMIR, light crimson, incurved and fine.
- LORD DERBY, very dark purple, florets broad and finely incurved ; a splendid variety.
- LORD PALMERSTON, rose-amaranth, tipped silvery blush, incurved, distinct and fine.
- LORD STANLEY, orange-amber ; a large and finely incurved flower.
- LORD WOLSELEY, a splendid incurved flower of a rich bronzy crimson hue ; of fine form.
- LUNA, golden yellow, with small brown tips, incurved ; a fine show flower.
- MABEL WARD, a fine incurved golden yellow flower.
- MADAME CHATÉ, a very large flower, white striped with lilac ; cream-coloured centre.
- MADAME FERAL, *vide* page 156
- MADAME PAGES, creamy white ; yellowish towards the centre of the flower ; very pretty. 1s.
- MARÉCHAL DUROC, fine rose and lilac, incurved.
- MONARCH, dark Indian red ; back of the florets golden yellow ; a magnificent show flower.
- MOUNT EDGUMBE, transparent sulphur-white, delicately tinted with rose ; a very large flower.
- MOUNT ETNA, a fine flower of a chestnut-red colour.
- M. DUARTE OLIVEIRA JUNIOR, orange-yellow, striped and maculated with carmine. 1s. 6d.
- MR. BRUNLEES, Indian red, with tips incurved ; a fine showy flower.
- MR. BUNN, a fine flower, with broad florets of a bright golden orange colour.
- MR. COBAY, a splendid flower of a ruby-red colour ; fine for specimens and cut blooms.
- MR. GEORGE GLENNY, a very fine large flower of a bright amber or straw colour.
- MR. JAMES LAING, a very fine flower, of a bright yellow colour slightly suffused at the base.
- MR. W. H. MORGAN, a very fine large flower of a bright yellow colour. •
- MRS. G. RUNDLE, white, beautifully incurved.
- MRS. HALIBURTON, sulphur-white ; a fine incurved flower.
- MRS. HEALE, pure white ; flowers of exquisite form.
- MRS. HUFFINGTON, white, tipped with purple.
- MRS. J. CROSSFIELD, a pink sport from *White Globe*. 1s.
- MRS. W. SHIPMAN, an incurved large flower, of a beautiful fawn shade ; fine and distinct.
- MULBERRY, dark mulberry, not large, but incurved ; fine and very distinct.
- NIL DESPERANDUM, dark red and orange ; a fine showy flower.
- NOVELTY, large blush, beautifully incurved, but requires good cultivation.
- ONDINE, cream colour, tipped with rose-lilac ; lighter centre, fine incurved form.
- ORANGE ANNIE SALTER, bright orange ; well adapted for specimens or the conservatory.
- OSSIAN, large rose, incurved, very double and free ; an attractive conservatory plant.
- PATRIE, a very fine flower with large florets of a clear rose colour. 1s.
- PINK PERFECTION, soft pink, the lower florets tinted with a darker shade ; of exquisite form.
- PRINCE ALFRED, a very large and fine flower of a rosy crimson colour.
- PRINCE OF WALES, dark purple-violet, with lighter shade, beautifully incurved.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE, a splendid show flower, of a beautiful lively tint of rosy pink.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—continued.

- PRINCESS IMPERIAL, a fine primrose coloured sport from *Empress of India*. 9d.
 PRINCESS OF TECK, pure white; a fine large incurved flower.
 PRINCESS OF WALES, pearly white; a very fine flower.
 PROGNE, amaranth; a very brilliant colour; the flowers have the odour of violets.
 PURPUREUM ELEGANS, rich purple-violet or crimson, with half-incurved florets; medium size.
 QUEEN OF ENGLAND, blush, of good form.
 REFULGENS, a fine flower of good form; colour a deep claret-crimson; very attractive.
 REINE DES BLANCHES, soft rosy blush, a large and beautiful flower; very free. 1s.
 RIFLEMAN, dark ruby, beautifully incurved, fine for cut blooms or specimens.
 RIVAL LITTLE HARRY, dark yellow or golden amber, very double and finely incurved.
 ROTUNDFLORUM, pearl white, changing to pale lilac as the flower-heads expand.
 ROYAL PURPLE, bright purple, centre petals tipped with yellow. 1s. 6d.
 SIR BEAUCHAMP SEYMOUR, broad bronzy red petals; very fine. 1s.
 SIR STAFFORD CAREY, dark chestnut, tipped with gold.
 SULPHUREUM SUPERBUM, clear sulphur-yellow, very double and fine for specimens.
 THE REV. C. BOYS, bright shining crimson, faintly shaded at tip of florets, which are very broad.
 VILLE DE TOULOUSE, violet-amaranth, reverse of florets silvery white. 1s. 6d.
 VIOLET UNIQUE, a beautifully formed flower of a dark carmine-violet colour; very fine.
 WHITE EYE, pure white, of exquisite form and wax-like appearance.
 WHITE GLOBE, *vide* GLOBE WHITE
 WHITE VENUS, pure white; a finely incurved flower.
 ZEPHYR, salmon-red and yellow, incurved and fine.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED.

Excepting those priced, all 6d. each, 4s. per dozen, or 28s. per 100.

- ACQUISITION, bright rose-lilac and yellow disc; guard florets broad; centre high and round.
 ATARGUILLE, white with yellow centre; a very fine large flower.
 BIJOU, bright rosy purple; guard florets broad and stiff, disc high and finely formed.
 FABIEN DE MADERANAZ, pure white flower, long quilled florets, splendid variety. 1s.
 FAIR MARGARET, delicate rose-pink, a distinct and pleasing colour.
 FINETTE, delicate lilac-peach with lighter centre; guard florets broad and well arranged.
 FLEURE DE MARIE, a splendid large white flower.
 GEORGES SAND, red with gold centre; a very attractive variety.
 GLUCK, golden yellow; a very fine flower.
 LADY MARGARET, large white anemone, with double row of guard florets.
 MADAME CLOS, a large rosy violet flower with whitish reflections; yellow centre. 1s. 6d.
 MADAME THERESE CLOS, white, with very slight rose tint, a very large flower. 9d.
 MADEMOISELLE CABROL, a fine full flower of immense size; silvery white with rose centre.
 M. CHATÉ, a beautifully formed flower; outer florets rosy peach; centre white, tipped rose.
 MISS EYRE, blush with yellow centre, medium size, dwarf size, and very free.
 MRS. PETHERS, rosy lilac; a beautiful flower.
 PRINCE OF ANEMONES, large lilac-blush, with fine high centre.
 PRINCESS LOUISE, delicate rosy lilac, with a full high centre; very fine.
 PRINCESS MARGUERITE, lilac-pink, with lighter centre.
 VIRGINALE, pure white; a very dwarf late-flowering variety.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID.

Excepting those priced, all 6d. each, 4s. per dozen, or 28s. per 100.

- ADELE PRISSETTE, rosy lilac; a prettily fringed flower.
 AIGLE D'OR, hybrid, splendid canary-yellow.
 AMPHILLA, a most useful and effective variety, flowers of a bright glowing red colour.
 ANAIS, rosy lilac, golden centre, florets fimbriated and tipped with gold, very pretty. 1s.
 ANNETTE, silvery lilac, tipped with purple; creamy white towards the centre of the flower.
 ARIOSTO, a prettily fringed flower of an amaranth-crimson colour, shaded with yellow; very dwarf.
 AURORE, very fine bright orange coloured flowers of perfect form.
 BERROL, golden yellow; extra fine for specimen plants.
 BOLIDE, a very full and regularly formed imbricated flower of a golden yellow colour.
 BRUNETTE, amber-yellow shaded with reddish brown; a well-formed flower. 1s.
 CARMINATUM ALBUM, dark carmine fimbriated flower edged with white and tipped with gold. 1s.
 CENDRILON, a full double flower of a rosy lilac colour, the reverse of the florets white.
 CHAMPS ELYSÉES, an attractive flower of a rich violet-amaranth colour; extra fine.
 CRIMSON PERFECTION, a desirable and effective variety, with beautiful bright crimson flowers.
 DANAË, bright gold, very dwarf; an abundant bloomer, and fine for specimens.
 DIAMANT, *vide* pago 156

CHRYSANthemUMS—POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID—continued.

- ELEGANT, fimbriated flower, orange-red. 1s.
 ELISE LAYEILLON, *vide* page 156
 ERNEST BENARY, a full well-formed flower, white, tinted with rose; very dwarf and free.
 ETINCELANT, *vide* page 156
 FABIOLA, a dwarf-habited variety, freely producing pretty lilac flowers with broad florets.
 FRÉMY, a beautiful flower with lacinated florets of a rich orange colour tipped with gold.
 GÉNÉRAL CANROBERT, pure yellow; very fine for specimens.
 GERBE D'OR, a well-formed flower of a beautiful jonquil yellow colour; very fine.
 GERMAINE CLERMONT, rich violet-rose with silvery reflections; base of florets pure white.
 GOLDEN MADEMOISELLE MARTHE, a very fine bright yellow flower.
 GUILLAUME DÉLAUX, *vide* page 156
 HECLA, an attractive variety, producing flowers of a very bright amaranth colour.
 IRIS, white, tipped with bright pink, double, and of fine form.
 JASON, bright clear amaranth; a beautifully formed medium-sized hybrid flower.
 JERSEY GEM, golden yellow florets, prettily lacinated, and lightly tipped with crimson.
 JULIA ENGLEBACK, yellow and brown points; very distinct and fine.
 LACINIATUM SUPERBUM, soft violet-rose; florets regularly tipped with gold. 1s.
 LA DESIRÉE, *vide* page 156
 LA RENONCULE, rosy carmine, tipped with gold; a fine flower.
 LA VIERGE, fine large white flowers; very dwarf-growing variety.
 LOUIS DE MORVAY, lilac-rose, fimbriated florets, with silvery white reflections.
 LUCIEN CABOCHE, light rose-pink; new colour and fine.
 LUCRECE, a finely formed fimbriated flower of a brilliant orange colour, shaded with reddish brown.
 MADAME DE VATRY, rose, lilac, and white.
 MADAME EUGENE DOMAGE, pure white; very fine.
 MADAME RIEUX, lacinated florets of a soft rosy peach colour, changing to creamy white.
 MADLLE. DARNAUD, violet-rose; petals tipped with gold. 1s. 6d.
 MADLLE. ELISA LAYEILLON, a pretty little fimbriated flower with pure white centre, bordered with rosy carmine; the florets lightly tipped with gold passing to white.
 MADLLE. MARTHE, pure white, good well-formed flowers; a useful variety.
 MADLLE. MATHILDE RAYNAUD, rosy carmine lacinated florets, tipped with white, golden centre, very fine. 1s.
 MADLLE. POURQUIÉ, lilac shaded carmine, the florets bordered with white.
 MARABOUT, a beautifully fringed white flower.
 MARGUERITE VINCENT, a beautiful variety, producing fine flowers of a chestnut red colour.
 MARIE CROZAT, rich crimson-purple, with light tips to the florets; flowers of very fine form.
 M. BONAMY AINÉ, clear amaranth; silvery white on the reverse side.
 M. DELEUIL, *vide* page 156
 M. FELIX SEIGNOR, golden yellow, completely flamed and shaded with rich red.
 M. HOSTE, pure snowy white, finely-formed flowers; excellent for bouquets.
 M. JOSÉ MARQUES LOUREIRO, reddish orange, flaked and tipped with golden yellow.
 M. LUQUET, bright amaranth-purple, very free. 1s.
 M. ULRICH, a very fine full flower, of a reddish amaranth colour, tipped with white.
 MUSTAPHA, dark brown-crimson; very free.
 OLIVAR, a fine hybrid, extremely dwarf and floriferous; light brown flowers of excellent form.
 ORNATUM, a well-formed imbricated flower of an orange-red colour shaded with gold.
 PABLO, fine flowers, full and beautifully fringed; rose colour, slightly tinged with purple.
 PERFECTION, reddish brown tipped with yellow, very pretty. 1s.
 POLYCARP, medium-sized flowers of a light rosy peach colour; prettily fringed.
 POMPON ROSE, *vide* page 156
 PRESIDENT DECAISNE, rosy carmine; a fine violet-scented flower.
 PRINCE VICTOR, dark red-maroon, double and fine.
 PRINCESS MATHILDE, violet-rose, shaded with purple; imbricated flowers of good form.
 PROSERPINE, a very dwarf variety, producing flowers of a bright yellow colour.
 RAJAH, a floriferous variety of dwarf habit, producing medium-sized bright rose flowers.
 ROSE D'AMOUR, clear rose, full size, very fine and free, and of dwarf habit.
 ROSE DE LA CASTILE, rose shaded with carmine; base of florets white; centre pure white.
 ROSE TREVENNA, rosy blush, extra fine.
 ROSINA, a pretty flower, of a beautiful pink colour, with the back of the florets bright carmine.
 SAINT JUSTIA, red and orange, fine.
 SAINT MICHAEL, very bright gold, equal in colour to *Jardin des Plantes*, dwarf habit.
 SALAMON, dark rose-carmine, very free and fine.
 SANGUINEUM, rich dark reddish crimson with citron coloured centre; very pretty.
 SNOWDROP, white; a useful and free-flowering variety.
 SŒUR MÉLANIE, pure white; a most abundant bloomer.
 SOIRÉE D'ÉTÉ, white marked with bright rosy red; golden centre; very pretty.
 TOUSSAINT MAURISOT, quilled fimbriated florets; rosy lilac with silvery white reflections.
 VARIEGATUM, light magenta colour, the florets tipped and margined with white.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED POMPON.

Excepting those priced, all 6d. each, 4s. per dozen, or 28s. per 100.

- AGATHA, flowers full and double, of a blush pink colour, tipped with gold; a dwarf variety.
 CALLIOPE, bright ruby-red, with full high centre, very fine.
 DICK TURPIN, guards petals bright magenta, centre deep orange.
 EUGÈNE LAUJAUET, hybrid, yellow, with orange centre, fine.
 FIREFLY, bright capucin-scarlet, with high centre, a very distinct and striking colour.
 GOLDEN CEDO NULLI, dwarf and fine.
 GRACE DARLING, fine lilac, with blush centre.
 LILAC CEDO NULLI, rosy lilac, fine for specimens.
 MADAME MONTELS, hybrid, white, with yellow centre, very distinct and beautiful.
 MARIE STUART, lilac-blush, with high sulphur centre, very fine.
 MISS NIGHTINGALE, blush, with white centre, very full and fine.
 MR. ASTIE, golden yellow, dwarf and splendid form.
 MRS. WYNNESS, rose-lilac, high centre, free and fine.
 SIDONIE, lilac, with high blush centre, full sized.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—SUMMER-FLOWERING.

These Varieties bloom during the months of June, July, August, September and October.

Excepting those priced, all 6d. each, 4s. per dozen, or 28s. per 100.

- ANASTASIO, a pretty pink flower with magenta shade.
 AUREOLE, light crimson; the central florets tipped with lemon.
 CASSY, a light flower, tipped with lilac.
 CLAIRE ALOZIO, clear yellow.
 CURIOSITY, white shaded with lilac.
 DELPHINE CABOCHE, a beautiful flower of a rich violet colour. 1s.
 EARLY FLORA, very bright yellow, very fine. 1s. 6d.
 ELDERADO, a beautiful yellow flower.
 FIBERTA, bright-lemon yellow; a full and beautiful flower. 2s. 6d.
 FREDERIC MARRONET, orange-yellow; good habit.
 FREDERICK PELÉ, rich crimson edged with gold; a very fine showy flower.
 HÉLOISE MIELLEZ, pure white; a very fine flower.
 HENDERSONI, yellow; a very early variety.
 HIPPOLYTE JAMAIN, very dwarf; fine pinkish-coloured flower. 1s.
 INIMITABLE, a fine flower of a bright amber-yellow colour.
 LA PETITE MARIE, pure white; habit very dwarf and free. 1s.
 LAVALLEE, a large pure white flower. 1s.
 LE LUXEMBOURG, yellow; an attractive flower.
 LUCINDA, rosy lilac and blush, full and fine.
 LYON, rich rosy purple; a splendid flower.
 MADAME C. DESGRANGE, medium-size white flowers of Japanese character; very effective.
 MADAME DUFOY, pure white; a very fine flower.
 MADAME JOLIVART, a large well-formed white flower; a profuse bloomer.
 MADAME PICOUL, rosy purple; a very fine flower.
 MADELINE DAVIS, the earliest of all yellow kinds; dwarf and free. 1s. 6d.
 MR. W. PIERCY, rich deep reddish crimson; a splendid variety.
 M. DUFOY, pinkish lilac, a fine flower.
 NANUM, a very free-blooming variety of dwarf habit, producing beautiful blush-white flowers.
 ORANGE YELLOW, very robust. 1s.
 PERPÉTUEL TOULOUSAIN, brick red.
 PRÉCOCITÉ, a remarkable free-flowering variety, producing pretty light yellow flowers.
 ST. CROUTS, rosy lilac with white reflections.
 ST. MARY, snow-white flowers of good shape; dwarf habit and very free.
 SALTER'S EARLY BLUSH, an early and charming blush variety. 1s. 6d.
 SCARLET GEM, fine bright reddish crimson; a variety of very dwarf habit.
 SOUVENIR, rich purple, very dwarf and early.
 SOUVENIR DE M. RAMPONT, rich reddish brown; a dwarf and free-blooming variety.
 VIRGINIA, pure white; a well-formed flower.
 WHITE ST. CROUTS, pure white; free bloomer and very early. 1s.
 ZENOBIE, yellow, very floriferous and desirable.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.

For new Varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 15.

Those marked () are double-flowered varieties.*

- ***ADAIR**, short tube and well reflexed sepals of a bright crimson colour; short, double, bluish purple corolla, occasionally flaked with rose at the base. 7s. 6d.
- ADDISON**, tube and sepals bright crimson; the sepals very broad and horizontally reflexed; fine large corolla of a rich deep purple colour striped and flaked with rose. 2s. 6d.
- ADINE**, white tube and sepals, completely reflexed, rosy magenta corolla. 1s.
- ***ADMIRAL COURBET**, tube and sepals dark red, immense double corolla of a very dark violet colour. 5s.
- ***ALPHONSE DAUDET**, bright red recurved sepals and bluish violet corolla. 1s.
- AMADEO**, bright rosy pink tube and sepals; tube very short; bright bluish corolla. 1s. 6d.
- AMBROSIA**, bright crimson tube and broad sepals; fine large rich purplish plum corolla, marked with rosy crimson at the base. 1s. 6d.
- ***ANITA**, rosy crimson tube and sepals, the latter being well reflexed; large double corolla of a rich plum colour. 3s. 6d.
- ***ARAB**, vide page 15
- ARLEQUIN**, tube and sepals reddish scarlet, corolla rosy carmine, bordered with violet flaked and marked with rose and violet. 1s.
- ARIA**, tube and sepals rosy crimson; corolla of a deep rich purple colour. 2s. 6d.
- ***ARPA**, tube and sepals bright carmine; the sepals broad and horizontally reflexed; large double corolla of a violet-red colour. 2s. 6d.
- ***AUGUSTE FLAMENG**, large reflexed rosy carmine sepals, large and compact double dark lilac corolla; of good habit. 1s.
- ***AVOCA**, short tube and sepals, completely reflexed and of a bright rosy crimson colour; double rich bluish purple corolla. 3s. 6d.
- ***AZUREA SUPERBA**, tube and recurved sepals of a bright reddish coral colour; enormous double azure-violet corolla. 1s.
- BEAUTY OF CLYFFE HALL**, a very fine large flower; tube and sepals bluish white; corolla rich carmine-pink. 1s.
- BLUE KING**, bright crimson tube, well-reflexed sepals, and fine blue corolla. 1s.
- BULRUSH**, light crimson tube and sepals; tube long, and sepals horizontally reflexed; light rosy purple corolla. 1s. 6d.
- CAMILLE FLAMMARION**, a large flower; with reflexed sepals of a rosy red colour, and well-formed reddish violet corolla. 1s.
- ***CIELD'AZUR**, short tube and well reflexed bright red sepals, very large sky-blue double corolla, flaked with rosy carmine. 3s. 6d.
- CISSIE**, bright crimson tube and sepals, the latter prettily recurved; fine full corolla of a rich dark purple colour. 1s. 6d.
- ***CLARINDA**, huge double white corolla, short tube and broad sepals, dark crimson. 1s. 6d.
- COLBERT**, tube and sepals orange rose; corolla dark azure, shaded rose; very floriferous. 7s. 6d.
- COLOSSUS**, a magnificent flower of gigantic size; tube and sepals very rich bright glossy crimson, a most intense shade of colour; the sepals very broad and thick, corolla well expanded, of immense size, and of a deep purplish plum colour; an extremely showy and attractive variety; one of the largest and best single Fuchsias ever sent out. 5s.
- ***CORMORANT**, vide page 15
- CREUSA**, rich crimson tube, and reflexed sepals; fine large corolla of a rich dark purple-plum colour, shaded at the base. 1s. 6d.
- CRIMSON BEDDER**, vide page 167
- DANTON**, short tube, pale rose sepals, points tipped with red; corolla azure violet. 7s. 6d.
- ***EDELWEISS**, a fine large flower with full and double white corolla; rich crimson sepals, broad, long and well reflexed. 1s.
- ***ELFIN**, light crimson tube and sepals, the latter elegantly reflexed; rich purple corolla, flaked with rose; very full and double. 1s.
- EXPANSION**, a distinct and pretty variety; tube and sepals bright rose, the sepals completely reflexed; light bluish purple corolla, so widely expanded as to become almost flat. 2s. 6d.
- FARA**, short tube and sepals of a rich crimson colour; large corolla, composed of fluted petals of a dark crimson colour; very distinct. 2s. 6d.
- FLAMBEAU**, short tube, and well reflexed crimson sepals; very large and full corolla of a dark violet colour, shaded with azure, and striped and spotted with scarlet. 1s. 6d.
- FLOCON DE NEIGE**, well reflexed carmine sepals; large creamy white corolla. 1s.
- ***FLORA**, very short tube, and large bright rosy crimson sepals fully reflexed, the large and full double corolla being bright purple, flaked at the base with rosy carmine. 7s. 6d.
- ***FRANCISQUE SARCEY**, corolla bluish violet; large reflexed sepals, dark rose on the inside and bright red on the exterior. 1s.
- ***FRAU EMMA TOPFER**, short tube and broad well reflexed rosy magenta sepals; double white corolla suffused and veined with rose; very floriferous, and of compact habit. 2s. 6d.
- GANNET**, short tube with long bright crimson horizontally-reflexed sepals; bluish purple corolla, shaded with rosy crimson at the base. 5s.
- ***GARNET**, short tube, and completely reflexed bright carmine sepals; rich purple double corolla, marked at the base with rose. 3s. 6d.
- GAZELLE**, tube and sepals very bright crimson, very long corolla of a dark satiny purple colour; peculiarly distinct and attractive. 1s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—continued.

- ***GENERAL**, a fine showy flower with very large reflexed deep rose sepals, and large expanded double corolla of a rich violet colour flaked with rose. 1s.
- GERALD**, a very fine flower with rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter completely reflexed; large expanded corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour. 2s. 6d.
- GLORY**, tube and sepals very brightly coloured and completely reflexed, the very large violet corolla being beautifully formed and widely expanded. 7s. 6d.
- ***GOLIATH**, tube and sepals deep red, enormous reddish purple corolla, surrounded with a row of bright red petals. 3s. 6d.
- HARLEQUIN**, a gigantic variegated flower; sepals rich carmine, broad and reflexed; immense bluish purple corolla striped with rosy pink. 7s. 6d.
- HARMONIE**, reflexed whitish rose sepals, corolla soft lilac; of good habit. 1s.
- HARRIET LYE**, creamy white tube and sepals, lilac-pink corolla, edged with carmine. 1s.
- HERON**, short tube, and broad reflexed rosy carmine sepals; corolla rich bluish purple. 3s. 6d.
- IMPERIAL**, well-formed corolla of a beautiful glossy plum colour, striped and flaked with pink; tube and sepals bright rosy carmine. 2s. 6d.
- JASON**, fine corolla about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch long, and of an intense black-purple colour; sepals long and reflexed, of a deep crimson colour. 1s.
- ***JUMNA**, *vide* page 15
- JUNO**, a very attractive flower of good shape, having a short tube with large and broad well-reflexed crimson sepals, the corolla being deep purple marked with rosy pink at the base. 7s. 6d.
- ***KINGSBURYANA**, abundant bloomer, producing fine flowers with bright red tube and sepals, and large double white corolla. 1s.
- ***LA FRANCE**, large recurved bright red sepals; the large double corolla being of a beautiful cobalt blue; very fine. 10s. 6d.
- LADY HEYTESBURY IMPROVED**, an improvement on *Lady Heytesbury*, both in habit and flower. 2s. 6d.
- LAMUS**, tube and sepals rich deep scarlet; tube short, and sepals prettily recurved; corolla of a dark satiny purple colour. 1s. 6d.
- L'AVENIR**, short tube and recurved sepals, rosy crimson tipped with green; fine expanded tricolor corolla, blue, rose and white. 2s. 6d.
- LITTRÉ**, corolla of a dark violet colour, whitish at the base; short tube, and large recurved sepals of a soft rose colour. 1s.
- LORD WOLSELEY**, broad reflexed sepals of a vinous red colour, well expanded soft rosy crimson corolla, veined with red and margined with bluish purple. 1s.
- LUSTROUS IMPROVED**, very large and most intense orange scarlet corolla, white tube and sepals. 2s. 6d.
- LYE'S RIVAL**, tube and sepals red; corolla rich violet-purple; very free blooming. 1s.
- ***MADAME GALLI-MARIE**, a very large full double flower, long recurved brilliant rosy red sepals, and alabaster white corolla. 1s.
- ***MADAME JULES CHRÉTIEN**, brilliant crimson tube and sepals; pure snowy white corolla, flaked with carmine. 1s. 6d.
- MAGNUM BONUM**, a very showy variety, with broad stout brilliant red sepals, and large well-formed rich violet corolla. 1s.
- ***MARVELLOUS**, tube and sepal deep rose; full, double, bright blue corolla of pretty rosette-like form. 1s.
- MATCHLESS**, a magnificent flower; tube and sepals crimson, the latter broad and elegantly reflexed; well-formed corolla of a rich purple colour striped and flaked with rose. 2s. 6d.
- MEMPHIS**, tube and sepals of a rich crimson colour, the sepals gracefully reflexed; large and well-expanded rich purple corolla. 1s.
- MILTIADES**, deep crimson tube and sepals; the latter elegantly recurved; corolla of a deep rich purple colour. 2s. 6d.
- ***MINERVA**, a splendid flower with large and very full double white corolla, bright carmine tube, and reflexed sepals. 1s.
- ***MINSTREL**, tube and sepals bright rosy crimson; corolla very full and double, ivory white striped with rose at the base. 1s.
- ***MONSTRUOSA PLENA**, an enormous flower, with short tube and well-recurved dark coral-red, sepals immense, double reddish crimson corolla. 1s.
- M. DUFAURE**, rosy salmon corolla and elegantly recurved sepals of a yellowish salmon colour, with green tips. 1s.
- ***M. LOMBARD**, tube and sepals rosy carmine, the latter reflexed; fine double white corolla, the petals veined with carmine. 1s.
- MONTGOMERY**, short tube and reflexed sepals rich bright crimson; corolla deep rich purplish crimson colour flaked with rose. 2s. 6d.
- ***MONUMENT**, full double corolla of a deep purple colour, striped with rosy carmine; tube and sepals rosy crimson. 1s.
- MRS. BRIGHT**, waxy white tube and sepals, clear orange-scarlet corolla; a wonderfully free-blooming variety of fine habit. 1s.
- MRS. GRANT**, a beautiful flower, with blush tube and sepals, and orange-rose corolla. 1s.
- ***NESTOR**, tube and sepals carmine, the latter reflexed; large, double, much expanded corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour. 1s.
- ***NOUVEAU MASTODONTE**, full double corolla dark violet veined with red; sepals reflexed, covering the brilliant red tube. 1s.
- PARACHUTE**, large and widely expanded corolla of a violet-lake colour marked with red; short, broad, recurved sepals of a reddish scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- ***PATTERN**, *vide* page 15
- PENELOPE**, tube and sepals bright red, long and large white corolla of good shape. 3s. 6d.
- PERA**, short tube and bright coral-red sepals, horizontally reflexed; long bluish purple corolla. 7s. 6d.
- ***PHENOMENAL**, short tube and reflexed sepals of a rich reddish crimson colour; enormous corolla, very full and double, of a beautiful azure-violet colour flaked with red. 1s. 6d.
- PINK PERFECTION**, creamy white tube and sepals, and rich pink and violet corolla, dashed with violet. 1s.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—continued.

- PRESIDENT**, tube and well-recurved petals of a bright vermillion; beautiful formed corolla of the richest violet colour. 1s.
- PROGRESS**, a large and showy Fuchsia, with very long bright red sepals and rich violet corolla. 7s. 6d.
- RACINE**, very short tube, sepals bright rose, spreading rosy violet corolla; very dwarf. 7s. 6d.
- ***RANGER**, *vide* page 15
- ***REAPER**, short tube and wide sepals, of a bright rosy carmine colour; short double corolla of a purplish crimson colour. 1s. 6d.
- ***REDWING**, *vide* page 15
- SALMO**, tube and recurved sepals of a bright carmine-scarlet colour; corolla rich purplish crimson. 1s. 6d.
- ***SÉNATEUR BERLET**, long brilliant carmine broad sepals well reflexed, enormous double violet corolla of perfect globular shape. 1s.
- ***STARTLER**, tube and reflexed sepals deep crimson; large, double, broadly-expanded corolla of a rich purple colour, the outer petals striped and flaked with rosy carmine. 2s. 6d.
- ***SYLVANUS**, short tube and long recurved rosy crimson sepals; long bluish purple double corolla shaded with rose. 7s. 6d.
- SYROS**, tube and sepals deep rose, sepals broad and horizontally reflexed; corolla of great substance, and a deep bluish purple colour. 1s. 6d.
- ***TENIERS**, short tube and well reflexed bright red sepals, double violet corolla, very floriferous. 7s. 6d.
- THOMAS KING**, tube and sepals soft coral-red; corolla rich deep purple, sometimes striped with pale red. 2s. 6d.
- ***TRITON**, short tube and long crimson sepals well reflexed, the double corolla being of a bright lavender colour beautifully flaked with bright rosy pink. 7s. 6d.
- TULIP**, crimson sepals completely reflexed; large and much expanded tulip-shaped rich purple corolla, flaked with rose. 1s.
- UTERPE**, short tube and broad coral-red recurved sepals, dark plum-coloured expanded corolla, shaded rosy crimson at the base. 5s.
- UTOPIA**, short tube and broad rosy carmine, horizontally reflexed sepals; bluish purple corolla, shaded with rose at the base. 3s. 6d.
- ***VILLE DE NANCY**, tube and sepals carmine red, wide and well recurved; fine large double brilliant dark violet corolla. 1s.
- ***VIOLET DE DUC**, a full double flower, with expanded corolla of a metallic violet colour, and short reddish reflexed sepals. 1s.
- VIRGO**, tube and sepals pure white; the latter gracefully reflexed, and forming a perfect crown above the magenta corolla. 1s.
- ***VOIX DU PEUPLE**, large flowers with fine expanded milky white double corolla; sepals well recurved, of a rosy carmine colour. 1s.
- ***WHITE GIANT**, a splendid variety, producing long racemes of flowers, of immense size; one of the largest double white corollas. 1s.
- WORDSWORTH**, short tube and broad recurved sepals of a bright carmine-scarlet colour, and rich purplish plum-coloured corolla. 1s. 6d.
- ***WYVERN**, short tube and large rosy crimson sepals well-reflexed, long semi-double purple corolla. 5s.

Selections of other good Varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s General Collection at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

FUCHSIAS.

HYBRIDS AND SPECIES.

- BOLIVIANA**, a remarkably ornamental and attractive species, of compact growth, producing large bunches of beautiful drooping flowers, about three inches long and of a rich carmine crimson colour. 1s. 6d.
- BOLIVIANA GRANDIFLORA**, flowers bright vermillion, very long tube and immense sepals and corolla; twice the size of the typical variety. 5s.
- CANARY BIRD**, a showy and attractive variety; foliage of a golden yellow colour; leaves prettily veined; flowers well formed; tube and sepals scarlet; corolla a rich dark purple colour. 1s. 6d.
- CRIMSON BEDDER**, a distinct variety with bronzy crimson leaves, the bright colouring of which will make it a useful, novel, and effective bedding plant; the flowers are pale red. 3s. 6d.
- DEPENDENS**, of free trailing habit and somewhat pendulous growth, dark crimson flowers. 2s. 6d.
- GRACILIS VARIEGATA**, an elegant variety; leaves broadly margined with white. 1s. 6d.
- PROCUMBENS**, a distinct and interesting species; the flowers are about three-quarters of an inch long; orange-yellow tube and sepals of a deep violet colour edged with green. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6139. 1s. 6d.
- ***RAINBOW**, an extremely pretty variety with attractively variegated leaves, the colours of which are rose, white and crimson on a light green ground; the flowers have a double white corolla contrasting well with the bright carmine tube and sepals, the latter being nicely reflexed. 3s. 6d.
- ***RUBENS**, a bushy growing variety with attractively variegated foliage, the leaves being marked with yellow in the centre and bordered with golden yellow; flowers double, very dark violet corolla, clear red recurved sepals. 1s.
- SPLENDENS**, a free-blooming attractive species, producing rich crimson flowers with the ends of the sepals light green; of free growth and easy cultivation. 1s. 6d.
- SUNRAY**, a beautiful plant, with leaves of a rich bright crimson, white and bronzy green, in about equal parts; the flowers are of fine form; scarlet tube and sepals; light purple corolla. 1s. 6d.
- TRIPHYLLA**, flowers at every growth in trusses of orange scarlet or Indian-red colour; a very distinct and beautiful species. 5s.



COLEUS.

NEW COLEUS.

- BAYARD**, leaves long, centre dark chestnut, surrounded with bright magenta, and bordered chestnut. 3s. 6d.
BALTHASAR, bright green leaves, the centre maculated with rose, maroon and white. 3s. 6d.
COLIGNY, very large leaves, zoned and maculated with rose, chestnut, and deep gold. 3s. 6d.
COMTE DE SERVILLIERS, dark green leaves, spotted with maroon, and veined with rose and white in the centre. 3s. 6d.
COMTESSE A. DE MIREPOIX, leaves maroon, nerves and centre bright magenta, margined pale green. 3s. 6d.
MADLE. JEANNE DE NADAILLAC, largo purplish maroon leaves, veins bright red. 3s. 6d.
MARQUIS DE NADAILLAC, centre of the leaves rose, broadly margined with bright green. 3s. 6d.
RUDE, largo leaves, maculated in the centre with rosy magenta, margined green. 3s. 6d.
SCAPIN, leaves attractively maculated with rose, maroon, white and bright green. 3s. 6d.
THEOPHRASTE, large leaves, speckled and maculated with rose, maroon and bright green. 3s. 6d.
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| ALARM , 1s.
AMAZEMENT , 1s.
AMI CONSTANT , 1s.
AMULET , 2s. 6d.
ANGELIC , 1s. 6d.
ANNETTE , 1s. 6d.
ARIADNE , 3s. 6d.
ARTHUR W. SUTTON , 1s.
ATTRACTION , 1s.
AURORA , 1s.
AUTOCRAT , 1s.
BANNER , 1s. 6d.
BEACON , 1s. 6d.
BEAUTIFUL , 1s. 6d.
BEAUTY , 1s.
BRILLIANT , 1s.
BUTTERFLY , 1s.
CAPTIVATION , 1s.
CARNIVAL , 1s. 6d.
CASCADE , 1s. 6d.
CHANCELLOR , 1s. 6d.
CHELSEA BEAUTY , 1s.
CHERUB , 1s.
CLAIRE DE CHANDENEUX , 1s.
CLOWN , 1s.
COMET , 1s. 6d.
COMTESSE AGUADO , 1s.
— DE KERCHOVE , 3s. 6d.
COMUS , 3s. 6d.
COUNSELLOR , 1s. 6d.
CORSAIR , 1s.
CUPID , 1s.
DISPLAY , 1s.
DOLLY VARDEN , 1s.
DUCHESS OF TECK , 1s.
ECLIPSE , 1s.
ELDORADO , 1s.
ELFIN , 2s. 6d.
ELFRIDA , 1s.
EMBLEM , 1s.
EMPRESS OF GERMANY , 1s.
ERNEST , 1s.
ERNST BENARY , 1s.
EUREUS , 1s.
FAME , 1s.
FASCINATION , 1s.
FELIX ZAMAN , 3s. 6d.
FIREBALL , 1s. | FIREFLY , 1s.
FLAMBEAU , 1s.
GAIETY , 1s.
GARNET , 1s.
GEM , 1s.
GEORGE BOLAS , 1s. 6d.
GLADIATOR , 1s. 6d.
GLITTER , 1s.
GLOW , 1s.
GLOWWORM , 1s. 6d.
GOLDEN BEAUTY , 1s.
HARLEQUIN , 1s.
HEBE , 1s.
HERALD , 1s.
HERON , 3s. 6d.
HESPERUS , 1s.
JAMES BARNSHAW , 1s.
JASON , 1s.
JOHN BENARY , 1s.
JUBILEE , 1s.
JUNO , 1s.
KEEPSAKE , 1s.
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MADAME CARPENTIER , 3s. 6d.
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— DE LA ROCHETTERIE ,
3s. 6d.
MADONNA , 1s.
MAGIC , 1s.
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METEOR , 1s. 6d.
METIS , 3s. 6d.
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MODEL , 1s. 6d.
M. CASIMIR PERIER , 1s.
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M. DESBROSSES , 1s.
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NIMROD , 1s.
NON PLUS ULTRA , 1s.
NONSUCH , 1s.
NYMPH , 1s.
OUIDA , 3s. 6d.
ORACLE , 1s.
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PEGASUS , 1s.
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POMPADOUR , 1s. 6d.
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PRESIDENT DE LA ROCHET-
TERIE , 3s. 6d.
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ROYALTY , 1s.
RUBICON , 2s. 6d.
RUBY , 1s. 6d.
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3s. 6d.
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SOWTERI , 1s.
SPANGLE , 1s.
SPARKLER , 1s.
SPITFIRE , 1s. 6d.
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SUNSHINE , 1s. 6d.
SUPREME , 1s.
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THALIA , 3s. 6d.
THESSA , 3s. 6d.
TROUBADOUR , 2s. 6d.
TURBAN , 1s.
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WELCOME , 1s. 6d.
WIZARD , 1s.
ZELINDA , 1s. |
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NEW AND CHOICE BEDDING AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

ABUTILON, of sorts, *vide* pages 87 and 88.

AGERATUM, of sorts, 6s. per dozen.

ALTERNANTHERA, of sorts, 6s. per dozen.

BOUVARDIA ALBA ODORATA, 2s. 6d.

ALFRED NEUNER, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

CANDIDISSIMA, 1s. 6d.

CONSPICUA, 2s. 6d.

DAZZLER, 3s. 6d.

DAVIDSONI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ELEGANS, 1s.

FLAVESCENS, 1s. 6d.

HUMBOLDTII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

— CORYMBIFLORA, 1s. 6d.

JASMINOIDES, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA JASMINOIDES LONGIPETALA, 1s. 6d.

LONGIFLORA FLAMMEA, 1s. 6d.

MAIDEN'S BLUSH, 1s. 6d.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD (DOUBLE PINK), 1s. and 1s. 6d.

PRIORY BEAUTY, 3s. 6d.

QUEEN OF ROSES, 1s. 6d.

ROSEA OCULATA, 2s. 6d.

SCABRA.

UMBELLATA ALBA, 1s. 6d.

— CARNEA, 1s. 6d.

UNIQUE, 2s. 6d.

VIVICANS, 2s. 6d.

VREELANDII, 1s.

BOUVARDIA LEIANTHA CINNABARINA.

A vigorous and floriferous variety, producing large globular umbels of brilliant cinnabar-red flowers, with flesh-coloured throat; the tubes are of a vermilion colour, and three quarters of an inch in length. 5s.

BOUVARDIA THOMAS MEEHAN.

This new variety is a hybrid between *B. leiantha* and *B. Alfred Neuner*, and freely produces pretty bright red semi-double flowers. 7s. 6d.

NEW DOUBLE BOUVARDIAS.

SANG LORRAINE, a free-flowering variety, producing fine corymbs of large double flowers of a brilliant vermilion colour. 10s. 6d.

TRIOMPHE DE NANCY, a vigorous and floriferous variety, with large compact corymbs of well-formed double flowers of a beautiful orange salmon colour. 10s. 6d.

V. LEMOINE, the fine imbricated double flowers of this variety are of a fiery scarlet colour, produced in large corymbs in the freest manner, the plant being extremely floriferous. 10s. 6d.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

An effective plant for sub-tropical gardening. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CALCEOLARIA BURBIDGEI.

A free-flowering variety, the result of a cross between *C. Fuchsiaefolia* and *C. Pavoni*; it is of bushy habit, and produces its golden yellow flowers during the autumn and winter months. 3s. 6d.

CALCEOLARIA GLUTINOSA.

A pretty free-flowering species, producing a profusion of bright lemon-yellow coloured flowers. 1s. 6d.

CANNA IRIDIFLORA EHEMANNI.

A splendid variety, with handsome ornamental foliage and magnificent flowers, which are of an extremely rich crimson-scarlet colour; the blossoms are of large size and exceedingly effective. 3s. 6d.

CANNAS.

These are striking foliage plants, very effective for sub-tropical gardening and border grouping. 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS, 1s.

FRUTESCENS ALICE CROUSSE, 1s. 6d.

— COMTE DE CHAMBORD, 1s. 6d.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS ETOILE
D'OR, 1s. 6d.

CARNATIONS, Tree of sorts, 30s. and 42s. per doz.

DAHLIAS.

Cheice Exhibition Varieties, 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

Cheice Exhibition Varieties, Fancy Flowers, 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

Dwarf Bedding Varieties, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

Beuquet or Pempen Varieties, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

SINGLE-FLOWERED DAHLIAS.

These are extremely effective as decorative plants for grouping in beds or borders, and their blossoms are very useful for cutting; they bloom so continuously and profusely that they are highly attractive. 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

ECHEVERIAS, *vide* page 172.

GAILLARDIA ADMIRATION.

A very fine free-blooming variety, producing large reddish crimson flowers bordered with citron-yellow. 2s. 6d.

GYNURA AURANTIACA.

An extremely ornamental and attractive plant, having its stems and leaves thickly covered with soft hairs of a dark violet colour, giving the foliage a rich velvety appearance. The flowers are of a brilliant orange colour. It will be found well adapted and very effective for planting out for decoration in summer. 1s. 6d.

HELIOTROPE ALBERT DÉLAUX.

A dwarf-habited variety of free growth, producing profusely fine heads of bloom of a violet colour shaded with rose, deliciously fragrant; the foliage is beautifully marbled with golden yellow; a charming novelty. 5s.

HELIOTROPE PRESIDENT GARFIELD, 1s.

WHITE LADY, 1s.

IREesine WALLISII, 1s.

LANTANAS, of sorts, 18s. per dozen.

LOBELIA ERINUS.

This dwarf-growing section of the Lobelias is exceedingly useful and effective. Their neat and compact habit and the redundancy with which their blossoms are produced, render them almost invaluable for bedding, especially for edgings and ribbon borders.

INGRAMI, pure white; received First Class Certificate. 1s. 6d.

OMEN, a beautiful rose-coloured flower, with distinct white eye. 1s.

LOBELIA SYPHILITICA, *vide* page 173.

LOBELIA WALLICHIANA.

An elegant herbaceous perennial introduced from the mountains of India, where it grows at an elevation of 7,000 feet. It has an erect stem three or four feet in height, much branched with lanceolate attenuately pointed leaves, and many-flowered racemes of showy purplish flowers, about the size of those of *L. cardinalis*. 3s. 6d.

MIMULUS.

The new and improved varieties of this showy flower are very handsome, many of them blotched or freckled and spotted, on white, sulphur and yellow grounds; the lobes margined with crimson and maroon. Selections at 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

MIMULUS GRANDIFLORUS.

BRILLIANT, freely produces large and finely-formed flowers of an intense bright crimson colour.

Awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 2s. 6d.

NOVELTY, a very distinct variety, bearing large "hose-in-hose" flowers, the foremost pale gold, dashed with amber and orange, spotted crimson, the neat flower reddish orange margined with gold. Awarded First Class Certificate Royal Horticultural Society. 2s. 6d.

MIMULUS MOSCHATUS.

GRANDIFLORUS, a new and robust hybrid Musk, an excellent bedding plant, freely producing large pure yellow flowers of fine shape. Awarded First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 2s. 6d.

RUBER, this remarkable novelty is a hybrid Musk of very dwarf and compact growth, producing large flowers of a reddish buff colour. 2s. 6d.

PENTSTEMON FOLIO-VARIEGATIS.

A pretty variety with purple flowers, the foliage being variegated in a most pleasing manner with yellow and cream colour. 5s.

The following Pentstemons are three Californian species:—

CENTRANTHIFOLIUS, a very distinct and showy species, producing fine tubular-shaped scarlet flowers. 3s. 6d.

CORDIFOLIUS, an extremely showy species, giving fine spikes of beautiful scarlet-flowers. 3s. 6d.

SPECTABILIS, this species produces long racemes of very fine purple-coloured flowers. 3s. 6d.

PENTSTEMONS.

The modern varieties of Pentstemons are exceedingly attractive as decorative plants, either for flower-beds or borders, their cultivation being of the easiest description, while they are suitable to almost any soil, and their large and showy flowers are given with a remarkable redundancy from June to September. Choice sorts, 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

PETUNIAS.

Choice Selections of Double-flowered kinds, including blotched, fringed and variegated varieties, 18s. and 30s. per dozen; choice new kinds, 42s. per dozen.

Choice Selections of Single-flowered kinds, including striped and blotched varieties, 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

SALVIA BETHELII, 1s.
CELESTINA, 1s. 6d.
FARINACEA, 1s.
GESNEREFLORA, 1s.
HOVEYI, 1s.
M. ISSANCHIOU, 1s. 6d.
PATENS, 6d.
PITCHERI, 1s. 6d.
RUTILANS, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
SPLENDENS, 1s.
 — **BRUANTII**, 1s.

SALVIA VERSCHAFFELTII, 1s.
SAXIFRAGA WALLACEI, 1s. 6d.
SEMPERVIVUM CALCAREUM (CALIFORNICUM), 9d. and 1s.
CHRYSANTHUM, 2s. 6d.
HAWORTHII, 1s.
TECTORUM, 9d.
TORENIA BAILLONI, bright yellow, 1s.
FOURNIERI, sky blue, 1s.
TROPEOLUM CLARKEI, 1s. 6d.

ECHEVERIAS.

ECHEVERIA CARINATA, 2s. 6d.
OERULESCENS, 2s. 6d.
GLAUCO-METALLICA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
GRANDISEPALA, 2s. 6d.
IMBRICATA, 2s. 6d.
METALLICA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
MUTABILIS, 2s. 6d.
OVATA, 2s. 6d.
PRUINOSA, 2s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA RETUSA FLORIBUNDA SPLENDENS, 2s. 6d.
RETUSA GLAUCA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
ROSEO-PICTA, 5s.
SCAPHYLLA, 2s. 6d.
SCHNEIDERERI, 1s. 6d.
SECUNDA, 9d. each; 6s. per dozen.
GLAUCA, 9d. each; 6s. per dozen.
SPATHULATA, 2s. 6d.

PLANTS FOR SUB-TROPICAL GARDENS.

These have either ornamental and attractive foliage, or are of graceful habit and growth, such as Bamboos, Cannas, Arundo, Aralias, Araucaria, Bocconia, Dracaenas, Eucalyptus, Musas, Phormiums, &c., and are very effective when planted in groups; many of them forming striking objects as single specimens.

Good Selections made at 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

ROSES.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to supply choice Selections of Roses at the proper season; Orders are booked for them throughout the year at the following prices:—

	PER DOZEN.
NEW VARIETIES	42s.
SUPERIOR SELECTED STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18s., 24s. & 30s.
HALF STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18s. & 24s.
DWARFS, in fine varieties	12s. & 18s.
CLIMBING, in pots, the best, selected from Noisette, Banksian, Macartney, Hybrid China, Ayrshire, Boursault, and Evergreen	12s. & 18s.
TEA-SCENTED, in pots	18s., 24s. & 30s.
HYBRID PERPETUALS, finest varieties, in pots	18s., 24s. & 30s.

Extra-sized plants of the best varieties of Roses, in pots, for Exhibition or Forcing at 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.

LOBELIA SYPHILITICA (HYBRID VARIETIES.)

These are perennial, perfectly hardy and wonderfully effective. The flowers are borne in spikes 12 to 18 inches long; varying from white, through every shade of ruby and purple, to brilliant crimson or scarlet crimson. "*The Garden*" of September 27th, 1884, thus refers to them:—"The finest set of varieties of *Lobelia* "that we have yet seen, and we scarcely imagined that such variety and richness of "colour existed among them."

AMETHYST, deep purplish-blue
APOLLO, rosy-purple, medium size
ARGUS, bluish-purple, distinct eye
COMET, large; brilliant scarlet
CERES, robust; crimson-scarlet
CHALLENGER, large and fine; rosy-purple
DIADEM, large, clear purple
DON JUAN, mauve-purple
EBOR, bluish-purple, distinct centre
EMPRESS, rosy-purple
ETNA, deep purplish-crimson
FIREFLY, bright scarlet
HECLA, deep scarlet
JASON, rosy-purple, white centre
JUPITER, rosy-purple, medium size
LANCELOT, purplish-rose, white eye
MAGENTA SUPERBA, magenta; white centre;
 purple foliage

NEPTUNE, ruby scarlet
NIZZA, large crimson-purple flowers; very brilliant
ORION, crimson-scarlet
PALLIDA, bluish-lilac, medium size
PHILOMEL, purple-crimson
PLATO, purplish-rose
PURPLE EMPEROR, deep rosy-purple
QUEEN OF WHITES, pure white; fine
REGINA, lilac-purple
ROSY MORN, clear rosy-purple
RUBY, ruby scarlet
SCARLET KING, clear scarlet, leaves blotched with crimson
STROMBOLI, magenta; very large
SUNRISE, cherry colour
VESTA, magenta, distinct white eye
VESUVIUS, deep crimson-scarlet

The above 2s. 6d. each; 24s. per dozen.

CHOICE GLADIOLUS.

This beautiful tribe of plants should be largely planted everywhere, because—

They are perfectly hardy and easily grown.

They are gorgeously beautiful.

Their handsome spikes of flowers are useful for decorating vases and epergnes.

Their flower buds expand and last a long time when cut and placed in water.

They are charming when introduced into borders among Evergreens.

Planted by hundreds among Rhododendrons, they brighten and enliven the beds during the summer and autumn months.

Orders for the above are booked throughout the year at the following prices, and the bulbs supplied in January, February or March.

100	in 12	Choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	50s.
100	"	20 Ditto, ditto	..	..	..	..	..	80s.
100	"	50 Ditto, ditto	..	..	..	..	..	100s.
100	"	25 New and extra choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	120s.
50	"	12 Extra choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	40s.
50	"	25 New and extra choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	60s.
24	"	8 Choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	15s.
24	"	12 Extra choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	20s.
24	"	12 New and extra choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	30s.
12	"	12 Ditto, ditto	..	..	..	..	..	15s.
12	"	12 Choice named varieties	..	..	..	..	..	9s.
12	"	6 Ditto, ditto	..	..	..	..	..	6s.

GLADIOLUS, Finest Mixed Hybrids.

Various colours, 14s. per 100; 2s. per dozen.

GLADIOLUS BRENCHEYENSIS.

This beautiful and showy bright scarlet species is most effective when planted in quantity in beds or borders. Gigantic selected bulbs can be supplied by the 100 or 1,000 at 1d. each.

GLADIOLUS COLVILLEI. Purplish lilac with white stripe, 6s. per 100.

GLADIOLUS COLVILLEI ALBA (The Bride).—Produces charming spikes of pure white flowers, specially useful for cutting, easily grown in pots or borders, 15s. per 100.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S SEED CATALOGUE,

Published in January, contains descriptions and prices of all the most desirable novelties in Flower Seeds, saved from extra fine carefully selected stocks. Also Ornamental-foliaged Plants, so much used now for sub-tropical gardening.

Descriptions and prices of the best and most popular seeds that can be offered for the Kitchen Garden, Flower Garden, Conservatory, &c., &c.

SEEDS FROM PRIZE STRAINS.

	Per Packet—s. d.		Per Packet—s. d.
AURICULA ALPINE ..	1s. & 1 6	PETUNIA, choice hybridised ..	1 0
BALSAM, Camellia-flowered ..	1 0	INIMITABLE FLORE PLENO, very choice,	1s. 6d. & 2 6
BEGONIA, ornamental foliaged varieties ..	2 6	PICOTEE, mixed colours ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6
BEGONIA, from gigantic flowering		PINK, double, extra choice, mixed ..	2 6
varieties ..	1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. & 5 0	POLYANTHUS, from gold-laced flowers ..	1 0
CALCEOLARIA, Herbaceous, Bull's Prize		PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA MONT	
Strain ..	1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. & 5 0	BLANO (new) ..	2 6
CINERARIA, choice mixed ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6	— SPLENDIDA (new) ..	2 6
CINERARIA, Bull's Prize Strain ..	5 0	— ALBA ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6
CYCLAMEN PERSICUM, mixed colours,		— RUBRA ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6
extra fine ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6	— BULL'S PREMIER MIXTURE,	1s. 6d. & 2 6
CYCLAMEN PERSICUM GIGANTEUM ..	2 6	— FILIOIFOLIA ALBA ..	2 6
FUCHSIA, extra choice mixed ..	1 6	— RUBRA ..	2 6
GLOXINIA, from choico named varieties,		— STRIATIFLORA ..	2 6
1s. 6d. & 2 6		— ALBA FLORE PLENO, 3s. 6d. & 5 0	
GLOXINIA GESNEROIDES (new) ..	2 6	— RUBRA FLORE PLENO, 3s. 6d. & 5 0	
HOLLYHOCK, extra choice mixed ..	1 6	— FLORE PLENO PRINCE	
LAVATERA ARBOREA VARIEGATA ..	1 0	ARTHUR ..	3s. 6d. & 5 0
MIGNONETTE MACHET ..	1 0	PYRETHRUM AUREUM SELACINOIDES ..	1 0
PANSY, Ashburnham Strain ..	2 6	SINGLE DAHLIA, various colours, mixed	1 0
Fancy, choice mixed colours ..	1 6	SWEET PEA, GRAND BLUE (new), 1s. 6d. & 2 6	
Show, extra choice mixed ..	1 6	MISS ETHEL (new) ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6
PELARGONIUM, Gold and Bronze, from		QUEEN OF THE ISLES (new) ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6
named varieties ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6	Eckford's (new), mixed ..	1s. 6d. & 2 6
Zonal, from named varieties 1s. 6d. & 2 6		STATICE SUWOROWI (new) ..	1 0
Show, from named varieties ..	2 6		

FOREIGN ORDERS.

Plants, seeds, &c., for transmission abroad, selected and packed with the greatest possible care in Bull's Patent Plant Cases or closed boxes, according to the nature of the goods, and despatched by the best Routes, Mail Steamers, Clipper Ships and Railways to any part of the world.

A remittance must accompany all Foreign orders.

EXPORTING.

Mr. W. B. is continually receiving the most gratifying accounts of the excellent condition in which both the plant and seed orders entrusted to him reach their destinations, and the satisfaction given by the selections made.

Post-office Orders to be made payable at 365, KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, S.W.

Cheques to be crossed "LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK."

Nearly 100,000 Superficial Feet of Glass at Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S
Establishment filled with New and Rare Plants.

"The Calceolarias from the seed we had from you are the finest we have ever seen in this locality; they have been much admired; hope you can send the same strain again."

"The seeds I had from you I am happy to say turned out well, especially the *Primula*, *Calceolaria*, and *Cineraria*."



"The Calceolarias I obtained First Prize with at the Dublin Botanic Society's Show were the produce of seed of your supply, they were a fine strain, very distinct, and retained their foliage to the last bloom."

CALCEOLARIA, HERBACEOUS (Bull's Prize Strain.) *Vide* page 174.

"I was much pleased with all the *Primula* seed I got from you; they are truly superb. The *filicifolia alba* and *rubra* are most remarkable; the foliage is exquisite, with flowers so well thrown up above."



"I enclose blooms of my *Primulas* from your seed, and they have been very good and greatly admitted. I have been tempted to try other strains at times, but really find yours the best."

"The *Primulas* from seed I had from you are splendid."

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA. For choice varieties, *vide* page 174.

"The *Cineraria* seed sent me last year, has given great satisfaction, the flowers have been rich in colour, remarkably large, and from 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. in width, they are greatly admired and said to be the finest strain seen in this locality."



"Your strain of *Cineraria* has been exceedingly fine with me this season, the flowers have been rich in colour, varied, and remarkably large."

"The *Cineraria* seed I had from you was a really good strain."

CINERARIA (Bull's Prize Strain.) *Vide* page 174.

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY ABOUT TO FURNISH
CONSERVATORIES TO AN INSPECTION OF THE

MAGNIFICENT SPECIMEN ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

IN HIS

WINTER GARDEN,

SOME OF WHICH ARE THE MOST HANDSOME IN EUROPE,

COMPRISING

PALMS, MUSAS, LAPAGERIAS, CYCADS, PHORMIUMS,

ENCEPHALARTOS AND DRACÆNAS,

AND

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK IN EUROPE

OF

TREE FERNS,

Well Established, with Handsome and Graceful Heads.

THE COLLECTION OF

⇒ CYCADACEOUS * PLANTS * ⇒

Is unequalled in extent, and in the Size and Beauty of the Specimens.

NEW PLANTS

Introduced and sent out for the first time in 1882.

ACMENA OVATA
ÆCHEMEA PANICULIGERA
AGLAONEMA PICTUM GRACILE
AINSLIEA APTERA
ALSOPHILA REBECCÆ
ARENCA WIGHTII
CALAMUS SUBANGULATUS
CALYPTROGYNE TERES
CLEYERA JAPONICA TRICOLOR
CRINUM PEDUNCULATUM
PACIFICUM
CROSSANDRA INFUNDIBULIFORMIS
CROTON ILLUSTRIS
— INSIGNIS
— LINEARIS
— RUBESCENS
— SPECTABILIS

CROTON TRICOLOR
CURCUMA LUTEO-VIRIDIS
CYCLANTHUS DISCOLOR
DAVALLIA FIJIENSIS PLUMOSA
DIEFFENBACHIA MAJESTICA
— PRINCEPS
DIOSCOREA SPECIOSA
DRYMONIA MARMORATA
EPIPREMNUM MIRABILE
EUADENIA EMINENS
EUOALYPTUS FIGIFOLIA
HELICONIA METALLICA
HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS MAG-
NIFICUS
IXORA CONCINNA
— DECORA
— VENUSTA

KEMPFERIA GILBERTII
MARANTA ASYMMETRICA
MONOLOPHUS SECUNDA
NEPHTHYTIS LIBERICA
NERINE EXCELLENS
ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM
RUBELLUM
PANAX DISSECTUM
PHALLENOPSIS TETRASPIS
PITTOSPORUM EUGENIOIDES
VARIEGATUM
PLEOPELTIS KIPHIAS
RHODODENDRON PINK BEAUTY
— ROSY GEM
SAURAUJA LANCEOLATA
SCHISMATOGLOTTIS LATIFOLIA
THRIKSPERMUM MURICULATUM

NEW PLANTS

Introduced and sent out for the first time in 1883.

ADIANTUM GBLIQUUM MINUS
ALPINA MUTICA
ANTHURIUM HARRISII PULCHRUM
— MACROLOBUM
— SPLENDIDUM
— TRIUMPHANS
ARALIA LONOIPES
— ROTUNDA
BEGONIA RUBELLA
CALAMUS TRINERVIS
CALODENDRON CAPENSE
CROTON AUREO-PUNCTATUS
— CROCUSUS
— EMINENS
— RECURVATUS

DIEFFENBACHIA REGINA
— REX
DRACENA DIANA
— PICTURATA
— PLACIDA
— VENOSA
EPACRIS ONOSMEFLORA FLORE
— PLENG ALBA
— NIVALIS
EUCHARIS SANDERII
HELICIGNA NITENS
LASTREA PROLIFICA
LAVATERA ARBorea VARIEGATA
MASDEVALLIA HARRYANA
— ACANTHIFOLIA

MASDEVALLIA HARRYANA
— CGNCHIFLORA
— REOALIS
PANAX DIFISSUM
— DUMOSUM
— VICTORLE
PHENIX COMPACTA
— HYBRIDA
— INTERMEDIA
POLYCOONUM MULTIFLORUM
POLYSTICHUM POLYBLEPHARUM
SELAGINELLA CANALICULATA
— INVOLVENS VARIEGATA
TACCARUM WARMINGIANUM
TILLANDSIA HIEROGLYPHICA.

NEW PLANTS

Introduced and sent out for the first time in 1884.

ADROMA SINUOSA
ACALPIA OBOVATA
ALOCASIA SANDERIANA
ANTHURIUM INTERMEDIUM
BEGONIA BEDDOMEI (ASSAMICA)
— HYBRIDA COCCINEA
— SCEPTRA
CALAMUS SIKKINENSIS
CALPICARPUM ORNATUM
CHAMLEDOREA POLITA
CHEILANTHES CHLOROPHYLLA
CROTON EXCURRENS
— RUBERIMUS
— SCEPTRE
CUPANIA GRANDIDENS
CYATHEA SPINULOSA
DEYEXIA ELEOANS VARIEGATA
DRACENA CLAUDIA
— MADAGASCARIENSIS
— PLUTUS
ELEOCARPUS GRANDIS
FARADAYA PAPUANA

HEMANTHUS INSIONIS
HIBISCUS CHIRYSANTHUS
HOYA CUMINOIANA
HYMENOSPORUM FLAVUM
IMPATIENS CUSPIDATA
MARANTA ARGENTEA
— GRATIOSA
— MUSAICA
— NITIDA
— POLITA
— SPECIOSA
MARCGRAVIA INDICA
MASDEVALLIA TORTA
MUSSENDA TIEIFERA
PANAX ELEOANS
— FISSUM
PANDANUS DISCOLOR
PHYLLAOATHIS GYMANTHA
PLEROMA MARMORATA
POTHOS FLEXUOSUS
PTYCHOSPERMA SINGAPORENSIS

SARRACENIA ATEINSONIANA
— EXCELLENS
— EXCULTA
— EXORNATA
— FORMOSA
— ILLUSTRATA
— MADDISONIANA
— MITCHELLIANA
— RUBRA ACUMINATA
— SWANIANA
— TOLLIANA
— WILSONIANA
SCHISMATOGLOTTIS DECORA
SCINDAPSUS ARGYREUS
SELAGINELLA AMENA
— COGNATA
— PERVILLEI
SMILAX AURICULATA
SPATHIOGLOTTIS PACIFICA
SPIRE ASTILBOIDES
TREVESIA EMINENS.

NEW PLANTS

Introduced and sent out for the first time in 1885.

ARDISIA PICTA
ARISEMA PIMBRIATUM
BEGONIA ALBO-PICTA
BIGNONIA REGALIS
CAMOENSIA MAXIMA
CLERODENDRON DELECTUM
CRINUM SANDERIANUM
CURCULIGO DENSE

DICHLAEA VAGINATA
DRACENA EXCELLENS
ERYTHRINA VESPERTILIO
GOVENIA DELICIOSA
HELIOTROPIMUM INCANUM
HEMIOGRAPHIS COLORATA
IXGRA EMINENS
— GEMMA

MARANTA CONSPICUA
NEPENTHES RAFFLESIANA
— INSIGNIS
ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM
— INSIGNE
PHILODENDRON NOBILE
PINANGA SANDERIANA
SCHISMATOGLOTTIS SIAMENSIS
STYRAX CALIFORNICA

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ORCHID EXHIBITION.

THE ORCHID EXHIBITION AT

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Establishment

FOR

NEW AND RARE PLANTS,

536, KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.,

WILL OPEN

TO

PATRONS OF THE ESTABLISHMENT

AND

THOSE RECEIVING CARDS OF INVITATION,

TUESDAY, MAY 5th, 1885,

And continue on view every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY,
throughout MAY, JUNE and JULY.

The following are a few short extracts from the Press respecting Last Season's Exhibition:—

"THE TIMES."

"The Annual Exhibition of Orchids of Mr. William Bull, in the King's Road, Chelsea, undoubtedly ranks highest among the Flower Shows of the Season in respect of the exquisite beauty of the flowers and the picturesque effect with which they are arranged, and this year's display is rendered specially notable by the introduction of several new varieties."

"GARDENERS' CHRONICLE."

"We have no hesitation in saying that the Exhibition which Mr. Bull opened on Tuesday eclipses all his previous efforts in the same direction. His show-house is a scene of the greatest Orchidic beauty, baffling description, and we had almost said defying exaggeration. In truth, it is a marvellous display for any Nurseryman to create single-handed, and it speaks volumes for the resources of Mr. Bull's Establishment."

"THE AMERICAN VISITOR."

"It may confidently be declared that Mr. William Bull's Exhibition, in King's Road, Chelsea, offers a sight unparalleled in the World, what Orchids may be under the best conditions as shown by Mr. Bull will be a revelation even to the largest growers. Not he himself could tell, perhaps, how many thousand plants of endless variety in tint, form and habit, are here displayed at their supremest beauty."

"THE GARDEN."

"Once more flower lovers crowd Mr. Bull's Nursery in the King's Road, Chelsea, attracted by the fascinating flower feast annually provided for them there, during the Orchid Flowering Season. Marvellous as these Shows have been in previous years, the present undoubtedly eclipses its predecessors, not only in extent, but also in variety and novelty."

"GARDENER'S MAGAZINE."

"Extensive, comprehensive, rich and tasteful, as have been the several Exhibitions of Orchids previously held by Mr. Bull, at his establishment in the King's Road, Chelsea, they will not for a moment bear comparison with that now being held. It is indeed a truly marvellous Exhibition, and to say that at no time since Orchids have engaged the attention of English Cultivators, has there been such a marvellous display of this important class, is the barest statement of fact."

